THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy Sunday and Monday, probably local thunder showers Sunday night or Monday, west portion.

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WOLRD'S GREATEST BATTLE BEGINS; KAISER IGNORES JAPAN'S DEMANDS

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OPPOSING ARMIES CLASH ON THE NAMUR-CHARLEROI LINE

Germans and Allied Forces at Last Come Together, After Mobilizing Hundreds of Thousands of Troops in Belgium. Battle Line Extends for Over Twenty Miles, While Small Forces Battle in Other Parts.

ALL PREVIOUS FIGHTING PROVES INSIGNIFICANT

An English and a German Cavalry Brigade Meet on Historic Battlefield of Waterloo Yesterday—Servians are Reported Victors Over Austrian Forces—Russia Claims to Have Gained a Victory.

London, August 23. — After nearly three weeks of mobilizing, the battle of giants has begun.

Roughly speaking, the Germans are trying to work around the allies' flanks in Belgium, while the French are attempting to apply the same process to the Germans in Alsace.

Almost all the encounters that have gone before have been mere raconnoissances. The defeat of a regiment here and there has been proclaimed as a great victory, but in this grapple of hundreds of thousands, most of these affairs have had no significance.

Official announcements from both sides have been extremely candid, so far. From the standpoint of the allies, the important feature in Saturday's developments is the great battle which began in the morning, of the Namur-Charleroi line. This is being fought on the position chosen by the allies. A German official statement says that troops under command of the crown prince of Bavaria, fighting between Metz and Vosges, took 1,000 prisoners and 50 guns. It adds that the French troops opposing the Germans comprised eight army corps.

An official British statement explains calmly that nothing resembling a great battle has been fought as yet, and warns the people against optimism.

Reports from the Austrian-Servian boundary says the Servians have won a battle on the Drina, which military experts consider highly probable, as although the Servians have a comparatively small army, it has passed through two years' actual war and there has the advantage of veterans fighting against amateurs.

From the Russian boundary conflicting reports come, both sides claiming successes.

The English papers are warning the people that the war is only beginning, and that they must be prepared for a long struggle, which will tax the resources and manhood of the nation to the utmost limit.

While appreciating all that the colonies have done, they ask colonies with the population of Canada and Australia to contribute much more in men and money to the Empire than they yet have done.

ITALY IS MOBILIZING.

Ministers Have Persuaded King—Announcement in Few Days.

Paris, Aug. 22.—A general mobilization in Italy has been decided upon and will be proclaimed in three or four days, according to a message which the Rome correspondent of Eclair, succeeded in smuggling through to his paper.

The correspondent asserts that King Victor Emmanuel until recently felt obliged to renounce all idea of Italian intervention in the conflict, but was won over by the arguments of his ministers. Minister of Foreign Affairs Antonio di San Guiliano alone of the cabinet held to a contrary opinion.

FOUR SHIPS STRIKE MINES.

British Admiralty Warns Neutral Vessels From North Sea.

London, Aug. 23.—The British official News Bureau makes the following announcement:

"The admiralty draws attention to its previous warning to neutrals of the danger of traversing the North Sea. The Germans are continuing their practice of scattering mines indiscriminately upon the ordinary trade routes.

"These mines do not conform to the conditions of The Hague convention. They do not become harmless after a certain number of hours; they are not laid in connection with any definite military scheme, such as the closing of a military port, or as a distinct operation against a fighting fleet but appear to be scattered on the chance of atching individual British war or merchant vessels.

"In consequence of this policy, neutral ships, whatever their destination, are exposed to the gravest danger. Two Danish vessels, the Maryland and the Broberg, have within the last 24 hours been destroyed by these deadly engines in the North Sea, while traveling on the ordinary trade routes and a considerable distance from the British coast.

In addition to this, two Dutch steamers clearing from Swedish ports, were

(Continued on Page 2.)

DEVELOPMENTS OF LAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS

A great battle between the German and Allied Forces began yesterday morning, according to official announcement given out at Antwerp. The battle line extends from Namur to Charleroi, which lies about twenty miles to the west.

The time limit for the Japanese ultimatum to Germany expired at 10 o'clock last night. No answer has been field through the State Department at Washington and the German legation there has no knowledge of a reply being sent through any other channel.

A dispatch from Ghent to the Reuter Telegraph Company in London says that it is rumored that the Germans are marching towards France by the way of Oudenarde, a town fourteen miles southwest of Ghent.

Theopile Delcasse, former Foreign Minister of France, and Count Witte, ex-Premier of Russia, are in Italy, and it is rumored that they are in conference with the Italian Foreign Minister Marquis San Giuliano.

An artillery attack upon Namur by the Germans is now in progress.

It is announced at London that two steamers, the Maryland, from Copenhagen, and the Danish steamer Brobery, have struck mines in the North Sea and foundered.

The Porte has sent a circular telegram to foreign diplomatic representatives in Constantinople declaring that the Dardanalles are open to commercial trade.

The announcement has been made at Nish, by the Servian government, that the Servian arms have won a great victory at Mount Pzer, and the river Zadar, and claim enormous losses followed the rout of the Austrians. The same statement says the Servian artillery has destroyed three Austrian steamers.

A general mobilization has been decided upon in Italy, and will be announced in two or three days, is the report coming from Rome.

The treasure-laden cruiser Tennessee has anchored in the North Sea, off Denmark. Officials of the American government are carrying the gold into Germany to relieve marooned Americans there.

BODY OF LATE POPE RESTS IN ITS TOMB

One Thousand Persons Witness Ceremony.

SPECIAL INVITATIONS

Ceremony Took Place Just As the Last Rays of Yesterday's Sun Faded From the Heavens—Officially Announce Death.

Rome, August 22.—The entombment of the late Pope Pius X took place this evening at sunset. The great Basilica of St. Peter's was in semi-darkness. A flickering light came from the perpetually-burning tapers about the shrine of the apostles and the candles in the chapel where the catafalque stood.

Those who witnessed the ceremony, numbering about 1,000, came by special invitation and included diplomatic representatives, accredited to the Holy See, (the prelates and members of the Roman aristocracy.

The procession formed in the chapel of the Blessed Sacrament where for hours the body of Pius X lay in state. The chatafalque was surmounted by the triple crown and the body of the Pope was clad in the pontifical robes and surrounded by the emblems of his sacred office. During the course of the day many thousands passed by the bier.

The bier tonight was removed and placed on a low platform on wheels. At the gates of the chapel the archpriest of the Basilica, in violet robes and surrounded by the chapter, joined the procession. First came a jeweled cross held aloft, then the cardinals and high prelates, each carrying a candle. In the center of the procession was the bier, the cortege passing amid the kneeling crowd, while through the vast and silent church was heard the Miserere, sung by the Sistine choir.

Last Resting Place.

The solemn cortege marched into the crypt where the body of Pius X will have its final resting place. Here the roof is low and the miserere had a peculiarly weird and melancholy effect.

The tomb of the late pontiff is on the right at the entrance to the subterannean chapel, close to that of several other popes. At this point several ancient marble tablets were removed to make room for the tomb of Pius, which, while partly within the wall, also projects into the passage.

The body of the Pontiff lies in a cypress wood coffin on which rests a gold cross. This is encased in zinc, and finally in an oak casket. On the casket is the inscription: "Here lies the body of Pius X. Born June 2, 1835; died August 20, 1914."

The coffin was placed within the tomb, while Cardinal Della Volpe recited prayers for the dead, accompaniedby all present kneeling. A monument to Pius X will be erected in the crypt.

The congregation of cardinals met for the second time this morning. Cardinal Della Volpe presided. Among oth-

(Continued on Page 2.)

WAR BULLETINS

Antwerp, via Paris, Aug. 23.—An English and a German cavalry brigade had a sharp fight Saturday on the battlefield at Waterloo.

London, Aug. 23.—A Central News dispatch from Ostend, Belgium, says that 150 Belgian reservists from the United States reached Ostend Saturday night.

London, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Ghent says it is rumored that the Germans are marching toward France by the way of Oudenarde, a town 14 miles southwest of Ghent.

Antwerp, via London, Aug. 23.—A great battle between the Germans and the allied forces began Saturday morning, according to official announcement. The battle line extends from Namur to Charleroi, which lies about 20 miles to the west.

London, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Paris states that Minister of the Interior Melvy, upon leaving a council of the ministers last night, said to the waiting newspapermen: "All I can tell you is that the battle has begun. I know no more."

London, Aug. 23.—A Central News dispatch from Amsterdam says a large detachment of German cavalry suffered virtual annihilation in the suburbs of Malines, Belgium, Friday afternoon. They were n suddenly by a squad of Belgians in motor cars armed with machine guns. Most of the Germans were killed. A hundred surrendered and were made prisoners."

London, Aug. 23.—An official dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Antwerp timed 10:50 o'clock Saturday night, tends to confirm reports that a great battle began yesterday morning between the French and Germans. The dispatch says: "It is believed a great battle commenced this morning between French and German armies between Namur and Charleroi. It is thought that it will last two or three days. Precise details are lacking."

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 23.—The war session of the Canadian parliament closed today. It was the briefest session parliament ever held, having lasted but five days. The two houses voted $50,000,000 for war supplies and increased customs and excise rates on tobacco, liquor, sugar, coffee and canned fruits to provide additional revenue. The government's action in raising and dispating an army for foreign service was approved and legalized.

London, Aug. 23.—The official news bureau announces that two steamers, the Maryland, from Copenhagen, and the Danish steamer Broberg, have struck mines in the North Sea and foundered. They were on the main trade route, 35 miles from shore.

The Maryland struck a mine Friday night. The crew of the Broberg seeing the accident, proceeded to the rescue in launches, but failed to save the crew. On resuming the search Saturday morning the Broberg also struck a mine and foundered, but her crew was rescued and brought to Lowestoft, England.

London, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co., from Ostend say that a battle appears to have taken place since this morning near Charleroi. The greater portion of the German troops, according to this authority have not yet passed the river Dender. The Dender River is to the east of Ghent and Broges.

REFUGEES TELL OF THRILLING SCENES

White Star Liner Reaches New York from England.

PASSENGERS AND MAIL

Many American Women Had to Take Passage in the Steerage to Reach Home—Fifteen Aboard Arrested as Spies.

New York, Aug. 23.—The White Star liner Baltic arrived today from Liverpool and Queenstown with 2,120 passengers and nearly 6,000 sacks of mail.

Seven hundred of the 1,100 steerage passengers were Americans, unable to get accommodations in the first and second class cabins. One of the passengers was Miss Florence Ralph, of Buffalo, who at the outbreak of hostilities was studying music in Berlin. She heard the Emperor deliver the speech in which he said his sword had been forced into his hands by his enemies. As he said it, Miss Ralph declared, he patted the hilt of a heavy sabre hanging at his side and tears came into his eyes. The Germans cheered the Emperor's speech until he told them to go to the churches and pray.

"The day before I left Berlin, the authorities issued orders," said Miss Ralph, "that no parades should be allowed and that any persons found singing patriotic songs would be arrested. The idea, I understood, was that the government wanted to impress upon the people that it was a time to be solemn and not to be overconfident."

Samuel Untermyer, the lawyer, said that American women, who were forced to take passage in the steerage, sat at tables sandwiched among foreigners of the kind usually found in steamship steerages. In the steerage were 15 Americans who had been arrested in Germany and Russia as spies.

Dr. B. Pollock, of San Antonio, Texas, was a steerage passenger. He was in Liege August 1st and 2nd and said the streets were filled with wounded men. Many were sitting with their backs against the sides of houses, nursing their wounds. He said there seemed to be few physicians in the town. He himself dressed the wounds of several men.

The Baltic was convoyed by the British cruiser Essex from the middle of the Atlantic to a short distance outside the three mile limit. All the passengers praised the British government for its efforts to ease hardships of stranded Americans.

Other Liners Arrive.

The Cunard liner Campania and the American Line steamer St. Louis arrived this afternoon filled with returning Americans. The Campania brought 645 cabin passengers. Many passengers were penniless and had only the clothes they wore.

Passengers on the St. Louis included the British ambassador, Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, and the French ambassador, Jules J. Jusserand. In the Irish channel the Campania passed

(Continued on Page 2.)

TIME LIMIT OF JAPANESE ULTIMATUM HAS EXPIRED

No Reply Sent to Far East by Germany Through the United States Government, and German Ambassador at Washington Has No Knowledge of Any Through Other Channels—Time Expired Last Night.

JAPAN TO CARRY OUT HER THREATS TO LETTER

Hostilities in the Far East May Begin at Any Time—England Was Confident That Japan Would Aid Her to Drive Germany From the High Seas, and Break Her Foothold in Vast Chinese Territory.

Washington, August 22.—The time limit for the Japanese ultimatum to Germany, demanding the surrender of Kiao Chow, expired at 10 o'clock tonight, without any answer having been made by the German government through the State Department here.

No notification that a reply had been transmitted through any other channel had been received at the German embassy here at that hour.

As that hour approached, State Department and diplomatic officials here watched for a possible reply from Germany, to be transmitted to Tokio through American channels.

So far as was known, no such message had been forwarded through other channels, and the opinion was general that Germany would ignore Japan's note, leaving the initiative to Japan.

Baron Chinda, Japanese ambassador to the United States, transmitted through the State Department today a message to Mr. Fonikosha, Japanese charge d'affaires at Berlin, ordering him to leave the German capital at 4 A. M. tomorrow, if by that hour he had received no reply from the German government to the ultimatum. The Japanese charge was to leave the interest of Japan in the hands of the American embassy. The next step on the part of the Japanese government it was generally assumed here, would be to attack Kiao Chow.

At the Japanese embassy it was reiterated that Japan would carry out to the letter the terms of her ultimatum.

Interested But Neutral.

The United States, in the role of an interested but neutral spectator, was prepared to transmit any communications from the two governments.

Discussions here today turned on the future of Kiao-Chow as its early surrender or capture seems assured. Japan is expected to redeem its promise to her ally, Great Britain, and to the United States in turn this territory over to China at a reasonably early date.

The discussion has been raised in Tokio as to whether Japan would not be relieved from the execution of this pledge if, through Germany's refusal to meet the terms of the ultimatum, Japan is put to the expense and trouble of taking Kiao-Chow by force. Intimations received in official circles here, however, are that many Japanese statesmen believe the time has come when efforts must be made to regain the confidence of the Chinese people in Japan's intentions. Also it is deemed necessary for the successful development of the larger political plans of Japan in the Far East that she should retain the good will of the United States.

It has been shown that, contrary to common belief, Japanese trade with the United States is more than double in volumn the entire Chino-American commerce. Last year Japan sent into the United States markets goods valued at $91,633,000 and received American goods to the value of $57,741,000 while in the same time Chinese exports to the United State were $39,780,000 and American exports to China $21,826,834.

In view of these considerations it is generally believed here that the Japanese government will follow out its announced programme to the letter and restore Kiao-Chow to China as early as possible.

ENGLAND WAS CONFIDENT.

War Expert Declares She Knew Japan Would Aid Her in Far East.

London, August 22.—"From my fairly intimate knowledge of the Japanese I felt certain that as soon as war broke out they would join in driving the Germans out of Kiao-Chow," said Sir Valentine Chirol, former director of the foreign department of The Times, in a statement tonight.

Sir Valentine is looked upon as an authority whose words carry weight in all the chancellories of Europe.

"The Japanese," he continued, "probably would have done it even if there had been no Anglo-Japanese treaty, and even if the Japanese government had tried to hold back, popular feeling would have insisted. The share which Germany took with Russia and France in compelling the Japanese to evacuate Port Arthur in 1895 after their victories over China, never has been forgotten or forgiven.

"I was in Japan then, and in the course of a conversation Prince Ito, that great statesman, usually reticent and reserved, brought his fist down on the table and exclaimed: 'Germany, we shall never forgive; Russia, looks upon us as a future rival in the Far East. France is, of course, her ally and has important possessions and ancient interests in Eastern Asia;: we always professed such genuine friendship and has not special interests in these regions, to join hands with them and stab us in the back—her intervention was odious and gratuitous.'

Did Germany Urge Russia?

"Moreover, Japan believed, I really think, that Germany instigated Russia. Count Ocuma, the present premier, says in his bood: 'Fifty years of modern Japan,' and I have no doubt it is so.

"Compare, too, the text of Japan's ultimatum to Germany with the text

(Continued on Page Two.)

TRIAL OF ASHEVILLE BANKER ENDS ABRUPTLY

Judge Boyd Orders Verdict of Not Guilty

John H. Carter, Former President of National Bank, Goes Free After Trial Lasting Nearly the Entire Week.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 22.—The trial of John H. Carter, former president of the American National Bank of Asheville, came to an abrupt end this morning when Judge James E. Boyd, presiding at the present term of the United States district court, directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty, when the case was called.

Attorneys for the defense announced that they would introduce no testimony in regard to the case, and moved that the court direct the jury to return a verdict of not guilty on each and every count. The Government's attorneys resisted the motion but after hearing the arguments of the lawyers interested in the hearing, Judge Boyd delivered instructions to the jury to the effect that upon all of the evidence in the case the jury would not be warranted in convicting the defendant.

The close of the case today ends an interesting trial which has been before the district court since the early part of the week. Mr. Carter was president of the local bank several years and it was during the time that he was at the head of the institution that the Government charged that he had violated the United States banking laws.

BODY OF LATE POPE RESTS IN ITS TOMB

(Continued from Page One.)

er matters dealt with was the question of the holding of the conclave for the election of the new Pope.

Two opinions diametrically opposed, were offered. One was that, owing to the perturbed condition of the world, the election must be hastened and that the conclave should begin its work August 31. The other advised delaying the conclave that all the cardinals might reach Rome.

An imposing funeral mass was celebrated at St. Peter's in the chapel facing that in which the body of the late Pope lies in state. The mass was celebrated by Monsignor Ceppetelli, patriarch of Constantinople. This was the first of a series of masses to be celebrated at St. Peter's daily until August 27.

Cardinal Merry Del Val, papal secretary of State, is so grief-stricken over the death of the Pope that he scarcely can attend to his official business. The appreciative praise of him in the Pope's testament has been a great consolation.

Cardinal Della Volpe has instructed commanders of the papal and other armed bodies to guard every corner of the Vatican to prevent any incident which might disturb the work of the cardinals, especially during the conclave.

Monsignor Galli, director of the General Vatican Museums, took a death mask of Pius X today. The congregation of cardinals has decided to issue a special medal commerative of the interregnum. The cardinals also has selected Monsignor Galli to deliver the funeral oration, eulogizing the late Pope, before the sacred college.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Of Death of the Pope is Given Out by Apostolic Delegate.

Washington, August 22.—The Apostolic delegate to the United States, Monsignor Bonzano, has addressed the following letter to the Catholic Hierarchy of the country giving the ocial announcement of the death of Pope Pius X:

"It is with deepest sorrow that I communicate to you the sad news of the death of our glorious pontiff, Pius X. I am sure that the sorrow we feel is shared in by all the clergy and faithful of the United States.

Pius X reigned only eleven years, but the works that he accomplished in this short timeclearly show that it was Divine Providence that it placed in his hands the government of the Universal church.

"His condemnation of the modern methods of attacking the Catholic faith, his defense of the rights of the church against the mighty ones of the earth, his regulations concerning sacred music and the recital of the divine office, the reorganization of the Roman Curia, and the undertaking of the codification of Canon law, the reform of ecclesiastical seminaries and finally the decree regarding frequent communion and the communion of children, are deeds that testify to the eminence of his seal and the nobility of his virtue. These glorious achievements will assure him his place among the most glorious pontiffs of the Church of Christ.

"What adds to his glory is the fact that while he was engaged in these laborous works, he ever preserved his calmness and serenity in spite of the severe trials that afflicted him in so many ways. His paternal love for all nations, especially for America, is known to all. His constant prayer was to see all nations at peace, and it was grief over the sorrows that were inflicted upon his children that brought him to his grave. While Pius X will be known as the Pope of the People and the Uope of the Blessed Eucharist future generations will proclaim him also the Pope of Peace.

"As in grief and sorrow we bow over the grave of this glorious pontiff, let us pay him the worthy homage of our esteem and love by praying for the repose of his beautiful soul. Let us also pray for the speedy accomplishment of his dying wish: the end of war and peace among all nations. Finally, let us not forget to pray that God may give His Church a man according to His heart, a worthy successor of our beloved Pius X.

"JOHN BONZANO,
"Archbishop of Melitene,
"Apostolic Delegate."

London, August 22.—Large numbers of refugees from Belgium arrived in London tonight coming from Ostend. These are mostly Belgians buf among them are a few Americans. They say the general opinion in Ostend today was that the Germans were not coming to the coast.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Ostend received here this evening denied previous reports that the Germans have occupied Ghent.

DEARTH OF COTTON DYE STUFFS IS THREATENED

Simmons Working on Problem of Importation

Tobacco and Naval Stores Placed on Same Basis as Cotton—Lane Stops Senate Machinery—Delegates Are Named.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—One of the questions which is worrying the cotton people besides finding a market for their product is the question of securing dye stuffs for cotton, woolen and silk mills. These dyes are produced in Germany, and this country is almost entirely dependent upon the Germans for the dyes. Senator Simmons, who has been in consultation with the State Department, said today that he expects to get some definite information within the next 24 hours as to how these dyes can be shipped into this country.

Tobacco and Naval Stores.

An amendment to the Smith cotton warehouse bill was adopted today which places tobacco and naval stores on the same basis as cotton. In other words, tobacco, naval stores and cotton stored in government warehouses will be made the basis of currency, should the bill become a law. It has a good chance to pass without further amendment.

Lane Stops Machinery.

A crowbar was thrown into the heretofore evenly working machinery which has been counted on to get money for cotton, when Senator Lane, of Oregon, arose in the Senate and offered an amendment placing canned salmon on the same basis as cotton, tobacco and naval stores. Senator Lane argued his case with so much earnestness that when a vote was taken, those opposed to his amendment had to make a point of no quorum in order to eliminate canned salmon as a currency basis.

Senator Martin said he was tempted to offer an amendment placing "applejack" on a par with cotton and other commodities produced in this country. He thought ample revenue could be raised in this way.

Delegates to Cotton Conference.

Secretary McAdoo has appointed the following North Carolinians to attend the cotton conference to be held in his office Monday: W. B. Drake, Jr., Raleigh; H. C. McQueen, Wilmington; Dr. H. Q. Alexander, Matthews; John W. Cannon, Concord; D. Y. Cooper, Henderson; Stuart W. Cramer, Charlotte; Alexander Sprunt & Sons, Wilmington; C. L. Ives, Newbern; A. A. Thompson, Raleigh; Geo. C. Leach, Aberdeen; W. C. Crosby, Charlotte.

Tenth District Postmasters.

The following postmasters were appointed in the Tenth district today: C. C. Goforth, Union Mills; Samuel Williamson, Attanola; Jesse Ball, Odeza; W. M. Hardy, Regal; A. T. Blankenship, Swayney; Mack Stewart, Bessie; J. E. McCrary, Cedar Mountain; W. S. Alexander, Grimeshaw; E. A. Leach, Dennis; Wm. Reed, Oakland. This makes about 40 appointments made in the Tenth district in the last few days.

Tar Heels in Washington.

These visitors are here: William Ridenhour, wife and children, Greensboro; Misses Beatrice Clifton and Dora Wrede, of Wilmington; R. K. Davenport, J. W. and J. J. Holland and J. N. Springs, of Mount Holly. P. R. A.

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED.

For Cotton Conference in Treasury Department Tomorrow.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Final arrangements were completed today for the conference here Monday on the cotton situation at which representatives of the Government and about 200 business and professional men from all sections of the country will be present. The conference was called primarily to discuss the cotton situation, but representatives from tobacco growing States also will be present and the conditions facing tobacco planters will be brought to the attention of the government.

Among those invited by Secretary McAdoo are:

South Carolina—E. W. Robertson, J. B. Matthews and M. C. Heath, Columbia; Henry Glenn, Anderson; Ellison A. Smythe, Lewis W. Parker and W. E. Beattie, Greenville; John F. Maybank, Henry P. Williams and R. Goodwyn Rhett, Charleston.

OPPOSING ARMIES CLASH ON BORDER

(Continued from Page One.)

blown up yesterday by German mines in the Gulf of Finland.

"In the circumstances the admiralty desires to impress not only on British but on neutral shipping the vital importance of touching at British ports before entering the North Sea, to ascertain the route and channels which the admiralty is keeping swept and along which the dangers are being removed as far as possible.

"The admiralty, while reserving to itself liberty of action against this new form of warfare announces that it has not laid any mines during the present war, and is endeavoring to keep the sea routes open for peaceful commerce."

THE NAVAL SITUATION.

British Embassy at Washington Gives Out Summary of Conditions.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The British embassy tonight made public the following official summary of the naval situation received today from the London foreign office:

"The floating trade of Germany has been brought to a standstill by the operations of British cruisers in different parts of the world. The German fleet is unable to interfere or to set their commerce free, owing to the British main fleet which is cruising in full stredgth and preventing any interference with the cruisers. Already about 7 per cent of the German tonnage is in British hands, another 20 per cent is sheltering in neutral harbors and the remainder either is in German harbors unable to move or endeavoring to find security. British shipping, with the exception of less than 1 per cent, which was in German harbors at the outbreak of war, is actively pursuing its business on all the great commercial routes.

"The German squadron in China has been rendered ineffective by the constant pursuit by the British squadron in the Far East, trade in China, therefore, is unaffected.

"The Austrian squadron in the Adriatic has retired into the Adriatic before the combined Anglo-French fleet, which is so superior that it is able to send strong detachments to any part of the Mediterranean and adjoining seas in which the naval forces may be required.

"Great numbers of sea-faring population of Great Britain are offering themselves for service in the fleet."

SERVIANS ARE VICTORS.

Announcement Made at Nish that Vetterans Are Victors.

Nish, Servia, Aug. 22.—The following announcement concerning the victory of Servian troops over the Austrians was made here today:

"The Servian army has gained a great victory at Mount Pzer and the river Zadar. The enemy retired along the whole front. Our troops pursued them vigorously. The enemy suffered enormous loss; the booty was great.

"Yesterday the Servians continued pursuing the Austrians' left wing toward the Drina and captured two more cannon. The Austrian attacks on the Servians' left wing were repulsed, the enemy retiring, pursued by a Servian artillery fire. On the northern front there is only a feeble bombardment of Belgrade.

"The Servian artillery has destroyed three Austrian steamers and three barges near Stara."

LAST NIGHT'S STATEMENT.

French War Department Speaks Before News of Battle Received.

Paris, Aug. 23.—An official announcement made tonight says:

"The situation in Belgium is unchanged. The German forces are moving westward preceded by clouds of cavalry. There has been skirmishing in the direction of Ghent on the side of the French frontier. On the other side the Belgian army is ready in an entrenched camp at Antwerp.

"In the Wavre region the positions are unmodified. The German movement on Lorraine continuing yesterday stopped today. There has been no German attack against the position known as Grand Counne Nancy.

There has been some fighting in the heights north of Luneville. The German attacks, however, appeared weak. It is certain that if our losses during the last three days have been serious the Germans have been equally so. Today (August 22) it is reported that our troops in Upper Alsace were assured of approaches to Colmar. It is superfluous to insist upon the reports of the series of operations which established the allies' strongly in the Vosges mountains, from Ballon D'Alsace to Donon.

"It should be remarked that the conquest of the Vosges was accomplished with small forces which were increased later at the Ballon D'Alsace. Our forces varied from a battalion of chausseurs to a regiment of infantry. The losses were of the lightest."

FROM LETTERS BACK HOME.

British Papers Publish Extracts of Letters from Soldiers.

London, Aug. 23.—While the movements of the British soldiers on the continent are enveloped in secrecy, the papers publish extracts from letters written by some of them at the front, which throw an interesting side light on the publication. For instance, a sergeant writes:

"The Germans seem to have rushed their worst troops on the firing line in Belgium under the impression that anything was good enough to beat the Belgians."

A private writes: "Our great trouble is to get away from the French villagers who offer us wine. After what Kitchener said, most of us are strict tetotalers and will remain so until the war is over."

ITALY DENIES REPORT.

That Mobilization is in Progress—Will Not Call Parliament.

London, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Stefani Agency from Rome says that a deputation of Socialists waited on Premier Salandra Saturday night and urged him to convoke Parliament to strengthen the hands of the government against tendencies calculated to make it depart from its attitude of neutrality in the war. The deputation hinted in this connection that reports were being circulated that mobilization was imminent.

The premier replied that nothing had happened to justify the summoning of Parliament. He declared the government was firmly resolved to adhere to neutrality and denied reports that mobilization was contemplated.

FRANCE DENIES STATEMENT.

Declares That German Victory No Greater Than Hers Over Germany.

London, August 24.—An official dispatch from Paris says:

"An official German telegram has announced that we suffered a severe reverse in Lorraine August 20 which was transformed August 21 into a route in the course of which we are said to have lost 10,000 men.

"These are ridiculous exaggerations. The German successin Lorraine does not exceed that gained by us in Alsace. The number of guns left by us in the hands of the Germans is certainly inferior to that which we captured in Alsace and the total of our dead, wounded, prisoners and message will certainly be far less than 10,000, the figure given as the number of prisoners alone."

CRUISER CLOSE IN.

People in Delaware Saw Foreign War Vessel Stop Ship on Ocean.

Delaware Breakwater, Del., August 22.—The German steamship Brandenburg, Philadelphia for Bergen, Norway loaded with coal, passed out to sea at 8:30 o'clock tonight.

A vessel reported to be a British cruiser has been lying off Cape Henlopen all day. The vessel was visible from Lewes, Delaware and crowds which lined the board walks of a summer resort near the Delaware Breakwater saw her today stop the Norwegian steamship St. Andrews from Philadelphia for Norfolk. The St. Andrews was detained about 15 minutes and then permitted to proceed. The cruiser paid no attention to the American steamship Columbian which passed out the breakwater at about the same time from Philadelphia for New York.

ENGLAND ADDS HER GOLD

To the Blood That She and Allied Forces Are Spending in Belgium.

London, August 23.—The Paris correspondent of the Reuter Telegraph Company in a dispatch, says:

"A more than favorable impression has been produced here by the dicession of the British government to advance $50,000,000 to Belgium. The Tempts says:

"'England has replied nobly to Germany's brutal action in putting a levy on the city of Brussels and the province of Liege. One more bond thus unites in close collaboration the armies arrayed against German piracy. Belgium, France and England are shedding their blood for the welfare of all. England adds her gold.'"

SWITZERLAND IS MOBILIZED.

But Action Taken Only as a Precautionary Measure, Says Ambassador.

Washington, Aug. 22.—At the Swiss legation here the following statement was made public today:

"The Swiss Federal council has mobilized, from the beginning, the whole military force of Switzerland, the Elite, the Landwehr, and part of the Landstrum, numbering together about 300,000 men. The mobilization is not a result of a menace to Switzerland, but merely a precautionary military measure. The efficient training of the army and careful war preparations enable Switzerland to maintain the inviolability of its territory.

As commander-in-chief of the army, Col. Ulrich Wille was elected, rising to the rank of general. Col. Sprecher von Berneck is chief of staff. Both names are popular and inspire the troops with highest confidence.

"The mobilization was completed quietly and speedily. The frontiers, the Alpine passes as well as the Gotthard and St. Maurice fortifications are strongly guarded. The German railway station at Basel is barred. Railroad traffic between Germany and Basel has ceased. The Swiss-German boundary there is sharply guarded on both sides. Some German patrols which crossed the boundary line were immediately disarmed and interned.

"The financial situation is entirely satisfactory, panic and withdrawals of money from banks and savings institutions having ceased. New bank notes of 20 and of five francs were issued to preserve the metal reserves.

"All foreigners who escaped into Switzerland, are well cared for there. The authorities are assisting the 15,000 stranded Americans by organising special trains to ports of embarkation. The supplies of foodstuffs, principally grain and meat, are satisfactory. In milk and cheese Switzerland possesses a formidable food reserve. The city population and non-mobilized students are helping farmers to harvest the crops."

ORDERED TO LEAVE BELGIUM.

Famous Watering Place Made Scene of Scurrying Englishmen.

London, Aug. 22.—A newspaper correspondent who arrived here tonight from Ostend said it seemed like an ill-timed joke to be told at the Belgian watering place yesterday that the Germans would be there in an hour or two and that all Englishmen must leave. Children were still playing in the sands, and there were many bathers on the beach.

"We boarded the steamer Rapids," this correspondent said. "A prosperous looking Englishman sat next to me. He said: 'The British consul, less than two hours ago, sent me a message in which he said in the King's name I tell you to leave here by afternoon; they are coming.'

"Representatives of the British consulate rushed around Ostend summoning the British to leave. Many of the refugees had no baggage and some were without money.

"Out by the lightship we passed a small steamer flying the Belgian flag. We drew alongside and our skipper megaphoned a warning that the Germans might be in Ostend soon."

GERMANS REPORTED BARBAROUS.

Belgians Declare That They Have Forgotten Meaning of Civilization.

London, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Paris, quotes an officials statement:

"Owing to strategical considerations it has been impossible to co-operate earlier with the Belgian army in the defense of their country, but the engagements which we have undertaken are only the more solemn and our co-operation will be still closer and will be pursued with extreme energy.

"In contrast with the considerate treatment accorded German prisoners, it has been established that the enemy considers asnon-existent both international conventions and the most ancient traditions of right and military order. We are suffering a veritable invasion of barbarians. We wish indeed to remain civilized and will do so till the end, despite this return to savagery on the part of a nation which has pretended to be the arbiter of civilization. But it is impossible to preserve towards our present adversaries the chivalrous generosity which until now has been the rule between soldiers.

"Time for war with gloves on has passed. The enemies with whom we exchanged at Fontenoy courteus words before opening fire have become today our faithful and useful allies. We have before us unbridled savages. We owe to them only the strict observation of the rules of humanity and the laws of war.

"The minister of war has issued strict instructions that German prisoners, officers as well as soldiers, not be treated with the consideration and favor which should be reserved for our own men. Life is assured, naturally, and that is all we owe them."

RUSSIAN EMBASSY'S STATEMENT.

Military Aide at Washington Gives Out Statement in New York.

New York, Aug. 22.—The military attache at the Russian embassy at Washington has issued the following statement through the consulate in New York:

"An engagement has taken place between Russian and German troops near Bilderweitschen in Eastern Prussia. The Russian troops have captured eight field guns, 12 ammunition wagons, two machine guns and many prisoners.

"In fights near Krasnik and Gorodok on the Galician border, the Austrian advance was repulsed, the enemy suffering heavy losses and leaving in the hands of the Russians six officers and 250 men."

Another statement issued at the Russian consulate tonight says:

"In Belgium the German advance is developing slowly.

"On August 18th, after a stubborn fight, the Bavarian army corps were forced to abandon the line between Blamont-Cirey and retire, being followed by the French, who advanced for a considerable distance. The trophies taken by the French during that time were:

"The colors of the 139th German infantry regiment; ten field guns, and 15 motor trucks.

"Along the eastern front of the Germans and in Galicia, the situation remains unchanged."

BRUSSELS WAS SURPRISED.

Belgians Led to Believe Their Army Ever Victors Till Too Late.

London, Aug. 22.—A Reuter correspondent sends the following dispatch from Ghent dated August 20th:

"The Belgian army which up to three days ago held the line, roughly speaking, from Aerschot to Tirlemont, bacnkan fallen has Wavre, eobfshrdcf and Wavre, has fallen back on the line between Antwerp and Maline. It is not likely the Germans will trouble themselves about Antwerp which could resist indefinitely.

"Peasants and townfolk from the Louvain country fleeing into Brussels with their children constitute a burden added to the many which the town has to bear. The refugees presented a pitiful sight as they trailed out of the railway station carrying their possession, their children lugging smaller parcels.

"The news that the Germans were at the gates of the city took most Brussels people by surprise. There had been a great exodus of well-to-do residents the two previous days, but that only proved that there was a scare, not that it was well founded. The censorship allowed nothing positive to be published until the morning of the arrival—Thursday.

On Wednesday night a long communication was published which intimated that the abandonment of Brussels was imminent, but it came too late to enlighten the majority. Even the burgomaster's proclamation this morning merely says the occupation of Brussels is to be feared.

"Up to Wednesday the people were allowed to hear nothing but Belgian successes and it may be doubted whether this was not overdone. The authorities may have been desirous of avoiding a wild stampede from Brussels, but that seems to be no reason for the effort to make the people believe the enemy only had to show himself to be beaten.

"We in Brussels, were in the dark as to German intentions when we learned of the attack of Tirlemont, when it became clear that they meant to come to Brussels."

BREACH OF NEUTRALITY.

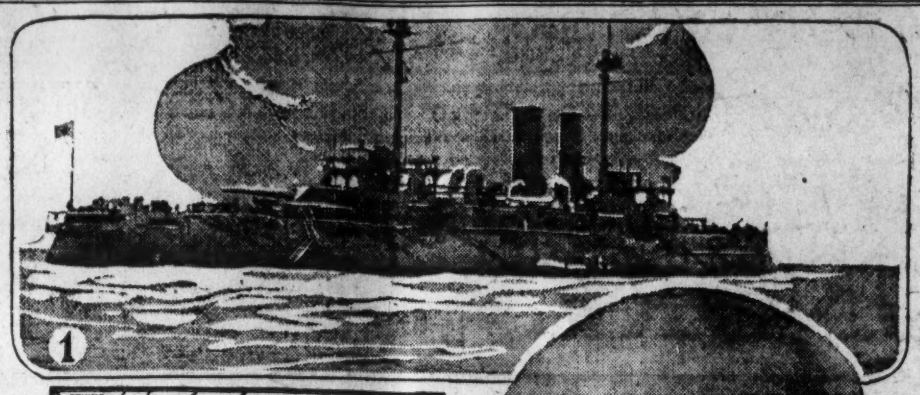
Tramp Steamer Cannot Carry Coal to Cruiser—Protests to America.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The British government will consider it a direct violation of American neutrality if the tramp steamer Maxatlan, denied clearnace at San Francisco, is permitted to sail with coal for the German cruiser Leipzig. Colville Barclay, charge d'affaires of the British embassy here, took the matter up today with the State Department. He was informed that the question was already under consideration by the department and some phases of it before the Department of Justice.

Mr. Barclay said he felt it unnecessary, in view of this, to lodge a formal protest. The British embassy believes the Leipzig is using San Francisco, a neutral port, as a coaling station through the medium of such ships as the Maxatlan and claims it is a direct violation of neutrality as though the Leipzig put into port herself for coal. The Leipzig has coaled once at San Francisco and under neutrality laws may not coal at an American port again for three months.

Constantinople (via Amsterdam and London), August 22.—The Porte has sent a circular telegram to foreign diplomatic representatives here declaring that the Dardanelles are open to commercial vessels.

JAPAN NOW HOPS INTO THE ARENA OF WAR; READY TO DRIVE GERMANY FROM FAR EAST



1-TYPE OF JAPANESE BATTLESHIP
2-MAP SHOWING KIAU CHOW, GERMAN POSSESSION 3-COUNT OKUMA

Count Okuma, Japan's premier, took a leading part in the secret negotiations with England that preceded the Mikado's ultimatum to Germany. Japan acted on the Anglo-Japanese treaty of July 13, 1911, in which the two countries agree to maintain peace in the Far East for mutual protection. Japan demanded that Germany withdraw her battleships from Oriental waters and give up Kiao-Chow, her possession in China. The Mikado is ready to back up his demands with his navy.

TIME LIMIT OF THE JAPANESE ULTIMATUM

(Continued from Page One.)

of the ultimatum addressed by Germany to Japan in 1895. It is clearly a direct paraphrase. The curious expression that 'the Japanese government believes it to be its duty to give advice to the imperial German government,' to withdraw from Kiao-Chow, is borrowed almost textually from the 1895 ultimatum which may be described as advice given to Japan to 'renounce possession' of Liao-Tung peninsula as now proof of sincere friendship.'

"The bitter irony with which Japan, after 19 years now turns the tables on Germany speaks for itself.

"All Japan wants is to eliminate from China the root of German influence and I a mperfectly well aware that any action which would estrange public opinion in the United States is incompatible with the Anglo-Japanese alliance, which was specially revised only three years ago, so as to exclude such possibilities and positive assurances have been given all neutral powers having possessions in the Far East.

"Japan, no doubt, wishes to secure her seat in the council of the powers when the war ends and also to increase her prestige with China. But as far as the people of Japan are concerned it is memories of past injuries rather than dreams of future ambitions, which at present fill their minds."

PREPARING FOR SIEGE.

German Authorities Send Non-combatants Out of Chinese Province.

Peking, China, August 22.—The German authorities of Tsing-Tau have been sending non-combatants from that place, according to advices received here today. German women and children were the last to depart. All have gone with the exception of a few women who remain to act as nurses and some boys over 15 years of age who have volunteered to act as dispatch bearers.

A dispatch received here from Hong-Kong contradicts a recent statement from Shanghai that two German warships had been brought into Hong-Kong in a disabled condition.

It is reliably reported in Peking that the German fleet in Tsing-Tau is intact.

The American consul at Tsing-Tau, Willys R. Peck, has decided to remain through the siege. Washington made it optional with him whether he should go or stay. Several Americans of German descent also are remaining, among them two or three women who will nurse the wounded.

Reliable information received here by telegraph from a point outside the Klao-Chow territory says the German outposts are at the borders of their leased land. The country is mined, and surrounded forests have been cut down.

The Chinese government has been careful to remove almost all Chinese soldiers from the country surrounding Klao-Chow, fearing possible complications with the Japanese.

No British contingent for Tsing-Tau has yet sailed from Tien-Tsin.

REFUGEES TELL OF THRILLING SCENES

(Continued from Page One.)

about 20 submarines which the passengers at first thought to be whales. This morning about forty miles west of Nantucket, a British cruiser passed her. The St. Louis saw the same cruiser.

Both the British and French ambassadors left for Washington at midnight.

"I can't discuss the war or affairs at home," said Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, "but I do wish emphatically to command the actions of Americans in England in their recent distress. There was no panic but it was distinctly irritating for them to find that ship after ship had cancelled its passage."

Mr. Jusserand said there were no diplomatic matters to adjust between the United States and France.

"France intends to fight to the last," he said. "This war has been thrust upon us, for we did everything possible to prevent it."

TENNESSEE OFF DENMARK.

Treasury Craft Anchors in Waters of the North Sea—Relief.

Rotterdam, Aug. 22, via London.—The United States cruiser Tennessee, which has aboard money for Americans in Europe, arrived near the Hook of Holland last night and still is at anchor three miles off shore. Marshal Langhorn, secretary of the American legation, has taken over the funds intended for the marooned Americans.

Assistant Secretary of War Henry S. Breckenridge, who arrived on the Tennessee, proceeded to The Hague, later leaving for Berlin, taking with him funds for Americans stranded there.

Another train bearing Americans who had collected from all parts of Central Europe, arrived at The Hague late today. Owing to the inability of the hotels to provide for all Americans who arrive in Rotterdam, a division of the Red Cross of Netherlands today turned over to their use a hotel equipped with 1,200 beds, which is intended for the possible use of the wounded soldiers. Many Americans are finding quarters in boarding houses and with private families. The only problem is obtaining passage aboard steamships leaving this port.

About 5,000 Americans are in Amsterdam, The Hague, Scheveningen and Rotterdam.

WAR BULLETINS.

Tokio, August 22.—The Chamber of Commerce has announced that Oriental-European sea routes are safe except in the neighborhood of German possessions. The route from Japan to Seattle is declared to be safe, but by way of Honolulu it is advisable to steam to the north and to maintain vigilance. The Japanese government is expected to make an important declaration.

Paris, August 22.—The Servian legation here has brought to the attention of the government a dispatch addressed by the Servian foreign minister at Belgrade to the Spanish minister to Roumania, in which it is declared that the commander-in-chief of the Austrian army ordered his troops to burn crops and villages and kill the peaceable inhabitants of Servia. In the retreat of the Austrians toward the Dryna river they left behind them many killed or disfigured, chiefly old men, women and children.

The Servian foreign minister asked the Spanish minister to inform Austria that Servia would be compelled to take measures of reprisal.

London, August 22.—A dispatch to the Evening News from Rome says it was announced today in the Italian capital that Theoppile Del Casse, former foreign minister of France, and Count Witte, ex-premier of Russia, are in Italy.

Paris, August 22.—The Rome correspondent of the Havas agency telegraphs that Count Witte, former premier of Russia, conferred today with the Italian foreign minister, Marquis San Guiliano.

MRS. KATE MEARES DEAD.

One of Wilmington's Most Highly Respected Women Died This Morning.

Hundreds of friends in Wilmington and throughout the State will be grieved to learn of the death of Mrs. Kate deRosset Meares, one of Wilmington's oldest and most highly respected women, who died at 2:20 o'clock this morning at her home, No. 16 North Fifth street. She was in the 35th year of her age and had been ill for the past four years.

Surviving her are one brother, Rev. Frederick deDosset, of Charleston, S. C., and three sons, Rev. Armand de-Rosset Meares, of Baltimore, and Messrs. R. A. Meares, of Ridgeway, S. C., and L. H. Meares, of Florence, S. C.

They are expected to arrive in the city today and the funeral arrangement will then be made.

PROTESTS AGAINST ENGLAND'S CENSORSHIP.

New York, August 22.—The Associated Press has received the following message through the German embassy:

"Berlin, August 22.

"The Associated Press, New York.

"Germany is completely cut off from the rest of the world and neither can send out news nor receive it. The Empire therefore, is unable to defend itself against the falsehoods propagated by the press of hostile countries. It only can defend itself by its deeds. The German people will be profoundly grateful for every effort to disseminate the real truth.

"Von Bethmann Hollweg,
"Imperial German Chancellor."

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Charleston, S. C., until 12 o'clock m., September 7, 1914, and then opened for furnishing metal work complete, in accordance with plans and specifications, for light structures for Ft. Sumpter Range Front, and St. Andrews Sound. Blank proposals and particulars may be obtained by addressing the Lighthouse Inspector, Charleston, S. C.

JUDGMENTS FOR SALE.

I am authorized to sell at considerable discount judgments aggregating $173 against Germania Manufacturing Company, of Wilmington, N. C., favor E. H. Fuhr and W. B. Grice.

J. FELTON HEAD,
Attorney.

HAPPENINGS OF A WEEK IN ROBESON'S CAPITAL

Teachers' Institute Has Been Great Success.

First Bale of New Cotton Brought to Market But Not Sold—Prospect for Heavy Yield. County Fair.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., August 22.—The second primary for Recorder and register of deeds was held today and passed off quietly, so far as heard from.

E. M. Britt has a majority of 284 over A. P. Caldwell for Recorder of Lumberton district.

J. W. Floyd has a majority of 107 over Lester Townsend for register of deeds, with two small townships to hear from.

Whiskey was shy.

Beginning September 1 Furgeson-Gragg will make some changes in their studio, Miss Furgeson having rented the building individually will have no partner.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., August 22.—The Robeson County Teachers' Institute which has been in session here this week, has been a great success. The attendance has been the largest of any such meetings yet held here. There have been more than 100 white teachers present during the institute, while there have been more than 75 colored teachers. The institute has been conducted by Prof. R. E. Sentelle, of the Lumberton graded school; Professor Pusey, of the Raleigh graded schools, and Miss Moses, of the Durham graded schools. The institute will continue through next week. That much real good work is being done, there is no doubt.

Rev. Chas. L. Greaves, pastor of the First Baptist church, who has been spending his vacation with his family at Ridgecrest, will return next Wednesday night and occupy his pulpit next Sunday. His family will spend a few days visiting relatives in Chatham county and will join him here about September 1.

The Robeson Baptist Union will meet with the Rennert church on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, August 28-30.

First Bale New Cotton.

The first bale of new cotton reported thus far in Robeson, was brought in Wednesday by Mr. C. H. Odum, of McDonald. Ten cents was all that was offered and Mr. Odum showed that there was nothing doing at that price as he stored it away to await better prices.

Mrs. L. C. Townsend and children and sister, Miss Emily Woodward, returned from Morganton this week, where they had been visiting relatives

Mr. G. B. McLeod and family left Thursday to spend some time at Virginia Beach.

Second Primary.

As this is being written the second primary is being held to select a Recorder for the Lumberton district, composed of nine townships, and a register of deeds for the county. That the primary will be different from the last there is no doubt. Good order will prevail. The Star man wants to be understood—the order at the last primary, where the election was being held, was as good as he ever saw, but outside, away from the court house, he stands by his former assertions as to the great quantity of liquor that was used, regardless of what others may think or say about it. The Robesonian of Thursday put the situation as it was. At 10 o'clock a heavy vote is being polled.

The writer regrets exceedingly to report the continued illness of Mr. F. J. Thomas, agent of the Southern Express Company, and his many friends hope to see him at his desk again in a few days.

The name of Joe Redmond has been mentioned in connection with the Recordership in the Lumberton district on the Republican ticket. When The Star man asked Mr. Redmond about the report, he said he had been approached about the matter and that his answer was he would consider it. He could hold court with dignity whether he knows law or not.

Mr. H. C. Rodgers, who came here from Raleigh about three years ago, since which time he has been in charge of the plumbing department of the McAllister Hardware Company, has purchased the plumbing business of the firm and in the future will conduct the business on his own account. Mr. Rodgers is an expert in the business.

Many townspeople have been attending the sales which have been going on at night at Boylin's jewelry store this week. Mr. Boylin is selling out, he says, to retire from business, and many great bargains have been secured.

Mary Pickford, the celebrated moving picture favorite, will be seen at the Pastime Theatre next Thursday afternoon and evening in "Hearts Adrift," one of the Famous Players Company's best five-reel features.

Messrs. R. D. Caldwell & Son are exchanging their hardware and grocery stores in order to make more room for their steadily-increasing hardware business. The grocery store room is twice as large as that of the hardware, and hence the change.

Heavy Cotton Crop in Prospect.

The past week has been ideal weather for all kinds of crops, and, if things are not misrepresented, Robeson will have a heavy crop of cotton after all. One gentleman told the writer this morning that he had plenty of cotton with more than 100 bolls to the stalk.

Dr. Thompson, of Morven, has been spending the week here with his sister, Mrs. L. C. Townsend.

Mr. Frank Gough, who was called to Winston two or three days ago on account of the illness of a sister, returned home last night.

Wheeler Bros.' circus is booked for Lumberton September 26 Sparks' circus October 3, Mighty Haag October 17 and Kit Carson Wild West Show October 29. All these shows are about 10 cars in size. Mayor White declares no tent show will exhibit in Lumberton this season if he can prevent it, and one of the shows has already arranged for a lot outside of town. The billposter has been instructed to allow no paper to go up until all licenses have been arranged. It is understood that means that State, county and parade taxes must be paid. The merchants say this is no time for circuses.

Your correspondent saw a Pullman car going by here one day this week loaded with people all the way from Memphis to Wilmington, going through without change.

Some fellow here in Lumberton ran clear out of lies this week and manufactured one out of the ordinary, as it had no bearing on the present political situation. The poor fellow went telling that The Star correspondent was a Republican. The writer has been voting 34 years and if he ever voted anything but the straight Democratic ticket, he doesn't know it. Poor fellow! But wasn't he hard up?

W. S. W.

PENDER TEACHERS HEAR DR. STILES AT BURGAW.

He and Prof. Newbold at Institute—News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., Aug. 22.—The Pender county teachers' institute came to a close yesterday after a two weeks' session. The features of the closing day were an address by Dr. C. W. Stiles, of Wilmington, and one by Prof. N. C. Newbold, of the State Department of Education, Raleigh. These addresses were very much enjoyed by those present, as they were not only entertaining but instructive and inspiring.

It is a pity that more people do not turn out on such occasions as this in order to get the benefit of scientific information. This has been one of the best institutes ever held here, with the largest attendance. Prof. Smith, who conducted it, and Miss Land, who assisted, both have rendered good service, and the teachers will be better qualified to teach than they have been heretofore.

It is reported that the Farmers' Union will build a warehouse here to store cotton, in time for this season, and it looks like it will be needed, as the price is not likely to be satisfactory.

A few Pender farmers went into tobacco this year for the first time, and while they have made good crops and have succeeded in curing it all right, they do not know now whether it is going to turn out to be a good thing for them or not, on account of the war.

There was an Odd Fellows' picnic at Six Forks Thursday, at which there was a good crowd, and, of course, the usual good dinner. Dancing was indulged in by the young folks, which was continued at night at Smith's Bridge in the pavilion there called "Lumina."

MOTHER PAYS THE COSTS.

Had Young Man Arrested for Kidnaping Her Daughter.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Aug. 22.—Last Sunday Miss Sudie May Nolley and Mr. Wilbert Stroud, of Wilson, went to Rocky Mount. It seems that Mrs. Nolley, the mother of the young woman, opposed the trip and when Miss Nolley did not return Monday the mother became uneasy and looked up Mr. Stroud. To further tease the mother, Mr. Stroud told her that he had secured a license and that he and Miss Nolley were married at Nashville.

From the further story Miss Nolley appears to have remained in Rocky Mount for a visit and when she did not return, Mrs. Nolley had Mr. Stroud arrested on a charge of kidnaping and a policeman went to Rocky Mount after the girl. The case was tried in the mayor's court, Stroud was released and the cost charged against the mother, Mrs. Nolley. Stroud is employed here and bears a good name and Mrs. Nolley and her daughter live on Green street and have good reputations.

RAILROAD OFFERS SITE

For Cotton Storage Warehouse at Wilson—Norfolk Southern.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., August 22.—The Norfolk Southern Railway has offered the cotton storage warehouse committee a site for the warehouse, on the right-of-way of the railway. The committee is giving the matter consideration. The soliciting committees report an enthusiastic response to the canvass for funds to erect the warehouse.

TEACHERS FOR COUNTY FAIR.

Adopt Resolutions Looking to Annual Event for Robeson Schools.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., August 22.—We say it heartily that the Robeson County Teachers' Institute being held by Superintendent of Public Instruction J. R. Poole and conducted by Prof. E. D. Pusey and Miss Mildred Moses, assisted by Prof. R. E. Sentelle, superintendent of the Lumberton graded schools, is the best ever.

Professor Pusey is a master at the helm of educational thoroughness and Miss Moses is the easiest, gentlest and most painstaking instructor in phonics and primary work in general we ever saw.

Wednesday morning Professor Sentelle, who himself is a prince among teachers, discussed the "Exhibition of School Work." It was clearly evident that the time had come for the institute to put itself on record as favoring a county fair, and at once a committee was appointed to draft resolutions to that end.

Friday morning Professor Poole made a nice speech showing his hearty approval of the teachers' desire for a county fair and said at the proper time he would lay some definite plans for a county commencement, as well. Prof. H. L. Edens, chairman of the committee, read the resolutions, which were drafted by the committee composed of himself, Miss Mamie Lee Avent, Miss Berta McNeill, Prof. F. F. Thompson and Prof. C. A. McArthur. The resolutions were adopted by the 112 teachers present and are as follows:

"Whereas, Robeson is one of the leading counties of North Carolina in fertility of soil and area, containing a large population which is rapidly developing her commercial, agricultural, manufacturing and educational resources, and,

"Whereas, We, the teachers of the Robeson County Teachers' Institute, wish to place ourselves on record as favoring a more rapid development of all the resources of our county, and believing that this end might be achieved more readily by all the people meeting once a year at a stated time and place to exhibit the products of the year's work, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we recommend to our county superintendent, county board of education, county commissioners and others interested in our development that they take steps to organize a county fair.

"Resolved, That we, the teachers of this institute, pledge ourselves collectively and individually, to actively co-operate with those in authority to create a favorable public sentiment for such an institution."

(Rev.) J. M. FLEMING.

Lumina Concerts Today.

Popular concert afternoon 3:30. Special concert 8:30. Programme includes selections from "Bohemian Girl," "Folk Songs," "Sympathy," etc.—Advertisement.

NEWS OF A DAY FROM THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Executive Committee to Meet Weekly in Raleigh

Until Affairs of Currency Association Are in Thorough Working Order —New Building for Parcel Post Terminal.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., August 22.—The construction work on a special building close by the union passenger station for a parcel post terminal is under way and it is to be ready for occupancy by the government by October 1. The building is being erected by Dr. J. R. Rogers and W. B. Blake and is to be leased by the United States Postoffice Department.

To Meet Every Week.

The executive committee of the North Carolina National Currency Association has decided to meet every week in Raleigh now until the affairs of the association are in thorough working order and the rush of examining and passing on securities from various member banks for issuance of additional bank notes has somewhat abated. Under the new Federal regulations the member banks have the right to issue 125 per cent. of capital and unimpaired surplus in cases where the securities back of the issue are approved by the executive committee and then pass the Federal Board at Washington.

Two New Corporations.

Charters were issued today for two new mercantile corporations as follows:

The Brinkley-Hicks Company, of Henderson, capital $15,000 authorized and $1,500 subscribed by L. C. Brinkley, C. H. Hicks and J. S. Evans.

The Pettigrew & King Store Company, of Burlington, capital $50,000 authorized and $6,000 subscribed by J. A. Pettigrew, E. M. King and Jennie M. Pettigrew.

Back From Europe.

Midshipman Carlyle Craig, son of Governor Craig, arrived here today for a month's leave of absence from his ship, the Illinois. He is just back from a cruise in European waters that included Gibraltar, Naples, the South African coast, Rome and London.

Nash Man Pardoned.

Governor Craig has granted a pardon to Arthur Bissett, Nash county, who has served since April on a twelve months' sentence for attempted arson. The pardon is conditioned on good behavior and is on account of uncertainty that seems to exist as to the real guilt of the prisoner. Court officers and others recommend the pardon.

Situation in Tenth District.

Commissioner of Labor and Printing M. L. Shipman, who, as chairman of the executive committee, has led a number of successful engagements in the 10th Congressional district, expresses confidence of Democratic victory in the approaching election. Referring to the candidacy of Mr. J. J. Britt against Congressman Gudger, Mr. Shipman said:

"I was rather surprised that the Hendersonville convention nominated Mr. J. J. Britt for Congress, following so soon upon Mr. Britt's statement that he would not be a candidate, as well as in view of the fact that Mr. Britt's faction of the Republican party polled so few votes two years ago. The Republicans have nominated the best man they had, and one of the cleanest men within their ranks. But in this he has no advantage over Congressman Gudger, whose conduct in private life has been one of his chief assets. But at that the Republicans have made a mistake in nominating Mr. Britt, in our district, at any rate, where the wing of the party represented by him is sadly in the minority and where the majority wing—the Progressives—feel so keenly their disappointment of two years ago. The Roosevelt Republicans have not so soon forgotten the steal at Chicago, which deprived their favorite of the Republican nomination for the Presidency and foisted upon the party a man who was only able to carry two States in the general election. Mr. Britt approved that deal by supporting Mr. Taft. Although the leaders may loudly proclaim a get-together spirit, the rank and file of the Roosevelt adherents are not likely to follow in the wake of those who participated in, or approved the piece of thievery perpetrated by the Republican convention at Chicago. A vote for Mr. Britt this year is equivalent to an endorsement of the 'forced' nomination of President Taft in 1912, and mighty few Republicans in the 10th district were willing to stand for it at that time. In the 13 counties comprising the district President Taft received only 3,967 votes, while Col. Roosevelt, who repudiated the old party convention which declared Mr. Taft the nominee, and accepted the call to the leadership of a new and personally constructed progressive party, polled 10,405, or 6,538 more than his Republican opponent. Of the 13 counties President Taft led in two and Col. Roosevelt in eleven. There is little evidence of a change now in the sentiment then existing in the ranks of the two factions of the opposition and small prospects of a Taftite swinging the 10,000 Roosevelt followers back into line.

"Had a Roosevelt Republican, or Progressive, been nominated by the Hendersonville convention, he would poll a much larger vote than Mr. Britt can hope to receive. It is a reasonably safe guess that those who idolize the 'immaculate' Theodore will refuse to meekly subscribe to the doctrines promulgated by an apostle of the old Taft machine. They burned the bridges behind them in breaking away from old environments two years ago, and, 'having put their hands to the plow, they will not turn back'—in sufficient numbers to elect Mr. Britt. Congressman Gudger carried the district two years ago by a majority of 1,946. For the Republicans to overcome this adverse majority would necessitate a change of 974 votes and Mr. Britt is leading a hopeless cause."

Grady Lane Electrocuted.

Grady Lane, colored, of Moore county, paid the death penalty in the State's prison Friday morning at 10 o'clock for the murder of Frank McCain, negro railroad porter, at Aberdeen about a year ago. The negro was escorted quietly to the chair and was pronounced dead by Dr. J. R. Rogers within four minutes after the 1,800 voltage of current was turned on by Warden Sales. Lane killed McCain after the two had been gambling in a swamp close by the Aberdeen station. It appeared that robbery was the main object in the killing.

Still Hope to Get "Wells."

The Raleigh police are still hopeful of capturing "Charles S. Wells, of Baltimore," to answer the charge of passing bogus checks on a number of Raleigh business men early in the week with the aid of a woman passing for his wife, but who, now under arrest, says she is Lena Smith, of Petersburg. The case of the woman was set for trial Friday morning, but it was decided to leave the case open until Tuesday by which time the officers believe they will have gotten up with Wells.

Continuance to next Tuesday is also ordered in the case of Hubert Blake, of Raleigh, whom the woman charges with having frightened her into doing his bidding at Selma by claiming he was an officer and showing her what seemed to be an officer's badge. The charge against Blake is that of assault on the woman, the warrant having been issued on her statement. Blake denies the charge and has given bond pending trial. He claims to have only met the woman on the train after she and Wells had fled from Raleigh to escape arrest.

Raleigh Junior Order United American Mechanics and their friends are delighted at the honor that came to W. A. Cooper, of this city, in the annual session of the State Council in Durham, when he was chosen State vice councilor. Mr. Cooper is a public spirited business man and enthusiastic Junior Order man and his friends are confident that he will ere long come into the office of State Councilor, the highest office in the gift of the order in this State.

Two pairs of glasses are a bother when one pair is all that is needed. Toric Kryptoks solve the question. Let us show them to you. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. (advertisement.)

Lumina Concerts Today.

Popular concert afternoon 3:30. Special concert 8:30. Programme includes selections from "Bohemian Girl," "Folk Songs," "Sympathy," etc.—Advertisement.

IN BLADEN AND SAMPSON.

Notes on Trip Taken by Southport Citizen—Revival.

Southport, N. C., Aug. 19.—I returned a few days ago from a very delightful trip in Bladen county, and was the guest of a brother-in-law, Dan Leonard, of Ivanhoe, and a niece, Mrs. Fred Newton, of Kerr, N. C., and a more pleasant visit I could not have had, for every member of both families did all possible for my comfort and pleasure, and the brother-in-law placed at my disposal a lovely horse and buggy, which was greatly enjoyed.

In the midst of this unprecedented pleasure, in visiting the people, and seeing the crops, which has always been enjoyed by me, I ran in with a grand meeting at Mt. Zion Baptist church, in that elegant community, commencing on Sunday, with preaching and Children's Day exercises, which were grandly rendered, and showing much talent in the community, which was all home production, and would have placed credit upon any city church; and again showing the training to be by those who had natural and cultivated talent in that line, and who took much interest in the children and the welfare of the community from a temporal and spiritual standpoint.

As is always the custom of the good people of the country on such occasions, at the close of the morning service, a grand spread was given, which again added to the pleasure, comfort and happiness of the day, for hundreds were bountifully fed, and many more could have been, and when the fragments were gathered by the ladies, many were the baskets full.

The service continued for a number of days, and a glorious revival of religion followed, which resulted in the conversion of eight of the young people of the community and section, and the church and section being planted on higher ground in the work of the Master, with grand prospects of brighter days in Mt. Zion church, and through its influence a glorious spreading of the Kingdom of our Lord. Two young Baptist preachers, twin brothers, who could with difficulty be told apart, of Harrel's Store, Romulous and Remus Hall, on vacation from Wake Forest College, did the preaching, which was sound to the core, very effectual and heart-stirring, greatly enjoyed, and will long be remembered in that section, and will bring a rich harvest when time shall be no more.

These young, good looking, zealous and talented preachers are educating themselves, I am told frrom good authority, and will return to Wake Forest College in September to the better prepare themselves for the promulgation of the glorious gospel, and the writer looks for them at no distant day to be among the prominent ministers of this country, and to fill the pulpits of any section, and trusts they may find it to their interest to locate in dear Old North Carolina, where such talent in the Sacred Desk is needed and appreciated.

R. M. WESCOTT.

WARSAW WANTS TOBACCO.

Another Automobile Tour of Advertising Market—Farmers Encouraged.

Warsaw, N. C., Aug. 22.—The second automobile trip to be given by the chamber of commerce, the Warsaw tobacco board of trade, and carrying the leading business men of the town, left here this morning promptly at 8:30 o'clock on a tour of 30 miles, covering the northeastern part of the county, in an endeavor to advertise the Warsaw tobacco market, and to interest the farmers in bringing their tobacco to this market, and to purchase their supplies from the merchants of this town.

The procession consisted of 15 automobiles, and carried about 40 of the leading merchants, bankers, tobacco men and professional men. The automobiles were decorated with flags, bunting, etc., and bore advertisements of the tobacco market, while the passengers carried banners advertising the banks, mercantile houses, and other businesses of the town.

Prominent speakers spoke to crowds of the farmers at the various stops, picnics were held at some of the places, a brass band also helped to interest the crowds in the scheme, and the tourists returned to town late in the afternoon feeling that one of the greatest plans for advertising the tobacco market and the town in general that had ever been attempted in this county had resulted in an immense success for the enterprise.

The report that the Imperial Tobacco Company had resumed buying again, and the report by the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., that they thought that the danger of the financial situation in regard to the tobacco crop had passed its worst stage did much to encourage the farmers.

A picnic was held at Alvin today, which was attended by a very large number of farmers, and a most enjoyable time was had by all present. Another one was held at Sarecta, Hon. George E. Hood, of Goldsboro, Congressional nominee of this district, spoke at this place, as did several of the county candidates. Music was also in abundance and an interesting time as well as an enjoyable one was had there.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 1, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. • 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. •12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ! 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ! 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. • 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. • 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. • 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford, commencing June 15. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. • 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. ! 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. !12:50 P.M.
No. 57. • 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58. • 9:55 A.M.
No. 55. • 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. •12:50 P.M.
No. 59. • 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. •10:15 A.M.
No. 42. • 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. •10:00 A.M.
No. 68. b7:30 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 69. b 10:15 A.M.

• Daily. ! D Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from— WILMINGTON

NEW YORK ... $26.00
PHILALELPHIA ... 22.80
BALTIMORE ... 18.00
WASHINGTON ... 16.00
On sale Daily until September 30, limited returning October 31.

RALEIGH, N. C. ... $4.20
On sale August 17, 18, 23, 24, 25 and 26, limited returning August 29.

COLUMBIA, S. C. ... $2.50
On sale for special train leaving Wilmington 7.00 A. M., August 25, limited returning on special train leaving Columbia 8.00 P. M., August 26.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. ... $26.75
On sale August 25 and 26, limited returning September 2.

DETROIT, MICH. ... $29.75
On sale August 27, 28, 29 and 30, limited returning September 15.

LOUISVILLE, KY. ... $30.55
On ale August 28, 29 and 30; limited returning September 8.

PHILADELPHIA, PA ... $18.00
On sale September 5, 6 and 7, limited returning September 18.

RICHMOND, VA ... $10.70
On sale September 6 and 7, limited returning September 16.

BALTIMORE, MD. ... $14.05
On sale September 5, 8 and 10, limited returning September 19.

BOSTON, MASS. (All Rail) ... $30.80
Via New York and Steamer ... $29.60
On sale September 11, 12 and 13, limited returning September 24.

DALLAS, TEX. ... $40.75
On ale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.

RICHMOND, VA. ... $8.10
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 20.

ATLANTA, GA. ... $13.85
On sale October 4, 5 and 6, limited returning October 17.
On sale October 18 and 14, limited returning October 24.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. ... $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

ATLANTA, GA. ... $13.85
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning November 23.

Summer Excursion Tickets are on sale to Many Mountain, Lake, Seashore and Pleasure Resorts.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SUMMER SCHEDULE
STEAMER WILMINGTON
—to—
CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT
Effective Tuesday, June 2nd, 1914.
Daily Schedule:
To Carolina Beach, 9 A. M. and 2:45 P. M.
To Southport, 9 A. M.
Sunday Schedule:
To Carolina Beach, 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.
To Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Returning 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Special Notice Will Be Given of Extra Excursion Schedule.
Fare, Round Trip, to Carolina Beach, 25c.
NEW HANOVER TRANSIT CO.
Jos. J. Loughlin, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. B. Fox, Agent.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"The Progressive Railway of the South."

Bulletin of Special Rates in Effect Daily

Limited returning to October 31st.
WASHINGTON ... $16.00
BALTIMORE ... 18.00
PHILADELPHIA ... 22.80
NEW YORK ... $26.00
Summer Excursion fares are on sale to all Principal Mountain and Seashore Resorts.

CHIMNEY ROCK, N. C. ... $7.50
On sale August 22nd, limited returning August 31st.

RALEIGH, N. C. ... $4.20
On sale August 23, 24, 25, 26, limited returning August 29th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. ... $35.60
On ale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

DETROIT, MICH ... $29.75
On sale August 27, 28 and 29, limited returning September 15.

LOUISVILLE, KY. ... $30.55
On sale August 28, 29 and 30, limited returning September 8.

BALTIMORE, MD. ... $14.05
On sale September 5, 8 and 10, limited returning September 19.

DALLAS, TEX. ... $40.75
On sale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. ... $18.00
On sale September 5, 6 and 7, limited returning September 18.

RICHMOND, VA. ... $10.70
On sale September 6 and 7, limited returning September 16.

BOSTON, MASS. (all rail) ... $30.80
Via New York and Steamer ... $29.60
On sale September 11, 12 and 13, limited returning September 24.

RICHMOND, VA. ... $8.10
On sale October 10, 11, 12, limited returning October 20th.

ATLANTA, GA. ... $13.85
On sale October 4, 5, 6, limited returning October 17th.

ATLANTA, GA. ... $13.85
On sale October 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. ... $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South.

LOW ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST TICKETS NOW ON SALE TO

"Land of the Sky"

Asheville, Waynesville, Toxaway, Hendersonville, Brevard, Hot Springs. And All Other Western North Carolina Points.

Spend your vacation in the Cool Mountains of Western North Carolina.

Week-end and Sunday Excursion round trip tickets on sale to Morehead City, Beaufort, Wrightsville, Wilmington, and various other Summer Resorts.

For illustrated booklets, complete detailed information, ask your agent, or communicate with

O. F. YORK, Traveling Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

TO THE BEACH

Suburban Schedule

In Effect Saturday, June 6, 1914

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
6:25 A. M.	6:05 A. M.
6:55 A. M.	7:10 A. M.
7:25 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
8:00 A. M.	8:15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5:30 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
6:10 P.M.	6:25 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	6:50 P.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M.; and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P.M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington 11:00 A. M. Lv. Beach 12:15 P. M.
Freight Depot Open: 10 to 11 A.M.

Telephone 667 for information about train movements and matters connected with Railway department.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations, Parlor car for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and all points North and South, at Hamlet.

No. 23—5:00 P. M.—Through Pullman Sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta. Through train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg and Hamlet, connecting with all trains North and South, at Hamlet.

No. 39—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Navahoe, Friday, August 7.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, August 14

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Navahoe, Monday, Aug. 10.
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Aug. 17

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Navahoe, Saturday, Aug. 15
Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Aug. 22

Both Steamers Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.

Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. ROSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

Big Excursion From Wilmington and Intermediate Points

—TO—

COLUMBIA, S. C.

VIA THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 25TH, RETURNING WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26TH AT 8:00 P. M. Train will leave here at 7:00 A. M.

Round Trip Only $2.50

Separate cars will be provided for white and colored passengers.

This excursion offers a splendid opportunity to visit Columbia at a most delightful period.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
T. H. KNIGHT Advertising Distributor.
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

For MILCH COWS:

Wheat Bran; Wheat Middlings; Corn Chops; Cotton Seed Meal; Cotton Seed Hulls.

A prepared feed for Cows, all this needs is energy enough to put it in reach of the Cow, she will do the rest.

For HORSES and MULES:

Whole Corn; Cracked Corn; Several grades of Oats; No. 1 Timothy Hay; Dan Patch Molasses Feed, none better. International Feed, a little cheaper, But—Jewel Feed.

All at prices that will satisfy the Purchaser.

A few bags of Rye.

Jos. H. Watters

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the city at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months; $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 23, 1914.

Hooh der good times ahead for this part of the world.

One of the bad signs in this country is bigotry with a big B.

Strange ships are passing—perhaps ocean phantoms instead of ocean greyhounds.

The world even shudders at the thought of receiving news from Europe.

What is our strategic movement to be in the fight to make a greater Wilmington?

A man should so steer himself as to keep out of trouble and do his best to keep from getting in the soup.

Most everybody has an idea that the European war is because of differences between a War Lord and a Sea Lord.

Those who have been under the impression that war is an aid to prosperity have another think coming to them now.

Some people go around hunting trouble, while others have to hide to keep folks from bringing all their troubles to them.

Another reason why the Mexicans should not start anything else is that they should refrain from being the pikers of world belligerency.

"Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war." If President Wilson can bring about peace between the warring nations of Europe, he will be a greater hero than the most eminent military genius of the momentous conflict.

The day turned into darkness in Europe on Friday last. There was a total eclipse of the Sun from Norway to India and in that part of the world east of the great battle line of Europe. However, the eclipse was staged long before the war.

There are times when a man ought to know when not to wade in and face defeat. The Hon. Little Joe Brown, of George, good man as he is, might have known that some other time than now was a better time to try to reach the United States Senate.

Uncle Sam is getting in a notion of buying up a few of the merchant ships of the European nations now engaged in war. He might buy a peck of trouble along with some of the ships, but it is supposed that he will consult a lawyer who is well posted on international law.

The war in Europe has thrown thousands of cigar makers out of employment in Havana. The phosphate mines of Florida have closed and nearly all the men engaged in the industry are out of a job. A newspaper published in the phosphate region has suspended because it depended upon the phosphate industry for support.

A book which would illustrate tommy rot, punk and twaddle might be made up of some of the jingo ideas and speeches hurled at President Wilson while he was working off on them a fine article of "watchful waiting." How fortunate it was for the people of America that Wilson's wisdom was in the balance against the vaporings of the blatant opposition while he was endeavoring to restore peace to Mexico for all the Mexicans and for us as well.

Colonel Roosevelt has the advantage of all other aspirants for the Presidency because he does not hesitate to go on organizing his forces and aiming at establishing a protectorate over the G. O. P. The G. O. P. shows signs of standing hitched and waiting for the word from Oyster Bay. There seems to be no organizing genius in that party to cope with the activity and agitatory and propagandistory strategy of the discoverer of the River of Doubt. What he wants to do now is to discover a way to get the Republican party into a sea of trouble.

NO GLOOM FOR US.

There is no rude alarm of war in North Carolina. There is no mighty tread of vast armies, and no mad rush of battling hosts. There is no roar of cannon like the terrifying concert of the angry thunders which shake the firmament.

In the Good Old North State there is no quaking at the roar of nearby battles. Our calamity howls are notes of sweetness compared with the shriek and explosion of monster shells. Here the generous soil is yielding its rich harvest instead of being billowed with bloody graves. Here the youth and flower of manhood is not being destroyed as living sacrifices to the Moloch of war. Indeed, we live and let live beneath Carolina's sunny skies, calmly achieving amidst happiness and hope.

In heaven-blessed Carolina there is no cloud of sorrow and no brooding despair that tries the souls of men and women, and no calamity that awakes the wails of hungry children and fills the land with the cries of the fatherless. Peace, serene and radiant, smiles upon the people of North Carolina. There is no calamitous condition here to test our courage. Only the patience of "watchful waiting" amid it all is needed in a world of trouble like the present is staging in Europe. Why should we say "woe is us" when our business slackens, our industry halts, and our simoleons canker?

Verily, our lot is incomparably more glorious than those who sit in the dark shadows of hopelessness and despair amidst the carnage in Europe. Let us be profoundly thankful for our blessings. Let only pity move our hearts for the peoples at war, giving not a care for ourselves when a merciful Providence seems to be shielding us in the midst of such troubles as are the merest bagatelles compared with those of nations whose civilization and progress is being wrecked by remorseless war.

In Europe, "The mills of the gods grind slow, but they grind exceeding fine." In North Carolina, peace kindly shelters us and hope and courage guide us on to greater things. Really there is no excuse for gloom in our own fair land. Great is our luck!

WALL STREET AND THE SOUTH.

Wall Street has a good chance to make an ally of the South by turning hither for investments instead of financing the war in Europe. France already is after millions of dollars to enable her to carry on the war, but President Wilson has expressed the view that, morally speaking, it would violate this country's neutrality to let one power have our money so that it can continue to war on another.

The President is right in emphasizing the moral side of the question. To lend money for war also is a great economical wrong. War wastes capital—the product of toil. A loan for the purpose of carrying on war is waste of the accumulated savings from industry and production, but that is not the worst feature of it. It is financing the destruction of human life. It is financing woe for mankind. It is financing ruin and desolation and sorrow.

Why loan money for war—for destruction? Why not loan it for production? Why not finance the industry of the toilers of the world? If Wall Street wants to invest money instead of waste it on war, why not come South and finance the great opportunities here? Great projects that promise good returns can be discovered all over the South, but we should be pointing them out ourselves, now that there should be a chance to get money.

Wall Street could finance our 1914 cotton crop at a great profit for itself, for the cotton growers, and for humanity. That would be financing industry and labor instead of death and destruction. Therefore, we should say that now is the time for capital to look to the South where there is need for it in production and not in destruction.

The South should spring its greatest projects now while money is tied up in the great financial centers of America. First thing we know, the European war will be over and then Wall Street will be sending American money there to build up the wasted nations. It will then be difficult for us to keep money in America and be hard for the South to get money to finance its progress. Now is the time for the South to get itself financed for production and progress.

THE NEWS FROM WATERLOO.

Even the censors cannot keep American newspapers from getting some news of the war in Europe on the day that events occur. The only reason we do not get particulars is because the news is not allowed to be sent over the cables or flashed by wireless over the world.

As bad as it is about hearing from Europe's great 250-mile battle line, how much quicker we really get the news than was the case when Europe was being drenched in blood by the Napoleonic war in 1815! The battle of Waterloo, where the allies overwhelmed Napoleon the Great, was fought June 18th, 1815, and yet it was nearly two months before a word about it reached the young American Republic. The news reached America nearly seven weeks after the great battle and it was brought in a brig which put in at Boston August 5th, with reports of Napoleon's defeat.

We once saw in a collection of relics a copy of the Boston paper which first published the news from Waterloo. The headlines were not so scary as are put over present accounts of a street fight, but the news was momentous all the same. Since it took 48 days for news of Waterloo to come across, the Philadelphia Record says:

"Let the gentle reader bear this fact in mind if he fails to read in his morning paper all the news of the war up to midnight of the day before. The newspapers are doing the best they can, and if they don't have thrilling accounts of all the battles blame the rigid censorship and the ban on correspondents."

Waterloo meant the downfall of Napoleon and the war had ended long before the then President of the United States heard the news through Boston. In those days there was no need to have the news confirmed, because there was not such great competition among the newspapers to see which could startle people the most with lurid misrepresentation of the facts.

The world now wants this morning's news by supper time and tonight's news must be read at the breakfast table, else there is loud complaint.

A dispatch states that "600,000 persons are out of work in Paris," and that "no able-bodied man is left in Berlin." Quite aptly the New York World observes about it: "There is nothing lacking to complete the case against war for the inferno that it is." Why is it that war is not so hated that no nation would ever think of sending armies out to slaughter? Why?

Hooh der nice peace which smiles on us.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Secretary W. J. Bryan now has "another beautiful home called Blue Brier," near Asheville, N. C. Perhaps before the next time of trial comes he will be prepared to take up his residence in the State that shall best deserve the advertisement he can give it—at present he has only Nebraska, Florida, North Carolina and the District of Columbia. —Jacksonville Times-Union.

Count Witte says cheerfully that the war will last two or three months. Lord Kitchener says 18. Stephen Pichon, French editor, says it will be a long war. It all depends upon the rate at which the men can be killed. Between France and Germany it is actually a struggle for national existence. Between England and Germany it is hardly less than that. Austria has got to win or go to pieces. There has been no war in modern times where nations were engaged not merely in trying to overcome each other, but to annihilate each other.—Philadelphia Record.

The promptness of Japan to take action in support of her ally, Great Britain, is in effect a notice upon that ally that in case of trouble in the future for Japan in its carring out its views as to affairs on the Pacific and in the Far East Great Britain must show the same promptness in her support. Those who look for a speedy ending of the war in Europe should look beyond the confines of that continent, and observe the issues that must be met, as they arise, between Russia, Japan and Great Britain, as to the Orient and Asia Minor, and possibly by ourselves as to our Pacific coast and Pacific possessions. Japan's action against Germany's holdings in China is significant of its desire to increase its own force, power and influence in Asia and upon the Pacific, and the United States cannot regard with indifference the disturbance of the equilibrium of power in the Pacific. The Pacific, with our great coast line in California, Oregon, Alaska and Washington, can no more be made a British Mediterranean through its alliance with Japan, with safety to ourselves, than can the Gulf of Mexico. Germany and Russia are no menace to our interests on the Pacific. Both of them are our friends and have in many ways, through more than a century of time, given abundant evidence of it. Commercialism, business competition and the friction arising from this has within the past 30 days caused Great Britain to throw to the winds her friendly relations with Germany and Austria-Hungary, and form other alliances of a totally different import and character. The policies of Pitt, of Palmerston, of Disraeli, of Salisbury, have been discarded at the sight of German development of industry and commerce, and the opportunity to crush a commercial competitor by the union of Celt, Anglo-Saxon, Slav, Latin and Mongolian against him. Hague treaties were but as ocean spray before the trade winds of commercialism. That is the plain unvarnished crux of the British position in the struggle of today. Its standard is commercialism, British commercialism, and if Germany is crushed, then Russia and France and the United States may prepare for the application to each of them in turn of the power of Great Britain and its Asiatic ally. It is time to order extraordinary increase in the naval forces of the United States. It is time for this country to have a navy as powerful as that of Great Britain and Japan combined. We have as great an interest in the commerce of the world as has Great Britain, and we must be ready to assert and to defend our rights to enjoy the commerce on every ocean on the globe. This country must have a great navy. —Washington Post.

WHEREIN SCOTLAND COUNTY LEADS.

To the Editor of The Star:

You stated editorially yesterday that Robeson county grows the largest amount of cotton and the highest average yield per acre in the State. North Carolina's yield per acre is the highest of all the States, and Scotland county's average yield per acre is the highest of any county in the United States. This has been true for several years, as shown by United States Census reports. This county is only about a third the size of Robeson and makes more than half as much cotton, and has been producing an average of more than two bales per inhabitant each year. Dr. Graham, president of the University, told me at Wrightsville Beach last summer, that the agricultural production of Scotland county is the largest per capita of all the counties in the United States. But it is our misfortune that it does not get the largest per cent of it on the increase in tax values. We produce at a larger pro rata expense than do some other counties in the United States, so that the net production of some other counties is greater than ours. So long as this is true there is something for us to learn—and we can learn from the foreigners who make up the population of those counties where the net production is greater than ours because of less pro rata expense, though the gross production is less than ours.

Robeson county is all right and a good one, but Scotland is a little better, and we should have the benefit of the facts stated as they exist.

MAXCY L. JOHN.

Laurinburg, N. C., Aug. 21, 1914.

WOMEN ON SCHOOL COMMITTEES.

To the Editor of The Star:

The Morning Star for, lo, many years now has cast its beams of light and cheer upon our fair little city, and with the passing of time has looked down upon many and great changes for the better in every phase and aspect of our community life. To most of the efforts which have resulted in these changes for improvement, it has given the warm support of its strengthening rays, and in all of them, without exception, The Star, like myself, must recognize the persistent and wonderful influence that our women have wielded for all that stands for the good and welfare of our city.

The Star will, I believe, freely and frankly acknowledge that without the consistent support and unwearying help of our good women few, if any, of these great changes for the better in our city and life would ever have been made.

It would be fitting, then, that The Star should lend its influence and powerful support to the proposition to give our good women some representation on the school committees, and the advocates of the measure earnestly hope that it will do so.

The old and irrational custom of allowing women no voice at all in the guidance and direction of the system of education of their own children, the future citizens of the country, continues to prevail only in those countries where the march of civilization has been stopped, or, as we understand it, has never existed.

The more enlightened plan of giving women representation on the school committees and a voice in the direction of their affairs has been generally adopted in all the civilized countries of the world; and if The Star would lend its aid to those who are now endeavoring to induce the gentlemen of the Board of Education to do this simple act of justice and good policy, they believe it would be adopted in our own community.

The peculiar fitness of a woman to act with discretion and judgment in matters of this kind is universally recognized, and the recorded instances of the talent and ability of womankind to take part in many of the great affairs and businesses of life are too well known to be disputed and too numerous for me to mention.

The writer has never marched in a "new woman's" parade and never expects to do so; and even on the question of the advisability of "votes for women" is still in a state of doubt. But on the question of giving women representation on the school committees, it seems to him there can be no reasonable doubt at all, and that it should be given promptly and without further delay.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM LATIMER.

August 22, 1914.

THE DEADLY EFFECT OF SHRAPNEL PROJECTILE.

One of Them Equals in Deadliness 250 Rifle Balls.

(New York Herald.)

Military men here are not surprised at the reports of the destructive effects of shrapnel fire in the fighting abroad. It is known that both the German and Belgian shrapnel has been developed so that from the ordinary field gun this shrapnel fire is deadly at 6,000 yards range. It was only a few years ago when 3,500 yards was regarded in the United States as a maximum shrapnel range for field guns, and as late as 1885 the shrapnel range for three-inch guns were deemed 2,000 yards.

The shrapnel shells weigh, for the standard 2.95-inch gun, about 14 1-2 popnds, and are fired by time fuses, which admit of flights as long as 22 seconds. For the 14 1-2-pound shell there are about 260 small balls, each capable within shrapnel range of disabling a man or horse.

The Krupp 2.95-inch shrapnel is a steel base chamber projectile, in which hard lead bullets are secured in position by an infusion of rosin. The inner face of the steel cone has at the front end a screw thread for the fuse hold box. The bursting charge consists of fine-grained black powder. Black powder is used because it is desirable to see the point of burst of the shell. This aids in correcting fire.

The Krup puses a combination time and percusion fuse similar to the fuse in use in the United States service. All the large parts of the Krupp fuse are of aluminum alloy, and this affords lightness.

The shrapnel shell is held in a brass cartridge case, the same as the bullet of a military rifle.

In firing shrapnel the practice is to burst the shell in the air over and short of the object fired at. The bullets are released by the bursting asunder of the steel walls and rush on in the form of a sheaf, continuing along the same trajectory that the shell was traversing. The bullets strike downward in a spread-out manner, something like shotgun fire.

FARM FACTS.

By Peter Radford, National Lecturer, Farmers' Union of America.

Those who till the soil are the chosen people of God.

Farming is as old as the human race and is yet in its infancy.

Success is bound to come to the farmer who plans while he plows.

No civilization has ever advanced beyond its agricultural development.

No farmer is successful who thinks more of his barn than he does of his home.

The development of the farmer himself must precede the full development of the ground he tills.

The most beautiful fact in the farmer's work is that everything he plants is a lesson in faith.

The best farmer does not bother about getting ahead of his neighbor; his great business is to get ahead of himself.

We must give to the people who live on the farm the same educational advantages for their children as those of the cities enjoy.

The country clergy is an agency of much potentiality because the rural life movement is religious as well as industrial and social.

There should be a social and an industrial survey of every community. The pastor, the teacher and the school and church officials are they who should make such a survey.

In a recent survey of a community in New England, the average annual income of 154 farmers who has a common school education was $229, while the average net income of 122 farmers of the same locality with a high school education was $482 annually. This was worth to each farmer who possessed it $253 each year.

Lumina Concerts Today.

Popular concert afternoon 3:30. Special concert 8:30. Programme includes selections from "Bohemian Girl," "Folk Songs," "Sympathy," etc.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

SPECIAL REDUCTION

On Mosquito Nets for this week and just at the time when most needed, these last days of August and all of September is when the deadly mosquito gets busy. The hot, rainy season and when we are all most susceptible to malaria. A few dollars spent now for nets may save you a heavy doctor's bill and many weeks of sickness.

Turn-over Canopies to hang from ceiling—

$1.50 size . . . . . $1.19 $1.75 size $1.39

$2.00 size . . . . . $1.69 $2.25 size $1.89

$3.50 Perfection Spring Canopies made of heavy copper wire; full size net at . . $2.97

Mason's Screw Top Fruit Jars, 1 pint jars, per dozen 59c; 1 quart jars, per doz, 69c; 2 quart jars, per dozen, 98c.

Extra jar top, rubber, per dozen, 5c and 10c.

Sure Seal Jars, pints and quarts.

Clearance of Summer Dresses, Waists and Skirts. Pretty little frocks, greatly reduced.

SHOWING OF NEW FALL APPAREL

Pretty Coat Suit for early fall. Misses and young ladies' going off to school will do well to see our display before going away.

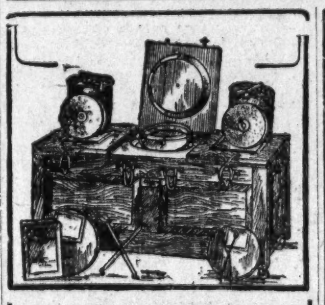
We are showing the new ideas in the new Fall Hat.

Boys' and Youths' New Fall Clothing have arrived. The styles and colors are very catchy. Come in and make your selection before your size has been taken up.

New Fall Styles of Crawford's Shoes are here

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Few Palm Beach Suits to close out at cost. Come and see.



Special Prices on Fireless Cookers

For 10 Days Only.

See Us for a Bargain.

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Orton Bldg. Phone 612

PIEDMONT PATENT FOR PARTICULAR PEOPLE.

Supreme where Quality Counts.

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At "Before the War" Prices.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 594.

"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," said a wise man. We believe him, and so do you, but do you practice your convictions? With all the known methods of sanitation at your command, and a strict adherence to them, you are then sometimes sick. Did you ever seriously question why? Perhaps it is the Ice you are using. Be certain that it is not. Use Plate Ice. No serious consequences.

WHOLESOME SANITARY ECONOMIC

PLATE ICE COMPANY

'Phones 695 and 696. 5—7—9 Orange St.

Two $1 Articles, One for a Man, One for a Woman AT 69c EACH

A mna's $1.00 Dress Shirt of best workmanship and material, this week 69c

Ladies' new Fall style $1.00 shirtwaist, made of excellent white lawn with long sleeves 69c

Mosquito Nets with all fixtures attached and ready to hang . . . . . $1.25 and $1.50

Porch Screens for August and September, some as low as 98c

40 Scot-Tissue Towels, cheaper than laundry, for 10c

Shelf Oil Cloth, 5c yard.

Cottage Carpet, 3 feet wide, one side plain, one decorated. . . . . 35c yd

Beautiful Willow Baby Carriages, usual price $20.00 to $25.00 . . . . . $15.00 to $20.00

Collapsible Go-Carts with top $6.00

We have the largest stock in the city and we can save you 25 per cent on your trunk purchase.

Valises Suit Cases and Hand Bags of all kinds.

Men's New Fall Hats, with high crowns, with or without crepe bands; latest thing in hats $2.00

A bargain extraordinary in a lot of samples of fine shoes for men and ladies from the famous Selz Shoe Co. They will be sold at half the regular price.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY'S

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

210-212-214 North Front Street

TO DEDICATE CHURCH TODAY

Impressive Services at Seagate Baptist Church Under Direction of Pastor—Programme.

The dedication of the Seagate Baptist church today will be an eventful occasion for the members of this congregation and a most interesting programme has been arranged by the pastor, Rev. O. N. Marshall, who will have charge of the exercises. The church has been completed for several months and has been used by the congregation for their services, but it was only recently that all the indebtedness was paid off.

Rev. O. N. Marshall became pastor six months ago and since that time 12 new members have been added to the church, making a total membership of 70. That the church has been successful financially is attested by the fact that all the indebtedness has been paid off. Deep interest spiritually has also been manifested and in every way the church is on a solid foundation.

The services today will be in keeping with the solemn occasion and will be most impressive. It is expected that there will be in attendance a number of Wilmington Baptists.

The programme as announced by the pastor is as follows:

9:30 A. M.—Baptizing, near the toll bridge on Wrightsville road.

10:30 A. M.—Consultation service with pastor and deacons.

11 A. M.—Preaching and history of the church.

1—"History and Struggle of the Church," by Mr. Albert Vann, Mr. E. Z. Milton and others.

2—"The Standing at Present," by Mr. L. Larkins.

3—"Six Months as Pastor," by Rev. O. N. Marshall.

11:30 A. M.—Sermon, Rev. O. N. Marshall.

3:30 P. M.—Sunday School, L. Larkins, superintendent. 1: Song service. 2: Scriptural reading. 3; Lesson study. 4: Report of secretary. 5: Dedicatorial remarks by Geo. E. Leftwich.

8 P. M.—Dedicatorial sermon, by Rev. J. D. Larkins, Cedartown, Ga.

TRAFFIC ORDINANCE WILL BE ENFORCED.

Recorder Announces That He Expects to Punish All Violators.

That the Wilmington police will have the cordial co-operation of the Recorder in their efforts to enforce the traffic ordinance on all the main thoroughfares of the city was the announcement made by that official yesterday in passing judgment in several cases which came up for trial. These were charged with driving on the wrong side of the street at Front and Chesnut and each were taxed with the costs with the exception of two cases which were continued.

Those charged with violating the law were Messrs. James Mote, Clifton Sidbury, H. L. Huhn, M. Pearsall, L. B. Minchaux, T. S. Jacobs and Robert Tucker and the following colored persons: Joe Fergust, R. Walker, J. A. Spicer and C. Martin. The cases against Messrs. Mote and Jacobs were continued on account of their being unable to attend court yesterday.

That the police are in earnest about the enforcement of this law is evidenced by the large number of arrests made yesterday afternoon. Among those arrested and recognized for their appearance before the Recorder Monday were J. P. Holton, Ed Williams, Palmer Dowdy and Willie Williams, all white, and the following colored persons: Walter Henderson, Albert Faison, B. Spright, A. Sampson, Burke Edwards, Tom Lofton, Dave Hines, E. A. Carter, Willie Roberson, Will McKinnon and Isham Parker.

"We are trying to keep folks in the right," said Chief of Police Williams yesterday afternoon with a smile. "The rule of the road is keep to the right. I have instructed all patrolmen to see that this rule is observed."

UNITED REALTY COMPANY.

New Enterprise for Wilmington in Trust Building—Auctions.

The United Realty Company, which for the past several years has been operating quite extensively and with marked success in Alabama and other States further south, has decided to locate in Wilmington, recognizing the splendid possibilities of this section for real estate development and on September 1st, will open an office in the Trust Building, corner of Front and Market streets.

Mr. O. T. Wallace, who is well and favorably known to many Wilmington people, is general manager of the United company and he has associated with him as advertising manager Mr. S. C. Wallace, who is also well known and popular in Wilmington where he formerly resided. A feature of the business of the new concern will be monthly auction sales of realty of all kinds. These sales will be announced from month to month and have proved quite popular elsewhere, as a means of rapidly converting real estate and providing an exchange generally.

The United Realty Co., is backed by ample capital and is in Wilmington to stay. Already several projects have been undertaken and the United promises soon to be in the very front rank of developers and investors in this section of the State.

RETURN TO FATHERLAND.

Officers of German Steamer Nicaria Receive Discharges Yesterday.

In order that they may return to Germany to fight for their country, the second, third and fourth officers of the German steamer, Nicaria, now at Southport, were discharged yesterday by Captain Hollasch, and left Wilmington last night for New York, whence they will leave as soon as possible for the Fatherland. Besides the officers, Messrs. Bebastian, Ney and Schade, the third engineer, Mr. Steinmeyer, was also discharged and left with the others for New York.

They are reservists in the German army and will join their regiments as soon as they are able to secure transportation. There are a number of other reservists in this section, but owing to the presence of so many British warships on the high seas, they have not as yet been able to arrange means for reaching Germany. It is said that the members of the Nicaria crew, however, have been able to make satisfactory arrangements for reaching their native land.

Captain Hollasch and the first mate remain in charge of the other members of the crew of the Nicaria, which will remain in the harbor at Southport until it is deemed safe for her to venture forth upon the high seas.

Spend the Day at Lumina.

Glorious surf bathing. Concerts afternoon and night. (advertisement.)

NEW ENTERPRISE RUNNING

Handle Plant of Levering Manufacturing Company on Smith's Creek Begins Operations.

The Levring Manufacturing Company, manufacturing handles of different kinds, and located in the former plant of the Clarendon Column Company on Smith's Creek, just north of the city limits, will begin operations on a full schedule tomorrow morning. The plant has been run to some extent during the past week or so, testing out the machinery, and already several car loads of handles have been manufactured.

The industry is the latest addition to Wilmington manufacturing interests, and it promises to become a very noteworthy factor in the commercial life of the city. When in full operation the plant will have a capacity of about 60,000 handles a day, amounting to two car loads.

Everything in the new factory is arranged with the idea of getting the utmost in efficiency. The machinery is so located as to do away with waste motion and the loss of energy, and from the time that the logs enter the plant until they emerge in the shape of the finished product, the process of transpormation goes on without an unnecessary halt or delay.

The handles are manufactured from oak, ash and other logs, bought in the surrounding lumbering territory and for the most part floated down the Cape Fear and up Smith's Creek to the doors of the plant, where they are kept secured in log pens until needed.

The finished handles are shipped in car load lots to the northern cities where implements of various kinds are manufactured.

Running at capacity, the new plant will employ about 45 men in the saw mill, dry kiln and turning department. This force will be added to, however, as the business grows.

The new company is headed by Mr. A. C. Levering, who with several associates, purchased the plant of the Clarendon Column Company several months ago.

BEFORE THE RECORDER.

Colored Boys Admonished Not to Engage in Fights on Streets.

George Turney and Willie Anderson, two colored boys, were berore the Recorder yesterday morning on a charge of fighting in the streets. Both being under 12 years of age, the court did not deem it wise to punish them but gave them a lecture on the evils of fighting and discharged them. Nathaniel Sumpter and Deems Williams, two colored boys, charged with the larceny of a watch, were placed in the custody of relatives, who promised to see that they do not again violate the law.

Messrs. A. D. Cashwell and G. F. Clarke, to whom the boys tried to sell the watch, were charged with receiving stolen goods. The cases were dismissed. The Recorder, however, admonished them to be more cautious in the future.

John T. Aiken, colored, was charged with assault and battery and fined $10 and the costs. This he was unable to pay and was ordered sent to the roads for 30 days. Ida Howard, colored, was fined $5 and the costs for disorderly conduct and in default of payment was ordered sent to the county farm for 30 days.

A case against Walter Sanders, colored, charged with housebreaking, was dismissed. Sanders had been away from home for a year and when he returned his wife told him that he could not come in. However, he thought otherwise and did go in, whereupon she swore out a warrant charging him with housebreaking.

NO DELAY FOR SANTA.

Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., Receive Big Shipment Toys.

Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., of this city, possibly the largest jobbers of toys and Christmas goods in the Carolinas, are not at all disturbed by the European war news insofar as it may affect their business for the coming holidays, for fortunately they have already received one of the largest importations of toys and such goods that they have ever received in a single year from their connections abroad.

As is well known, most all the toys and Christmas novelties are made in Germany and Messrs. Rehder & Co., ordinarily would have been perturbed about the outlook for old Kris Kringle this wintar, had the firm not had the forethought to lay in their importations early and "avoid the rush" so to speak. All the factories in Germany are now shut down presumably but ever on this side, so far as Messrs. Rehder & Co., are concerned, there will be no famine in toys and the like.

Messrs. Rehder & Co., are already storing hundreds of cases of these goods in their big department store near Fourth street bridge, and when the Christmas rush is on, there will be no indication of any limit in the supply of these goods to be had in Wilmington from this well known and popular firm of jobbers and retailers.

WANT BOYS JAILED.

Parents Tell Magistrate That Their Sons Are Incorrigible.

James Mason and James Rising, two white boys, were placed in jail yesterday by Justice Harriss to await the next term of Superior court on a charge of stealing a bicycle, valued at about $45. This action was taken at the request of the fathers of the two boys, who declared that they are incorrigible and that they had rather that they go to jail than to have them at home. They told Justice Harriss that they had had considerable trouble lately because the boys will not stay at home.

The father of Mason is a merchant, whose place of business is on North Sixth street. The father of the Rising boy is a plumber. The boys were given a preliminary hearing before Justice Harriss yesterday on a charge of stealing a wheel belonging to Solly Schultz, a son of Mr. Abe Schultz. The wheel was taken from the Y. M. C. A. several days ago.

Report of Rate Commission.

The report of the special freight rate commission to the North Carolina Corporation Commisson, together with the schedule of maximum intra-State rates of freights prescribed has been printed in pamphlet form and is now being sent out to shippers and others throughout the State. Included in the pamphlet also is a copy of Governor Craig's proclamation making these rates official in accordance with the statute passed by the General Assembly of 1913. The tables of rates will be especially convenient for the use of shippers and carriers as it is arranged in tabular form, suitable for reference.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

NEW HOTEL OPENS THURSDAY

Finishing Touches Now Being Made to Handsome Wilmington—Mr. Ham Adams Manager.

The handsome Hotel Wilmington will open its doors to the public on Thursday, August 27, under the direct supervision of Hr. Ham Adams, a hotel man of experience, who comes to this city from Greensboro. With him will be Mr. E. T. Wade, who is well acquainted with the traveling public, and who is also one of Wilmington's most enthusiastic boosters.

The new seven-story structure has been erected under the personal direction of Mr. T. A. Green, who has built many hotels and who knows every detail of modern hotel building art, especially when it comes to arranging for personal comfort. And the 110 rooms in the edifice, 85 of which have private baths, have every convenience that it is possible for the mind of man to think of.

Every room is furnished with pretty imitation mahogany furniture and metal beds with comfortable spring mattresses. Each room is supplied with hot and cold water and in order that they may be thoroughly sanitary there will be no bowls or pitchers. Telephones in every room with call bells attached furnish ready communication with the outside world.

Not only are all the rooms supplied with ventilation from within but a noticeable feature is the large number of windows. Some have as many as five windows while none have less than two. The halls are supplied with doors at either end which allows the air to circulate freely through them.

On the second floor is the parlor and ladies' writing room. Here is a piano for those who like music, cozy chairs for those that want to rest and writing desks for others who may want to write letters. Beautiful clusters of electric lights with chandelier effect add to the beauty of the surroundings.

On the first floor is the lobby which is fitted up with comfortable sofas, chairs and all the other conveniences that go to make up a place of rest and comfort. In the rear is the dining room which will be thoroughly ventilated and in the summer electric fans will make it as cool and comfortable

On the south side of the building is the cafe which will be completely modern and up-to-date in every respect. In the rear of the cafe is the kitchen, where the food will be prepared for both cafe and the private dining room of the hotel. A store room for food and other supplies for the hotel is in the rear of the building.

In the basement of the building is the heating apparatus and other storage room. Here also is the running gear for the large electric elevator which will be run day and night to every floor in the building.

The hotel will be run on the European plan to begin with, though it is probable that later it will be run on the American plan also. No expense has been spared to have every convenience possible and the traveling public is assured of the best attention under the management of Mr. Adams, who has made a specialty of the hotel business and knows all its ins and outs.

WOMAN'S MISSIONARY UNION

Fourth Annual Meeting of Wilmington Association in Burgaw September 10 and 11.

The fourth annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Union of the Wilmington Baptist Association will be held in the Baptist church at Burgaw on Thursday and Friday, September 10 and 11. Every society in the association is expected to send delegates and the meeting promises to be the largest gathering of women in the history of the organization. The members of the Burgaw church are preparing to make all delegates comfortable and will make every preparation for a highly successful meeting.

Special emphasis is laid every year upon some special phase of missionary work and this year the Sunbeam work and the Louisville Training School will be stressed. There will also be talks on orphanage, State, home and foreign mission work. During the session of the union there will be a missionary sermon preached by some pastor of the association.

It is expected that there will be a number of visitors from outside of the association, among these being Rev. C. Almond Upchurch, of Raleigh, field worker under the Home Mission Board; Miss Minnie Middleton, of Warsaw, who will represent the Louisville Training School; Mrs. J. W. Bunn, of Raleigh, who will speak in the interest of the Y. W. C. A. work.

Mrs. J. W. Carroll, of Wallace, will have charge of the Sunbeam programme. The address to the Sunbeams will be made by Miss Macy Cox, of Magnolia, who is considered the best Sunbeam worker in Eastern North Carolina.

All the pastors of the association are invited to attend the meeting and thus be able to learn something of the work that the women are doing. An interesting programme is being prepared and this will be announced in the public press later.

Charged With Assault.

C. E. Cannady, white, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Special Officer H. Mack Godwin on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, brought by Henry Willoughby, another white man. Cannady was recognized with Mr. Henry Peschau for his appearance before Justice Bornemann Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Willoughby said that he and Cannady had some misunderstanding Friday night in which Mrs. Willoughby and her daughter were mentioned. Yesterday afternoon he said that he saw Cannady coming across the street and when he came up to him the latter drew his pistol. He then went to Justice Bornemann, he stated, and had the warrant sworn out for Cannady's arrest.

At Grace Church Today.

Rev. William Melville, of Baltimore, Md., who is in the city visiting relatives, will preach at both the morning and night services at Grace Methodist church today in the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. D. Bundy. Mr. Melville is an eloquent and forceful preacher and has many friends in the city who will be glad to have this opportunity of hearing him preach.

Glorius Surf Bathing

at the beach. Spend the day at Lumina. (advertisement.)

MR. JAS. F. GAUSE, JR., WINNER

City Council Accepts His Design for New Fire Station—Other Matters Yesterday.

Sketches submitted by Mr. Jas. F. Gause, Jr., were selected by City Council yesterday morning for the new fire station to be erected at Fifth and Castle streets. The structure planned by Mr. Gause, will cost, according to his estimates, approximately $5,500, and work will begin upon it as soon as the plans and detailed specifications can be prepared and the contract awarded.

Messrs. H. E. Bonitz and B. H. Stephens, two other well known architects, also submitted sketches for the proposed new structure, and council had some difficulty in making a selection, finally deciding in favor of Mr. Gause on the grounds that the type of building he had planned would harmonize more with the locality in which it is to be erected than would the type of buildings called for in the other sketches.

The new fire station, as planned by Mr. Gause, will be of the English Tudor type of architecture, 26x57 feet in size, of selected red brick trimmed in light terra cotta, two stories in height with slate roof, with an ornamental tower supporting the fire alarm bell, as a prominent architectural feature.

The downstairs floor will be of concrete, and here will be the stalls for the fire horses, spaces for the apparatus, feed bins, store rooms, etc. On the second floor, which will be stained wood, will be dormitory quarters for ten firemen, shower baths, reading room, etc.

The three architects were given separate hearings, and allowed to explain their sketches to council. The body then took the drawings under consideration, and after some discussion, on motion of Councilman Loughlin, seconded by Councilman Jones, unanimously adopted the design of Mr. Gause.

Other Matters Considered.

Several other minor matters were taken up by council at the special meeting yesterday. City Clerk and Treasurer Thos. D. Meares called attention to the fact that the resolution calling a special election for October 7 for the purpose of voting on the franchise recently granted the Wilmington & Carolina Beach Railway Company by council, read "Tuesday, October 7," whereas October 7 came on Wednesday. Captain Meares thought the mistake due to a clerical error, and council authorized him to make the proper correction in the resolution.

A bill from the Murray Transfer Company, for $40.75 damages to a White motor truck and a load of furniture, on account of street caving in on Church between Fourth and Fifth, was referred to Councilman Merritt for investigation.

Councilman Merritt reported that the buggy used by the superintendent of streets was practically out of commission, and that one of the two horses used by him was also of little use any longer. A new outfit would be needed soon, and he was in favor of replacing the horses and buggy by a Ford runabout, which could be bought for about $469. He wanted to know what the other members thought of such a plan. Mr. Merritt pointed out that the auto would cost less to maintain than the buggy and two horses, and that it would enable Superintendent McAllister to cover a great deal more territory in a day, thus increasing the efficiency of the street force.

Several of the members looked with favor on the idea of purchasing the auto and selling the horse and buggy. Mr. Jones, however, said that while he was willing to leave the matter up to Mr. Merritt, to do as he saw fit, he personally would vote against an automobile if it came before the council, on the ground that he did not think an automobile was needed by the superintendent of streets, whose work took him many places where an automobile could not go. It was finally decided to leave the matter open until next week.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Number of Papers Filed for Registration Yesterday.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Suburban Land Company to V. Sidbury, for $1 and other considerations, lot in Harnett township, adjoining lands of R. W. Best; Jos. D. Hanby and wife to Jno. R. Hanby and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on west line of Eighth, 70 feet south of Dock, 30x43 feet in size; Thos. E. Cooper, trustee, to H. C. McQueen, for $100 and other considerations, lot No. 8 in block I, Seaforth, Wrightsville Beach; J. I. Crews and wife to O. R. King, for $100 and other considerations, lot on north line of Castle, 132 feet west of Sixteenth, 33x180 feet in size; Charlotte Samuel to J. D. Sidbury, for $1 and other considerations, tract of eight acres on east bank of Cape Fear river, adjoining lands of Josh Williams.

MUST SHOW THEIR COLORS.

American Craft Will Save Inconvenience and Delay at Sea.

Col. Walker Taylor, collector of customs at the port of Wilmington, received last night from the Department of Commerce at Washington, the following instructions:

"Announce that American vessels at sea will be spared inconvenience and relay by displaying their colors immediately when called upon to do so by warships."

Except for the New York steamers, there is little American foreign or coastwise shipping out of Wilmington at present, but the instructions presumably were sent to all ports along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts.

Solemn Requiem High Mass.

In memory of the deceased Pope Pius X, solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. The service will be conducted by the rector, Rev. Father Donnen, assisted by Rev. Father Watkins. The Cathedral has been draped in mourning and will remain so for 30 days unless a new Pope, should be elected in the meantime.

—Margaret Oldham and Lodie Frank, both colored, engaged in a hair-pulling fight at Twelfth and Chesnut streets last night and were arrested by Policemen W. R. Applebury and J. O. Bullard. They were lodged in the city prison on a charge of engaging in an affray and will be tried before the Recorder Monday morning.

Escape the Heat of the City

by spending the day at Lumina. Surf bathing. Concerts. (advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

The Small Saver

Finds at this bank every convenience known to modern banking and the most polite and courteous attention. He feels that his account is appreciated here; that the bank wants his business and encourages him in his efforts to save.

4 Per Cent

Interest, compounded quarterly, paid on all accounts of $5.00 and over.

Assured of absolute safety and the ability to get your money at any time; there are very few investments that will better a savings account here.

Corner Front and Princess Sts.

FORTIFIED

Behind Capital of ..... $ 100,000.00
Surplus of ..... $ 300,000.00
Resources of $2,500,000.00

This Company invites the deposits of those seeking a safe depository for their savings, and is in position to take care of its borrowing customers who maintain balances.

We have conducted a safe, conservative business in this community for the past 27 years, and have never required notice of any depositor before paying his balance in full upon demand.

4% interest, compounded quarterly, paid on all accounts.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET

FOR RENT

Cut out the following list, and let us show you the houses. Remembers this list is constantly changing, houses being added to and taken from daily, and make your selection now.

No. 720 Market street, cor. 8th, large, comfortable house, two bath rooms, suitable for one or two families.

No. 505 South Third street, brand new, steam heated house, two bath rooms; nine rooms.

No. 615 Orange street, on car line; modern conveniences; 7 rooms.

No. 414 Dock street, comfortable flat, with modern conveniences; central location; 8 rooms.

No. 10 South 8th street, comfortable, roomy house of seven rooms and bath. Will be put in good condition throughout.

No. 801 Princess street, house of about 8 rooms; modern improvements; nice yard and flower garden.

No. 814 Princess. The entire second floor of this house; private entrance; 5 rooms and bath.

No. 419 South Front street. Fine location. This dwelling will be rented as it now is, or will be made in two apartments. Each will have 5 rooms and bath.

No. 401 South Sixth street, a nice 8 room modern house, on car line.

No. 103 South Second street (cor. 2nd and Dock), 7 room house; down town location.

Any of the above houses will be put in good renting condition.

In addition to the above, we will have from October 1st, APARTMENT in the CAROLINA Apartment House, Market and Fifth streets:

Apartment No. 1, of five room and bath.
Apartment No. 43, of four rooms and bath.
Apartment No. 24, of five room and bath.
Apartment No. 40, of seven rooms and bath.
Apartment No. 52, of two rooms and bath.

Apartment rent is very reasonable, and includes heat, water, sewerage, double elevator service, janitor. Solves the servant problem and is the most comfortable and reasonable way to live.

Cafe on first floor, where family board or single meals, daintily served.

We will be glad to give you more definite information and show you the houses and apartments.

J. G. WRIGHT & SON

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

THE WAR HAS COME

WE ARE HERE TO STAY.

EVERGLADE CAFE

113 PRINCESS STREET

RUN BY AMERICANS. FRIENDLY TO ALL NATIONS.

Regular Dinners and Suppers That Beat the High Cost of Living. We carry everything in season. Short orders a Specialty.

Shepard Bros., Proprietors. C. T. McKeithan, Mgr. 'Phone 150.

Lumina Concert

Don Richardson's Orchestra

Tonight, 8:30 o'Clock

PROGRAM:

1. Zampa (overture) ..... Herold
2. Sympathy from "Firefly" ..... Friml
3. The Erl King ..... Liszt-Schubert
4. Folk-Songs (arranged by) ..... Don Richardson

INTERMISSION:

5. Ein Albumblatt ..... Wagner (String Quintette)
6. Invitation to the Dance ..... C. M. v. Weber
7. Bohemian Girl (selection) Request ..... Balfe
8. Dnace of the Byaderes ("Ferimors") .. Rubinstein

Popular Concert This Afternoon at 3:30 o'Clock

Bids For Street Work

Sealed proposals for grading and paving certain streets in and for the City of Wilmington, N. C., wil be reecived by the Councilmen, at the City Hall, up to 12 o'clock, noon, September 1st, 1914, and at that time they will be opened and publicly read, addressed to B. A. Merritt, Councilman of Streets, and endorsed "Proposal for Paving Streets."

The work for which proposals are invited consist approximately of 18,000 square yards of Bithulithic Pavement.

Each proposal must be acompanied with a certified check in the sum of five (5 per cent) per cent of the contract price, made payable to the Mayor of the City of Wilmington.

Specifications and blank forms of proposals can be obtained by application to the Councilman of Streets, and a full set of plans can be seen atthe office of the Engineer, or of the Councilman. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

F. F. PILLET, City Engineer.
B. A. MERRITT, Councilman of Streets.

DE-O-DORA

AN IDEAL DEODORANT
A HIGHLY DESIRABLE ADDITION TO EVERY LADY'S BOUDOIR.
25 Cents
WRIGHT'S SILVER CREAM
Unrivalled as a Silver Polish. Undoubtedly the Best Preparation of its kind on the market today. 25 Cents.

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914

QUICK DELIVERY SPECIALISTS.

'Phone 55. 126 So. Front St.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. C. B. Bellois is spending some time with relatives in New York.

* * *

Mrs. J. C. Davis, of this city, is visiting Mrs. T. B. Yopp, of Savannah, Ga.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carmichael, of Laurinburg, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

* * *

Mrs. Gaston D. Phares, of Jacksonville, Fla., is visiting friends and relatives in the city and at Rocky Point.

* * *

Mr. Archibald O. Osborne and daughter, Mrs. Elmer Long, left yesterday afternoon for St. Simon's Island, Ga.

* * *

Capt. H. C. James, of Biloxi, Miss., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. G. James at their home in this city.

* * *

Miss Lucile McKeithan, of Southport, is the attractive guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Morse at their home on North Fourth street.

* * *

Mr. John Franklin Smith has returned to Wilmington after a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. D. Smith, now of Swann's Station.

* * *

Mr. W. Marvin Robbins, of Anderson, S. C., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Robbins, Sr., No. 221 North Seventh street.

* * *

Miss Mamie Hatch, who is in charge of the clerical work at the James Walker Memorial Hospital, has returned from a pleasant visit to the western part of the State.

* * *

Mrs. H. E. O'Keefe will be the organist at Grace church today. At the evening service Miss Lucile Riley will sing: "O Divine Redeemer."

* * *

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Mr. R. C. Banks and family have returned from a visit of two months to Wilmington, New York, Philadelphia, and other places."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Smithson and daughter, Mrs. Whitaker, of Rocky Mount, are visiting their son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Smithson, No. 808 Chesnut street.

* * *

The Clyde steamer Cherokee sailed for New York yesterday afternoon with the following passenger list: Mrs. C. B. Bellois, Mr. Henry Finkel, Mr. C. H. Hudson, Mr. C. T. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Boatwright, Mr. J. H. Solomon, Dr. J. D. Hanby, Miss Vivian Walker.

* * *

Miss Lucy Middleton, of Raleigh, who has been the attractive guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Leftwich, No. 515 Chesnut street, for the past two weeks, will return home tomorrow.

* * *

Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist church, has returned from his vacation which he spent in South Carolina and Georgia, and will preach at both services at his church today. He was away for two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Marsden Bellamy and her sister, Miss Nan Clark, of Tarboro, have returned from a delightful tour of three weeks to places of interest in Canada and in the North. Mrs. Bellamy returned Friday evening to Wilmington and Miss Clark stopped on the return at her home in Tarboro.

* * *

Miss Jennie Corbett's Sunday school class, of Grace Methodist church, were entertained Friday afternoon by Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Wilder at a boating and watermelon party. The affair which was given at Mr. Wilder's farm on Masonboro Sound, was a pleasant one and was thoroughly enjoyed by the young people.

* * *

Midshipman L. P. Wessell, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wessell, of this city, arrived home unexpected yesterday morning, having just landed from the annual midshipmen's cruise on the U. S. S. Illinois. Mr. Wessell reports a most enjoyable voyage. As a member of the football squad of the Naval Academy, his vacation begins a week earlier than the other midshipmen. After a month's furlough he will resume his studies at Annapolis as a second classman.

* * *

Miss Henrietta Lewis entertained Friday evening at her home, No. 613 Walnut street, in honor of the members of the Mutual Club and their friends. After playing games and dancing, a course of dainty refreshments was served. Among those present at the delightful occasion were: Misses Lottie Cleapor, Thelma Fillyaw, Henrietta Lewis, Emma Lee Hudson, Annie Bell Tedder, of Lakeland, Fla., and Lucile McKeithan, of Southport, and Messrs. Carroll Green, Aubrey Morse, Thomas V. Lewis, Rosser LeGwin and Robert Lewis.

Wrightsville Beach

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. L. Loy, of Richmond, Va., are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. L. Stein at their cottage on the beach.

A souvenir dance will be given at Lumina Tuesday night and this will no doubt attract a large crowd. On Thursday night a one-step contest will be given.

Among the recent arrivals at Mrs. Dunn's cottage are Miss Minnie Watt Pierce, Montgomery, Ala.; John Gannon, Montgomery; Mr. and Mrs. Carter, Miss White, Greensboro, and Mr. Aydlette, Lumberton.

Atlanta Journal: "Mr. and Mrs. Clifford F. Pierson have returned home, after a pleasant stay at Wrightsville Beach.——Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Brice have returned home after a visit to Wrightsville Beach and Shelby, N. C."

Mr. W. McG. Buck, cashier of the Bank of Mullins, S. C.; Mr. Noah H. Jenrette, cashier of the Merchants' & Planters' Bank, of Mullins, S. C., and Dr. J. M. Bethea are spending the week-end at the beach.

Miss Chanler and Mr. West gave another exhibition last night of the Italian folk dance, "La Furlana," which was greatly enjoyed by the large crowd present at Lumina.

Those registered at the Hanover Inn are Mrs. M. L. Smith, Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs. S. D. McGee, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; Miss Boyd Christian, Tuscaloosa; Mrs. E. M. Humphries, Mr. J. M. Major, Atlanta; Miss Fannie Swinson and Mrs. O. C. Jones, Goldsboro.

One of the most popular of the many innovations at Lumina this season has been the "break" in which a young man has the right to claim a part of a dance with a young lady. This proves to be interesting not only to those taking part but to the spectators as well.

The carnival features at Lumina last night proved to be a decided hit with the large number of people present. As the dancers moved merrily over the floor the spectators threw confetti from the balconies upon them making a novel and pretty scene. For souvenirs beautifully decorated Japanese canes and horns and other souvenirs were presented. The affair was immensely enjoyed by all.

Among the arrivals at the Seashore Hotel are Miss Veta Lentz, Norwood, N. C.; John Smith, Albemarle; E. F. Drinkard, Charlotte; A. B. Cozart, Detroit, Mich; C. E. Clark, Augusta, Ga.; R. F. Jackson, Baltimore, Md.; Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Manhet, Newnan, Ga.; Mrs. J. N. McCloughan and daughter, Kansas City, Mo.; F. E. Coffee, Atlanta; J. H. Dozier, Athens, Ga.; Lee McConless, Tate, Ga.; J. S. Dixon, Bishopsville, S. C.; J. T. John, Johns, N. C.; W. B. Jones, Norfolk; L. W. Boney, Wallace; Jno. D. Boyd, Charlotte; W. R. Richardson, Jacksonville, Fla.; Miss Eva Huntley, Wadesboro; and Miss Jennie Boney, Wallace.

Messrs. R. Boss and F. Ramsdell, of Washington, D. C., who made the trip from their home city to Wrightsville Beach several weeks ago, and who have been enjoying themselves at the resort, left yesterday afternoon for their home, going by rail. They had planned to continue from here to Key West, Fla., by canoe, and started on the trip Thursday, but the canoe overturned off Masonboro Inlet, and in addition to losing most of the luggage, the boat was damaged so badly that they gave up their trip. They plan to ship their canoe to Wilmington next year and make the trip from here to Key West. The young men made many friends while at the beach.

An especially fine programme has been arranged by Don Richardson for his concert at Lumina tonight. One of the most attractive numbers on the programme is a collection of old folk songs arranged by Mr. Richardson himself. This will no doubt prove a very pleasing selection. Another important number is the "Bohemian Girl" selection which is included in the programme by request. It is expected that both concerts will have the usual large attendance. Following is the programme for the night concert;

Zampa (overture)—Herold.
Sympathy, From "Firefly"—Friml.
The Erl King—Liszt-Schubert.
Folk Songs—Arranged by Don Richardson.

Intermission.

Ein Albumblatt—Wagner. (String quintette).
Invitation to the Dance—C. M. Weber.
Bohemian Girl (selection, by request)—Balfe.
Dance of the Byaderes ("Ferimors")—Rubinstein.

The usual popular concert will be given this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

Church Directory

The Christian Science Society services are held in church edifice, corner of 17th and Market streets, Sunday 11 A. M. Lesson sermon: "Mind." Sunday school is held immediately at close of morning service. Wednesday evening services are held in same edifice 8:15. The reading room adjoining church building is open daily except Sundays and legal holidays from 3:30 to 5:30 P. M. The public is cordially invited to attend both services and the reading room. Authorized literature may be obtained at the reading room.

Calvary Baptist church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning subject, "Parents." Night subject, "The Loathsome Substitute." Other Sunday services: Junior B. Y. P. U. 10 A. M. Deacons' meeting 4 o'clock. Sunday school 4:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

St. Matthew's Ev. Lutheran church, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Sunday school 10 A. M. There will be no morning service. Evening service at 8 o'clock, subject: "Naaman's Blessing." Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock. A most cordial invitation to all the services.

First Baptist church—Dr. Foster has returned from his vacation and will preach at both services tomorrow 11 A. M., "The Glory of God." 8 P. M., "Wars and Their Causes." 9:45 A. M. Sunday school. 7 P. M., B. Y. P. U. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets—Sunday school services at 10 o'clock, Rev. Henry Hanson will address the school. Church services at 11 o'clock, sermon by Rev. G. W. McClanahan in the English language. Public invited to attend.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, 16th and Market streets—Sunday school 9:45 A. M., R. E. Tapp, superintendent. Morning prayer and sermon 11 A. M., Rev. E. deF. Heald, Jr., of Washington, D. C. You are cordially invited to attend.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy communion 7:30 A. M. Morning service 11 o'clock. No evening service.

Trinity Methodist church, corner of Ninth and Market streets—Sunday school 9:45 A. M. Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. Philip Greening. Public cordially invited.

Rev. H. C. Bowen, former pastor of the Dock street Christian church, will preach there this morning at 11:30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Col. W. B. Fort, of Pikeville, was a visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. J. C. MacRae, of Fayetteville, was among the business visitors in the city yesterday.

—Mr. J. Walter Jones, of Laurinburg, was among those registered at the Orton yesterday.

THEATRICAL

It is with a thrill of pleasant anticipation that the management of Wilmington's favorite amusement center, the large, comfortable, clean Bijou theatre, places before the readers of The Star this morning one of the biggest programmes ever planned for a motion picture theatre in Wilmington, one that it will take any other theatre many moons to equal in both quantity and quality. It is a bill of fare that must appeal to everyone of its thousands of patrons, and contains some of the biggest releases of the year.

Needless to call special attention to the extraordinary features on for this week. They are all given on another page in today's paper, and the discriminating public will be quick to recognize "the difference," the ever present quality and quantity which have combined to place the Bijou away out ahead of everything else.

And on Wednesday the second installment of "The Trey O' Hearts" will be presented for the delectation of the throngs. More than capacity crowds saw the opening chapters last week, and doubtless will all come back and bring their friends to see what promises to be the biggest movie serial ever filmed.

Five big reels are scheduled for tomorrow's bill, headed by a mammoth two-reel Kaybee drama, "The Voice at the Telephone," one of the most thrilling two-reel subjects ever manufactured. A mammoth Nestor drama, "For Old Time's Sake," follows, and features Harry Schumm. "The Third Party", a big Joker comedy features Miss Bess Meredith and another one of those big Sterling juvenile comedies, "A Race for Life," ends the big bill.

This Week at The Grand.

It is with special pleasure that The Grand management calls the attention of Wilmington people to the offering that will be made at their favorite playhouse every day this week. The greatest, largest and costliest collection of films ever obtained by a moving picture theatre in Wilmington is on tapis for this week. Proof of this will be found by a glance at the big advertisement announcement on another page of today's Star. The galaxy of films there presented will prove conclusively that The Grand is head of the class, and it is a leader of great magnitude, too. The Grand always reaches further than its competitors and invariably manages to land the best, because its rule is "nothing too good for Grand-goers." Therefore, work and expense are never spared, but dispensed with lavish hand in order to give Wilmington folks what is best and freshest. Every day this week films galore will be presented and in each cluster will sparkle a special feature, while Thursday (mark this date well), Mr. Daniel Frohman will present the noted actress, Jane Gray, in the noted play, "The Little Grey Lady," by Channing Pollock. It is in four big reels, and there will also be other films upon this festive occasion.

The Grand is doing other big things. Besides obtaining the exclusive right to all the extraordinary feature films, in which Mary Pickford and the Famous Players Company appear, it has made arrangements to present feature one-reel films in which Miss Pickford is a star. It will do this, too, without raising the price of admission one penny and will inaugurate this swell custom on the very start of the week. Tomorrow's big bill—an enormous show of five reels—will be headed by a swell and beautiful Biograph one-reel production, "The Woman From Mellons," with Mary Pickford as the star. The other four reels will also be hummers, and will cater to every refined taste, furnishing plenty of comedy and supplying an abundance of the dramatic. Following close on the heels of the Pickford film will be Edison's two-part triumph, "The Shattered Tree," and it's a stirrer. Then will come a great laugh producer, because The Grand believes in variety. It will be Kalem's "Fleeing From the Flees." It's a big rib tickler and such fine comedy folks as Ruth Roland, Marshall Nielson and John E. Brennan will be seen. The latest Hearst-Selig Pictorial Review is also a clever star.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Suit was stated in Superior court yesterday by Charles Wessell against G. T. and W. J. Flynn. Herbert McClammy, Esq., represents the plaintiff. The complaint has not been filed.

—Rev. G. T. Adams will preach at Fifth Street church this morning at 11 o'clock on "Giving the Soul a Chance to Grow." The pulpit will be filled at the evening service by Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D.

—Claim and delivery proceedings were started in Superior Court yesterday by B. B. Humphreys against L. P. Gordy for one saw mill, several horses, mules, wagons, etc. The papers were sent to Pender county for service.

BUDGET OF NEWS NOTES FROM TOWN OF DUNN.

C. J. Smith Elected County Chairman Democratic Party—B. C. A. Opens.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Dunn, N. C., August 22.—Mr. C. E. Felton, soliciting agent of the S. A. L., Savannah, Ga., is spending this week here with his mother. He was formerly in the Durham & Southern office of this place. Leaving here he took a position with the S. A. L. at Savannah.

Miss Janie Williams, daughter of Mrs. D. S. Williams, arrived home this week. She has been taking a summer course at the University and also holds a position in the Thomasville school as teacher.

Mr. Carlyle Campbell, of Bule's Creek, returned from Columbia University, New York, after taking a summer course. He is one of the Bule's Creek teachers. Bule's Creek Academy, the oldest and largest school in the county, will open next Tuesday the 25th. Prof. J. A. Campbell, principal, is one of the greatest educators in Harnett county.

A county institute is being held at Angier this week—a two weeks' term. There are eighty teachers enrolled. The Angier people are showing great interest in the work by opening the doors to their homes, giving board to all that attend.

Last Monday the Democratic executive committee met in Lillington and elected Mr. C. J. Smith, of Dunn, county chairman, to succeed Hon. Charles Ross, who has been nominated for the Legislature.

Mr. Berl Warren, of Sampson county, had a birthday party for his sons and relatives. This was Mr. Warren's 79th birthday. He is a popular farmer of Sampson county and has a host of friends. Mr. Theo. Partrick, of Clinton, editor of the Sampson Democrat; Messrs. G. K. Grantham and G. L. Cannady, of Dunn, made short and appropriate speeches, for the occasion. There were about 150 relatives and friends present, mostly Warrens, McLambs and Stricklands. There was a good, old-time dinner served on the grove, such as the Sampson county people have.

The tobacco warehouse of Dunn has postponed the opening sale to September 2 as all the other markets in the eastern part of the State have found it necessary to do. The Chamber of Commerce has rented space in the papers of the surrounding towns, and are offering about $600 in prizes to the tobacco farmers. This organization is doing a great deal towards the development and upbuilding of the town and community and its influence is being felt in the progress of the town.

BOLD DAYLIGHT ROBBERIES IN KINSTON BY NEGROES.

Every Policeman and Deputy Sheriff Called Into Action.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., August 22.—Three vagrant negroes, all unknown, commenced a remarkably daring series of housebreakings in the extreme northeastern part of the city yesterday which resulted in the calling of every policeman and sheriff's officers in the city to the section.

In broad daylight the trio broke into a dwelling from which the colored family was absent and rifled the contents of a trunk and drawers, securing articles of trifling value. The house was one of several located in close proximity to the Kinston silk mills. After leaving this house they attempted to enter another, but were frightened off by dogs. A negro woman saw them in the attempt to break into a third house, and telephoned for a policeman. Patrolman J. F. Skinner called for assistance when he arrived, and the downtown section was the scene of considerable excitement when the unfounded rumor was circulated that the robbers had disarmed and terribly handled Skinner. Officers rushed to the scene, finding the policeman unharmed and the criminals gone.

Woods were handy in which the three negroes found concealment, and it is believed they finally escaped by a country road. The roads leading out of town are being watched.

SOLE AGENT FOR
American Lady Corsets
Butterick Patterns and
Black Cat Stockings
A. Brown
"The Store That Sells Wooltex"

Quick Relief When Utterly Worn Out

Getting the Blood in Order Is Required By Most People.

If you think you have gone to smash and fit only for the discard, try S. S. S. for the blood. It will surprise you to know what can be done for health once the blood is released of the excess of body wastes that keep it from exercising its full measure of bodily repair.

If you feel played out, go to any drug store and ask for a bottle of S. S. S. Here is a remedy that gets at work in a twinkling; it just naturally rushes right into your blood, scatters germs right and left, up and down and sideways.

You feel better at once, not from a stimulant, not from the action of drugs, but from the rational effect of a natural medicine.

The ingredients in S. S. S. serve the active purpose of so stimulating the cellular tissues of the body that they pick out from the blood their own essential nutriment and thus repair work begins at once. The relief is general all over the system.

Do not neglect to get a bottle of S. S. S. today. It will make you feel better in just a few minutes. It is prepared only in the laboratory of The Swift Specific Co., 530 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Send for their free book telling of the many strange conditions that afflict the human family by reason of impoverished blood.

FREE TO
ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as Hay Fever or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes", etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write today and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do It Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON
FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 194-J, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.
Send free trial of your method to:
.....
.....
.....

Two best iron safes in the City of Wilmington, at present used by Navassa Guano Company. Will sell low to save expense of moving to our store. Also twenty-five other iron safes of various sizes and makes for sale

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
Wholesale Grocers
WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Wilmington, N. C.
'Phone 1699-J -:- P. O. Box 1002.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter S Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY
Endorsed and Recommended by Leading Physicians
Shepard's House Fly and Insect Exterminator Kills All Flies, Mosquitoes, Ants, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Fleas, Moths and Other Insects.
Invaluable for House-Cleaning. Not Injurious to People. For Sale by All First Class Stores.
MANUFACTURED AND GUARANTEED BY
SHEPARD'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.
Under the Insecticide Act of June 30, 1910, Serial No. 642.
If you are troubled with MOSQUITOES, spray a few times around where you are sitting, or around your bed.

DAVID'S
FINAL REDUCTION
Don't consider these low prices; think most of the immense values that
HART SCHAFFNER AND MARX
clothes offer, regardless of price. Let the added value in the way of price reductions simply double your conviction that now's the time to buy. There's no getting away from values like these.

$27.50 Suit now $22.50
$25.00 Suit now 21.00
$23.50 Suit now 19.50
$22.50 Suit now 18.00
$21.00 Suit now 16.50
$20.00 Suit now 15.50
$18.00 Suit now 13.50

25% off on Boys' Knickerbocker Suits.
The Largest and Best Assortment of Wardrobe Trunks in the City.
Come in and look them over; prices $20.00 up.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY
Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Furnishers

Perfect Beauty
is impossible where there is imperfect teeth. In fact, we might go farther and say that no beauty at all is possible under such circumstances.
Our Dental Work
will do more for your appearance than any toilet preparation. Better have us examine your teeth and make them presentable.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty. Painless Extraction of Teeth.
Dr. CULBRERH'S
Dental Parlors
Phone 608. Front and Princess Streets

First Of Its Kind
Wilmington at Last to Have a Hat Show, Where the Latest Styles, Shapes and Colors Will be Demonstrated Free of Charge.
On tomorrow we will have on exhibition on our counters Samples of the celebrated
KNOX AND STETSON HATS
for the coming season—1914-1915. We invite the public to call in and look and get an idea of the styles and colors that prevail for the coming season. It is our pleasure to show and instruct you in the latest fashions.
J. M. SOLKY & CO.
One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.
'Phone No. 617. No. 9 N. Front St.

Kermath Marine Motors
The 12 h. p. Gasoline engine that has no equal. Woodruffs up-to date Stationary Gasoline Engine that runs 21½ hours on 2 gallons of gasoline.
GENUINE OLD TOWN CANOES
Aluminum ware, guaranteed for 20 years. Tools for every body. Motor Boat supplies, Fishing Tackle that's fit for fishing, Cable Ranges, Furnaces and Heaters.
WINTER'S COMING
The Foard Hardware Store
29 SO. FRONT ST.

TAKE POLK MILLER'S LIVER PILLS FOR THAT SLUGGISH LIVER

You Need This Remedy at This Season of the Year.

When your liver is out of order you are all out of sorts generally and practically worthless.

What you need is something that will start the secretions and throw off the bile that has been accumulating and made you sluggish and heavy.

Polk Miller's Liver Pills have been the safe family remedy for twenty-five years.

They are free from calomel, which gripes and distresses and which is dangerous to take and do not give the system the enervating feeling which follows the use of salts. They tone up the delicate nerves which are vital to health and relieve you of sick headache, biliousness and dizziness.

They are nature's remedy for your most common ailment and are mild and harmless. Your druggist handles them and knows their worth. Price 10c per box. Free sample sent upon request to Polk Miller Drug Co., Inc., Richmond, Va., 2 1-2c coupon in each box.

BRAVES ARE WITHIN HALF A GAME OF TIE WITH GIANTS.

:: SPORTS ::

ATHLETICS AND BROWNS DIVIDE DOUBLE BILL. RED SOX WIN.

IN THE MAJOR LEAGUES

AMERICAN

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	74	37	.667
Boston	63	47	.572
Washington	60	51	.541
Detroit	56	57	.496
St. Louis	54	57	.486
Chicago	56	59	.487
New York	51	62	.451
Cleveland	38	80	.322

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At New York 5; Chicago 2.
At Washington 8; Detroit 7.
At Boston 4; Cleveland 2.
At Philadelphia 3; St. Louis 4.
2nd: Philadelphia 6; St. Louis 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

No games scheduled.

ATHLETICS AND BROWNS SPLIT A DOUBLE HEADER.

Philadelphia, August 22.—Philadelphia and St. Louis broke even in the double header here today, St. Louis winning the first game in ten innings, 4 to 3, and the locals taking the second, 6 to 1. The visitors outhit the home team by almost two to one in the first contest but splendid fielding back of Shawkey saved him until the tenth, when hits by Austin and Walker and an error by Barry decided the battle. In the second game, Weilman weakened after a duel with Bender.

St. Louis . . . .001 002 000 1—4 15 0
Philadelphia . .000 300 000 0—3 8 2
James and Agnew; Shawkey and Schang.
Second game—
St. Louis . . . .000 100 000—1 9 1
Philadelphia . . .101 000 22*—6 11 0
Weilman and Agnew; Bender and Schang.

SENATORS DOWN TIGERS EIGHT TO SEVEN.

Washington, August 22.—Washington won from Detroit today, 8 to 7. The visitors outhit the home team and had a five-run lead in the fifth inning. Washington scored four runs in the fifth and won the game in the next inning, scoring two runs.

Detroit . . . . .001 330 000—7 12 6
Washington . . . .101 042 00*—8 8 2
DuBuc, Reynolds, Oldham and Stanage; Engel, Shaw, Johnson and Ainsmith.

GOOD HITTING AND RUNNING GAVE RED SOX VICTORY.

Boston, August 22.—Boston won from Cleveland, 4 to 2 today, on clean hitting coupled with daring base running. In the fifth Speaker stole home after tripling.

Boston . . . . .020 010 01*—4 10 1
Cleveland . . . .100 000 010—2 6 0
Foster and Cady; Morton, Blanding and O'Neill.

YANKEES TAKE OPENER FROM CHICAGO CUBS.

New York, August 23.—New York won the opening game from Chicago, 5 to 2. The home team hit both Cicotte an dBenz opportunely, while Warhop kept the Chicago hits scattered.

Chicago . . . . .020 000 000—2 9 3
New York . . . .000 030 02*—5 11 0
Cicotte, Benz and Schalk; Warhop and Nunemaker.

How They Stand

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Birmingham	72	53	.576
New Orleans	69	53	.566
Mobile	69	57	.548
Atlanta	62	55	.530
Nashville	64	62	.508
Chattanooga	62	63	.496
Memphis	63	72	.467
Montgomery	46	83	.357

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Albany	34	21	.618
Charleston	34	21	.618
Columbus	31	25	.554
Savannah	27	26	.509
Augusta	26	30	.464
Macon	23	28	.451
Columbia	25	32	.439
Jacksonville	19	36	.345

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Norfolk	35	20	.636
Roanoke	27	22	.551
Richmond	28	23	.549
Petersburg	24	25	.490
Newport News	21	32	.396
Portsmouth	20	29	.408

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Durham	62	41	.602
Charlotte	63	42	.600
Winston-Salem	57	43	.570
Raleigh	42	61	.408
Greensboro	41	61	.402
Asheville	43	73	.371

Don't be annoyed with two pairs of glasses these care-free days. Be comfortable—wear Kryptoks. They keep you looking young because no one can tell they're double vision glasses. We sell and guarantee Kryptoks. Dr Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free.
(advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

NATIONAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	59	47	.557
Boston	59	48	.551
St. Louis	61	53	.535
Chicago	58	53	.523
Pittsburg	50	53	.463
Brooklyn	49	59	.454
Philadelphia	50	58	.463
Cincinnati	50	60	.455

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg 3; Boston 2.
2nd: Pittsburg 2; Boston 4.
At Chicago 1; Philadelphia 3.
At St. Louis 4; Brooklyn 2.
At Cincinnati 9; New York 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Boston at Pittsburg.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
New York at Cincinnati.

GIANTS STILL SLUMPING DROP TO CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, Aug. 22.—New York dropped the second game of the series to Cincinnati here today by 9 to 4. A triple play in the sixth inning spoiled what gave promise of being a rally by the league leaders. Murray, batting for Fromme, doubled. Bescher reached first when Douglas fumbled his sacrifice hit and then Grant sent a fly to center. Moran caught the ball and threw to the plate, catching Murray. Bescher, who had started for second before the ball was caught made no effort to return and Gonzales threw to Kellog for the third out.

New York . . . . . 010 010 110—4 5 3
Cincinnati . . . . . 420 000 12x—9 12 5
Marquard, Fromme, Wiltse, Schupp and McLean and Meyers; Douglas and Gonzales.

BRAVES DRAW CLOSER SPLITTING DOUBLE BILL.

Pittsburg, Aug. 22.—Boston and Pittsburg divided honors in a double header today. Pittsburg won the first game 3 to 2 in the 12th inning. Boston took the second, 4 to 2. Boston sent the first game into extra innings when it tied the score in the ninth on Maranville's double, a wild pitch and a single. A base on balls to Coleman, a single by Harmon and Viox's fourth single of the game scored the winning run. Errors and opportune hits gave Boston victory in the second game. The Pirates could do nothing with Hess after the fourth.

Boston . . . . . 000 001 001 000—2 12 0
Pittsburg . . . . 101 000 000 001—3 11 1
James and Gowdy; Harmon and Gibson and Coleman.
Second game:
Boston . . . . . 110 000 020—4 8 0
Pittsburg . . . . . 000 101 000—2 7 1
Hess and Gowdy; Cooper, Adams and Coleman.

PHILLIES BUNCHED TRIPLES AND WON FROM CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Philadelphia bunched triples by Lobert and Magee with a sacrifice fly by Cravath in the first inning and took a lead Chicago could not overcome. Smith, who pitched for Chicago was served with a ten days' notice of release several days ago.

Philadelphia . . . . .200 001 000—3 7 1
Chicago . . . . . 100 000 000—1 6 3
Mayer and Dooin; Smith, Zabel and Bresnahan.

"HUB" PURDUE WAS STEADY AND CARDS DOWNE DDODGERS

St. Louis, Aug. 22.—"Hub" Purdue was steady in all but one inning today while his teammates hit Ragan when hits meant runs. Wilson furnished the fielding features, his catches and throws cutting off several runs.

Brooklyn . . . . . 002 000 000—2 8 0
St. Louis . . . . . 111 000 01x—4 9 0
Ragan and McCarty; Purdue and Wingo.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

North Carolina League.

At Greensboro 3; Asheville 2.
2nd: Greensboro 3; Asheville 1.
At Charlotte 4; Durham 3.
At Raleigh 4; Winston 4.

Virginia League.

At Richmond 4; Petersburg 2.
2nd: Richmond 4; Petersburg 2.
At Newport News 4; Portsmouth 5.
2nd: Newport News 3; Portsmouth 4.
At Norfolk 3; Roanoke 5.
2nd: Norfolk 13; Roanoke 0.

Southern League.

At Atlanta 1; Montgomery 0.
2nd: Atlanta 7; Montgomery 1.
At Nashville 1; Birmingham 2.
2nd: Nashville 1; Birmingham 1; (8 innings.)
At New Orleans 1; Chattanooga 0.
At Mobile 1; Memphis 2.

South Atlantic League.

At Macon 1; Albany 0.
At Charleston 5; Augusta 2.
At Savannah 1; Columbia 3.
At Jacksonville 1; Columbus 0.

American Association.

At Columbus 10; Milwaukee 7.
2nd: Columbus 6; Milwaukee 8.
At Cleveland 4; Kansas City 3.
At Indianapolis 3; Minneapolis 1.
2nd: Indianapolis 5; Minneapolis 4.
At Louisville 4; St. Paul 3; (11 innings.)

International League.

At Jersey City 4; Montreal 7.
At Newark 2; Toronto 5.
At Baltimore 4; Buffalo 8.
2nd: Baltimore 3; Buffalo 8.
At Providence 5; Rochester 4.
2nd: Providence 5; Rochester 4.

Lumina Concerts Today.

Popular concert afternoon 3:30. Special concert 8:30. Programme includes selections from "Bohemian Girl," "Folk Songs," "Sympathy," etc.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

FEDERAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	63	49	.563
Chicago	62	51	.549
Baltimore	58	51	.532
Brooklyn	54	53	.505
Buffalo	56	53	.514
Kansas City	50	58	.463
St. Louis	51	63	.447
Pittsburg	49	65	.430

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Indianapolis 12; Brooklyn 6.
2nd: Indianapolis 5; Brooklyn 0.
At Kansas City 2; Pittsburg 6.
At Chicago 2; Buffalo 6.
At St. Louis 6; Baltimore 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

No games scheduled.

PITTSBURGH WON IN THE FIFTH INNING.

Kansas City, August 22.—Pittsburgh had one big inning, the fourth, in which it scored five runs. The locals were never able toe overcome the lead and lost, 6 to 5.

Pittsburgh . . . .000 501 000—6 7 1
Kansas City . . . .001 100 000—2 8 2
Camnitz and Berry; Packard, Adams, Henning and Easterly.

BUFFALO WON FROM CHICAGO OUTLAWS.

Chicago, August 22.—Chicago could do nothing with Morgan today and Buffalo won, 6 to 2. McDonald made a home run.

Buffalo . . . . .202 002 000—6 14 0
Chicago . . . . .010 000 001—2 5 1
Morgan and Allen; Blair, Fisk, McGuire and Wilson.

INDIANAPOLIS STRENGTHENED HER HOLD ON THE TOP.

Indianapolis, August 22.—Indianapolis won two games from Brooklyn today, the first through a fierce batting rally in the eighth inning. Falkenberg, aided by perfect support, shut out the visitors in the second.

Brooklyn . . . .103 101 000— 6 8 4
Indianapolis . . .200 000 37*—12 14 2
Seaton, Marion and Land; Billiard and Rariden, Warren.
Second game—
Brooklyn . . . .000 000 000—0 5 2
Indianapolis . . .200 003 00*—5 7 0
Finneran, Chappelle and Land, Watson; Falkenberg and Rariden.

ST. LOUIS' EARLY LEAD WON FROM BALTIMORE.

St Louis, August 22.—St. Louis scored an early lead and won from Baltimore, 6 to 2.

Baltimore . . . .000 000 011—2 8 3
St. Louis . . . .300 002 10*—6 8 0
Suggs, Conley and Jackitsch; Boucher, Groom and Simon.

FANITORIALS

And Governor Tener attributes the baseball wars to the wars of the nations, rather than to the baseball war; we presume from the same reason that food product producers have attributed the rise in foodstuffs to this cause. But it is unlikely that these views sound President Tener to the bottom. The remarks he made were too vague to be accepted as his candid opinion and belief. He does not give the Federal League due credit for pulling away some one hundred and fifty thousand fans from the parks of organized baseball every day in the season in speaking of the falling off in attendance during the 1914 season.

Pinch hitters were very much in evidence in big league games of Saturday August 8. So many of them came and went that their performances are well worth catalogueing: Hess, Braves, popped out; Gilbert, Braves, popped out; James, Braves, singled; Robertson, Giants, grounded out; Murray, Giants, outfield out; Myers, Giants, and Knisley, Cubs, struck out; Irelan, Phillies, and Williams, Senators, singled; Yerkes, Red Sox, walked; Smith, Senators, walked; Chappell, White Sox, popped out; Lajoie, Naps, grounded out; Walker, Browns, grounded out. Only five out of fourteen got on.

It might have been known that something dreadful would happen in Europe, after the world baseball tour last winter.

It seems that the law governing contracts depends upon the way the judge happens to be feeling when he hears the case.

ELECTRICITY FORCES PLANTS.

Vegetable Growth Increased Almost Like Magic.

(Boston Transcript.)

Of tremendous importance to mankind, in view of the rapidly decreasing food supply of the world, was the announcement of the result of experiments made during the past year in increasing vegetable growth by electricity.

T. C. Martin, in presenting the report of the committee on progress, announced that vegetable growth has been increased 75 per cent over normal by the use of electricity at night. It is by such experiments that the men of electrical science are striving to solve ahead of time what will eventually be the greatest problem the race must face—the shortage of the food supply. Plots have been sown with radishes and lettuce seed. Portions of the plots have been excited by high frequency currents. The vegetables in the plots so affected showed a 75 per cent increase in yield over the plots left to the ordinary ministrations of the sun and rain.

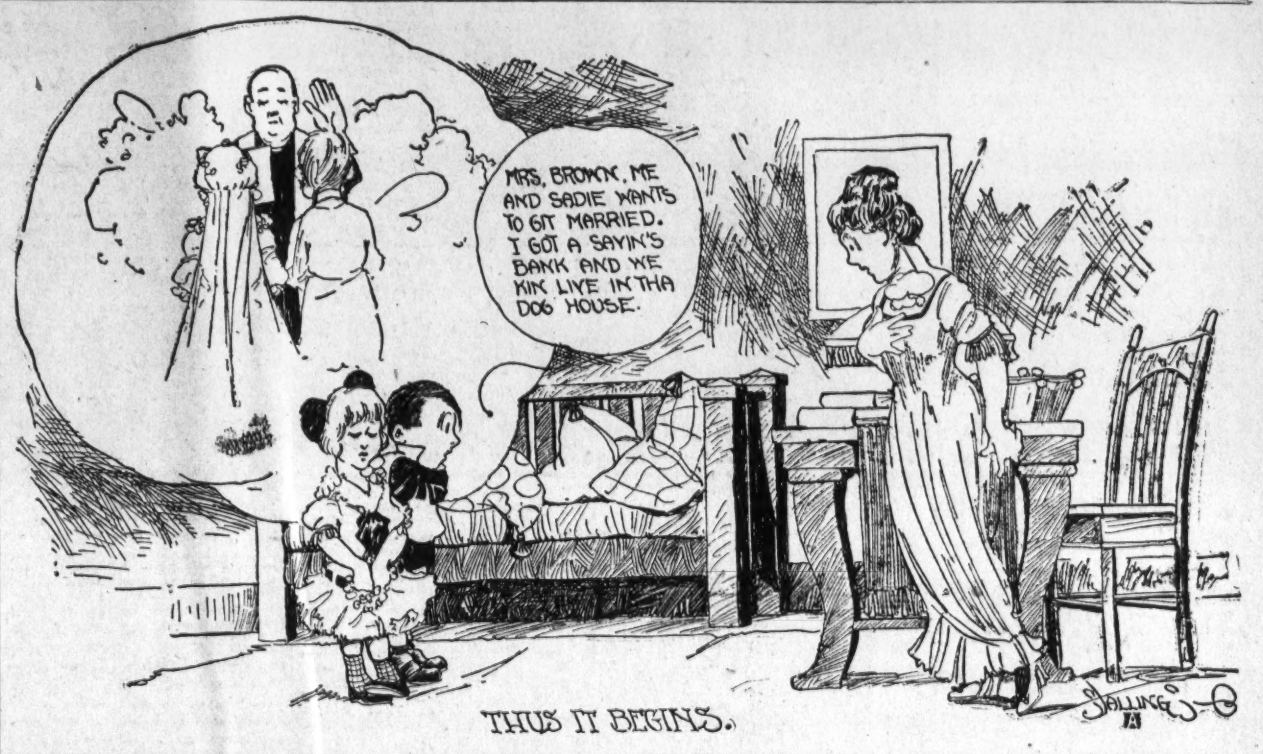
Today at Lumina

Glorious surf bathing. Concerts 3:30 and 8:30. (advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

IN BOYVILL

By Stallings



THUS IT BEGINS.

GIANTS STRENGTHEN THEIR HOLD ON TOP

Downed W. L. I. by Score of Three to Two

Y. M. C. A. Took Measure of Boys' Brigade by Four to Three Count—Best Games of Season.

Results Yesterday.

Y. M. C. A. 4; Boys' Brigade 3.
Giants 3; W. L. I. 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost	Pct.
Giants	8	6	.571
Y. M. C. A.	7	6	.515
W. L. I.	6	7	.461
Boys' Brigade	6	8	.428

A real treat was given those who witnessed the double header of the City League at Sunset Park yesterday afternoon. It put one in mind of the old Eastern Carolina League.

The closeness of the pennant race drew an unusually large crowd to root for their favorite teams. Never was a better class of ball pulled off in Wilmington than that being played by the City League teams during the past several weeks.

The first game was a peach, close and exciting all the way through. Green and Huhn were the opposing slabmen and it was nip and tuck from start to finish. Green was in his best form and pitched one of the best games of the season. He allowed only three hits, one of them a scratch, and struck out fourteen batsmen. Huhn, while allowing a total of nine hits, kept them so well scattered, four of them of the infield variety, that in only two innings could he be scored on. He had a sharp break on his balls and kept the Association boys guessing all the time.

The Y. M. C. A. won out in the seventh inning, after two men were down. Houston hit to deep center for two bases and scored when Fillyaw clouted one over the fence for a home run. Three fast double plays by the Brigade team kept the score down.

The second game was just as good as the first and was tied up until the last of the ninth inning when the Giants succeeded in putting one run over. Shaw and Holt were both in good trim and the game was anybody's until the last man was out in the ninth. The final score was three to two in favor of the Giants, and a well-deserved victory.

Shaw had the goods from the very beginning, but errors at the crucial moment lost the game for him. He held the Giants to four hits, no two coming in the same inning. Holt had his luck as usual, and was given good support, allowing nine hits. He was extra strong with men on bases, pulling out several times without being scored on with the bases thickly populated.

The W. L. I. pulled off two fast doubles when it looked as if the Giants were going to score. Duls and Alderman did some fast fielding, cutting off several hits.

ONE CHILD DEAD; TWO IN SERIOUS CONDITION.

From Ptomaine Poisoning Resulting From Reckless Foraging.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., August 22.—One of the children of Archie McGill, of this county, is dead and two others seriously ill from ptomaine poisoning as a result of eating green scuppernong grapes and watermelon.

The nine-year-old boy, whose case proved fatal, was ill only 14 hours. He died this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Clinton, N. C., August 22.—L. C. Kerr, of Clinton, has assumed the editorship of The Democrat, Sampson county's weekly newspaper. Theodore Partrick, Jr., who was at the head of the paper until now, will study law at the University of North Carolina. Kerr has leased The Democrat property for a year.

ELGIN NATIONAL RACE TURNED INTO TRAGEDY

Ralph De Palma Won and Wishart Was Killed.

Wealthy Young Philadelphian, Bridegroom of Two Months, Lost Life While Driving at Eighty Miles an Hour.

Elgin, Ill., Aug. 22.—The Elgin National Road Race, which like that of yesterday, was won by Ralph DePalma, today developed into a tragedy. Spencer Wishart, the wealthy young Philadelphia racer, a bridegroom of only two months, met death while driving his machine at a rate of 80 miles an hour.

His mechanician, John C. Jenter, a New Jersey boy, probably was fatally injured.

Wishart, leading the race and closely pressed by Burman, tried to pass a machine on the 13th lap. The hubs of the cars came together. Wishart's machine crashed into a fence and turned over, pinning him beneath. His right leg was broken, his skull fractured and his chest crushed. He was hurried to a hospital where he died in the presence of his wife, who until two months ago was Miss Louise McGowan, of the wealthy Indianapolis family of that name.

Jenter was thrown 100 feet from where the car overturned. Militiamen dragged him from the path of other machines. He, too, was taken to the hospital where it was said tonight his chance of recovery was slight.

Four spectators were bruised when the car hit the fence.

A dinner to have been given the drivers in Chicago tonight was cancelled and the accident cast a cloud over DePalma's remarkable performance. Yesterday this driver beat the field over the 301 mile course at an average speed of 73.6 miles. Today's race had 24 starters. Only five were figuring in the race at the close and again DePalma was ahead, his average speed being 73.5 miles, or one-tenth of a mile slower than his previous performance which was a new course record.

Wishart's ill-luck began yesterday. He was leading for most of the Cobe cup race until a leak in his gas tank developed and put him out of it.

Lumina Today.

Concerts afternoon and night. Surf bathing. (advertisement.)

TOLSTOY'S VISION.

In 1910 Tolstoy, the gifted Russian, dictated the following lines, which are being given wide circulation, and which predicted the titanic struggle now embroiling Europe:

"This is a revelation of events of a universal character which must shortly come to pass. Their spiritual outlines are now before my eyes. I see floating upon the surface of the sea of human fate the huge silhouette of a nude woman. She is—with her beauty, her poise, her smile, her jewels—a super-Venus. Nations rush madly after her, each of them eager to attract her especially. But she, like an eternal courtesan, flirts with all. In her hair-ornament of diamonds and rubies is engraved her name—'Commercialism.' As alluring and bewitching as she seems, much destruction and agony follow in her wake. Her breath, reeking of sordid transactions, her voice of metallic character like gold, and her look of greed are so much poison to the nations who fall victim to her charms.

"And behold! she has three gigantic arms with three torches of universal corruption in her hand. The first torch represents the flame of war that the beautiful courtesan carries from city to city and country to country. Patriotism answers with flashes of honest flame, but the end is the roar of guns and musketry.

"The second torch bears the flame of bigotry and hyprocrisy. It lights the lamps only in temples and on the altars of sacred institutions. It carries the seed of falsity and fanaticism. It kindles the minds that are still in cradles and follows them to their graves.

"The great conflagration will start about 1912, set by the torch of the first arm in the countries of southeastern Europe. It will develop into a destructive calamity in 1913. I hear the lamentations of huge battlefields. But about the year 1915 a strange figure from the north—a new Napoleon—enters the stage of the bloody drama. He is a man of little militaristic training, a writer or a journalist, but in his grip most of Europe will remain until 1925. The end of the great calamity will mark a new political era for the old world. There will be left no empires and kingdoms, but the world will form a federation of the United of Nations. There will remain only four great giants—the Angle-Saxons, the Latins, the Slavs and the Mongolians.

"After the year 1825 I see a change in religious sentiments. The second torch of the courtesan has brought about the fall of the church. The ethical idea has almost vanished. Humanity is without the moral feeling. But then a great reformer arises. He will clear the world of the relics of monotheism and lay the cornerstone of the temple pantheism. God, soul, spirit and immortality will be molten in a new furnace, and I see the peaceful beginning of an ethical era. The man determined to this mission is a Mongolian-Slav. He is already walking the earth—a man of active affairs. He himself does not now realize the mission assigned to him by a superior power.

"And behold the flame of the third torch, which has already begun to destroy our family relations, our standards of art and morals. The relation between woman and man is accepted asa prosaic partnership of the sexes. Art has become realistic degeneracy. Political and religious disturbances have shaken the spiritual foundations of all nations. Only small spots here and there have remained untouched by those three destructive flames. The anti-national wars in Europe, the class war of America, and the race wars in Asia have strangled progress for half a century. But then, in the middle of this century I see a hero of literature and art rising from the ranks of the Latins and purging the world of the tedious stuff of the obvious. It is the light of symbolism that shall outshine the light of the torch of commercialism. In place of the polygamy and monogamy of today there will come a poetogamy—a relation of the sexes based fundamentally upon poetic conceptions of life.

"And I see the nations growing wiser and realizing that the alluring domain of their destinies is, after all, nothing but an illusion. There will be a time when the world will have no use for armies, hypocritical religions, and degenerate art. Life is evolution, and evolution is development from the simple to the more complicated forms of the mind and body. I see the passing show of the world drama in its present form, how it fades like the blow of evening upon the mountains. One motion of the hand of commercialism and a new history begins."

PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONS IN AFRICA IN DANGER.

On Account of War in Belgium, Dr. Johnston Asks Prayers.

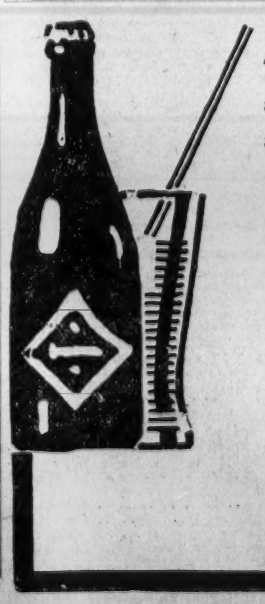
Asheville, N. C., Aug. 22.—Declaring that on account of the battle ground of the European war being located in Belgium, Presbyterian missions in Africa were in danger, Dr. Howard Agnew Johnston, of Stamford, Conn., speaking at Montreat today, requested special prayers for the missions in Africa. He said that mission work on the Congo would be seriously endangered by the war.

Dr. Johnston today delivered the fourth talk of his series on "Realizing God" before the Presbyterian conference at Montreat.

An entertainment by the children at the conference was given tonight.

—Henry Griffin, colored, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman O. V. Thompson on a charge of stealing a coat from Tom McDowell, colored, and was lodged in the city prison to await a hearing before the Recorder.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.



Modern Business demands a strenuous life. The marts of trade are teeming with brilliant men and women working at top speed, and doing and accomplishing.

These men and women find—

PEPSI-Cola

A safe, reliable energizer. It stimulates their minds and bodies—clears their brains, quickens their step.

It helps wonderfully in the days long steady grind.

You will find Pepsi-Cola at Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles, anywhere

5¢

PRESIDENT SERVES HIS COUNTRY WELL

When Tie-Up of Western Railroads Das Imminent.

PREVENTED A CALAMITY

Praised Everywhere for His Action in Settling Dispute Between the Enginemen and Railroads of the West.

Washington, D. C., August 22.—By effecting a settlement of the threatened Western railway strike, President Wilson scored a "triumph of peace," which has a direct and important bearing upon the war crisis.

It is universally admitted that the record-breaking grain crop promises to offset the heavy domestic losses caused by the titanic struggle that, in a few brief days, has crippled the world's trade. What is more important, this vast output of rich American soil will soon be desperately needed for the sustenance of the millions composing the population of the stricken countries of Europe.

By appealing to the patriotism of the railway managers and the labor organizations, an agreement to arbitrate was secured and continued operation of the railways during the critical weeks now beginning was assured. An important difficulty in the way of carrying the crop to market was overcome.

Other measures planned by the administration and overwhelmingly endorsed in Congress will solve other phases of the transportation problem. The change of the shipping laws, admitting foreign ships to American registry under easier terms, is certain to be immediately taken advantage of to increase the number of ocean-going steamships flying the American flag. If enough merchantmen cannot be had Secretary of the Navy Daniels is assured of congressional authorization to use naval vessels. These facts, in conjunction with the likelihood that the British and French lines will be kept in service notwithstanding the war conditions, are regarded as amply guaranteeing a market for the crop.

A few days ago the outlook for composing the differences between the trainmen and the managers of the Western roads seemed hopeless. The railway managers had refused flatly to agree to arbitration under the Erdmann act. Apparently, a tie-up that would halt the movement of grains and meats to the seaboard was inevitable.

Then, at request of President Wilson, representatives of the railroads and the trainmen came to Washington. The President met them and talked freely with them. He appealed to their patriotism, pointing out that if the free movement of foodstuffs in this country was interfered with, it would impose fearful hardships, not only upon Europe, but upon this country also.

Hence, the "national disaster," which th esituation had threatened to entail, was averted. After an all-night sitting, the official spokesmen of ninety-eight Western roads agreed to withdraw their refusal to arbitrate. The agreement definitely guaranteed peace in the railway world for ninety days. The arbitration conferences will be held in Chicago. The railroads and the employes are to name two arbitrators each and they are to select two others. If the four conferees thus chosen cannot agree upon the two others, the Federal board of arbitration, provided for in the Erdmann act, will serve.

Illustrative of general editorial opinion of the President's achievement in averting the strike are the following extracts:

Bigger Than Battle Victory.

Boston Advertiser (Ind. Rep.)—"A victory of peace ,more significant than any battle so far recorded in the European war, is the acceptance of arbitration by both factions in the wages dispute on the ninety-eight lines west of Chicago. These roads afford an outlet for the products of a third of the people of this country; they serve more than half of the territory of the United States, and part of Western Canada. Were the strike to be called in the present period of business uncertainty, the industries of America would be paralyzed as completely as those of the warring nations of Europe. The President is to be congratulated on his success in inducing the parties to agree to arbitration."

Serves His Country Well.

Chicago Herald (Ind.)—"Through A. W. Trenholm, their chairman, the Western railroad managers yesterday informed President Wilson that they had decided to take his advice, and agreed to arbitration of their dispute with the enginemen in accordance with the plan proposed by the government board of conciliation and mediation. • • •

"The whole country will breathe easier. The assurance of a peaceful settlement of a great industrial controversy that threatened to hamper or halt railroad traffic over half the nation will help enormously in meeting the financial and business troubles thrust upon us by the general war in Europe.

"President Wilson deserves and will receive, great credit from the whole country for the firm and fair attitude he took on the question. It was fair, in that it clearly saw that this is no time to enter into the merits of the merely technical points at issue—that the patriotic duty of the hour is to avoid industrial warfare and secure domestic peace.

"It was firm, in that it distinctly implied that unless the contending forces could and would yield somewhere far enough to make an amicable settlement possible, the whole power of the government would be put forth to avert what Mr. Wilson truly said would be, 'in view of world-wide conditions, a calamity of incalculable magnitude.'

"There are times when the claims of any group of citizens, however just when considered by themselves, must yield to the greater interest of all citizens. This is such a time, and Woodrow Wilson, in perceiving and enforcing that truth, has deserved well of the republic."

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New York Evening Post: "It is said that President Wilson has been requested by at least four European sovereigns to give them his receipt for avoiding an 'inevitable' war."

Chicago Tribune (Ind. Bull Moose)—"There is to be no great rail strike. Reason and public spirit have prevailed and arbitration is to be substituted for the folly and waste of labor war.

"This means that our vast surplus crops will be moved to the seaboard without hindrance, and Congress is now at work devising ways and means to expand our facilities for export. To a considerable extent Europe's need is our opportunity, and if we unitedly act with foresight and good judgment we shall not only save ourselves from serious injury, but profit legitimately by supplying in crops and supplies of goods the great deficiencies created by the paralysis of war abroad.

"What we ourselves need is to keep cool, conserve and mobilize our resources, avoid strikes and disturbances of our business machinery. There is no need for fear. We are free from entangling alliances. Our financial relations are being safeguarded to protect us from disastrous foreign reactions. We have an enormous wheat crop, representing a solid basis of wealth. Credit is not expanded. Business enterprise, after months of depression, is on the most conservative footing. The banks are in a very strong position, and the government, besides having a tremendous reserve of gold and silver, has facilities for assisting the banks and thrpugh them the general public more simply, promptly and effectually than ever before. The Aldrich-Vreeland emergency currency law permits the issuance of $500,000,000 notes, $50,000,000 of which already are printed and ready in Washington. Behind these notes will be eleven billions of assets of the national banks. As to gold, aside from the large amount now free in the country, there is $1,040,000,000 in the government's hands to say nothing of nearly $500,000,000 in silver.

"Meanwhile the new Federal Reserve system is in process of organization and in a very short time will be in operation. By this new system our financial resources will be effectively mobilized and utilized according to need.

"Congress is in session and with the administration availing itself of expert opinion and the financial leaders working vigilantly and harmoniously the United States seems about to give as striking an exhibition of the forces of financial and economic power as Europe is giving of the forces of war and destruction.

"In this mighty and beneficent mobilization of the nation's resources we all have in war a responsibility to keep cheerful, clear headed, cool, confident of our own strength."

Realizes Wilson's Achievements.

Speaking of the European war and President Wilson's achievement in averting war between the United States and Mexico, a prominent Wyoming Republican said yesterday:

"I did not vote for Wilson in 1912, but I am free to say that as I see it now, I will vote for him in 1916." That is the trend of thought among patriotic citizens in all parts of the country.

People are just beginning to realize what a great service Woodrow Wilson has rendered the nations of America.—Cheyenne State Leader, August 7.

Watchful Waiting vs. War-like Watching.

European publicists have been unwearied for many months in explaining how ridiculous was American diplomacy in its dealings with the Mexican situation. Some American publicists frequently assured us that American diplomacy was "the laughing stock of Europe" and even of "the world!"

Yet American diplomacy, including that of other American republics as well as the United States, has brought the Mexican problem to an apparent solution without a war and without "war measures" other than the little "demonstration" at Vera Cruz for the necessary illuminatfon of the Mexican ruling class mind.

European diplomacy, required to solve the problem of an essentially private crime, of which a public personage happened to be the victim, has so boggled the job that Europe is plunged in the greatest war that has ever afflicted the human race.

How American diplomacy shines by contrast! How beautiful is "watchful waiting" compared with the "warlike watching" that would not wait in Europe's chancelleries!—Chicago Herald.

The Hope of the World.

We are in position of advantage because of the work that has been done in America during the past one hundred years. But if the assailants of Mr. Wilson had had their way, we would have lost all of these natural advantages, and would ourselves have been at war with Mexico, demanding all of the powers and guns and ships and steel and clothing and food that we could produce, while our soldiers were marching in ever-lessening numbers from one battlefield to another.

We are in a condition to avail ourselves of this opportunity of a century because we have reformed our tariff and reconstructed our financial system.

We are the hope of the world in a period of almost universal warfare.—Louisville Post.

A Practical Peace Promoter

Some weeks ago we believed we were on the verge of a frightful war of our own. It was promptly averted, largely through the President's pacific method. There is no danger of an American-Mexican warfare now. Even though fighting may still continue in Mexico it will presently wear itself out. . . .

Mr. Wilson has done much to bring about this happy conclusion. He is very evidently a practical peace promoter.—Elizabeth (N. J) Times.

The Wilson Way.

By conceding that the voluntary withdrawal of Huerta from Mexico represents an achievement for which the higher honor is due President Wilson the independent press of the country undoubtedly reflects the opinion of all patriotic and intelligently honest Americans. If nothing more is accomplished, President Wilson's Mexican policy has brought "government by assassination" into practical, as well as moral, disrepute among the nations within the zone of American influence and responsibility.—Imperial (Cal.) Enterprise.

OUR OPPORTUNITY.

Federal Reserve Board and Panama Canal Offer Prosperity.

(Edtorial in the New York World)

Facts rule the world. Facts are fortune to those who recognize them. Three facts at this moment appeal mightily to the United States.

With the formal organization of the Federal Reserve Board this country has an assurance for the first time in its history of a banking and currency system just, powerful, scientific and sound. There is to be no more crazy inflation. There is to be no more political or speculative finance. There is to be no more monopoly of credit or of money. On the good faith and the true wealth of the republic, fairly safeguarded and made available not to a few but to all, our business transactions are now to be based.

Bottomed on this rock, American enterprise finds itself challenged at once by world-wide commercial demoralization resulting from a continental war in Europe. As a result of these hostilities thousands of ships have been swept from the seas. Exchange is destroyed. Industry is halted. Trade is paralyzed. Yet markets once closed to us have opened. The channels of communication with the Orient, with South America, with Europe itself, long almost unknown to our shipping enterprise, abandoned by those who recently controlled them invite us to enter.

This week the Panama Canal, constructed by the United States at a cost of hundreds of millions, will be ready for use. It is open to all on equal terms, but beneficent fortune is decreed that the nation whose generosity and whose far-sighted vision pierced the Isthmus may be, if it will, the one to receive its first and its richest rewards. While Europe abandons commerce to make its awful sacrifices to war gods and war lords, we are urged by every consideration of self-interest, as well as by our colossal trade, to put the canal to the most urgent and most profitable uses of peace.

These are three momentous facts, indeed, all harmonizing, all co-ordinating toward a great end; but there is another which was not foreseen. War has silenced factions among neutrals no less than among belligerents. In respect to certain great economic problems the people of the United States are in more complete accord today than ever before. The old academic disputes are forgotten. It is generally admitted that our opportunity has come and that to improve it we do not need subsidies so much as self-reliance, nor party platforms so much as native good sense, nor diplomacy so much as energy.

In the activity of our great commercial organizations and in the apparent willingness of every governmental agency at Washington to assist reasonably without partisan or doctrinaire cavil may be seen the promise of a trade expansion that a month ago was deemed impossible. There is no need of much talk. There is no call for public assistance. There is no time for squaring action and wornout political and economic prejudices.

The seas are ours if we care to possess them. The markets of the world are ours if we choose to enter them. On our diligence and our intelligence must the result depend.

$4,540,000 DAMAGE BY "FURIES"

Of That Amount $4,000,000 Was Destroyed in 1914 Alone.

(London Correspondence.)

No official estimate of the total damage done by the suffragettes is available, but in every case reported the value of property destroyed has been made public.

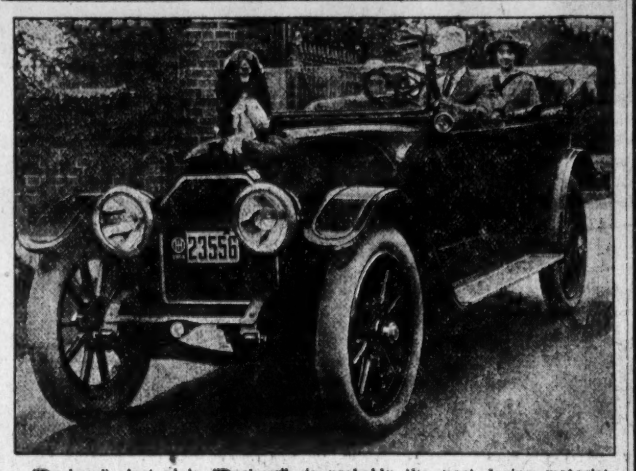
The serious outrages on property began in 1912. Prior to that there were only isolated cases of window breaking at the residences of the Premier, his Cabinet Ministers and others.

The estimates of property destroyed are:

1912	$40,000
1913	500,000
1914 to date	4,000,000

Churches and historic mansions burned and pictures slashed make up most of the totals.

"DUCHESS" AND HER MISTRESS ARE STARTING OUT ON A SPIN



"Duchess"—just plain "Duchess"—is probably the most daring motorist in the world.

Whatever riding position on a car is the most dangerous—that place is preferred by "Duchess."

But her owner, Mrs. M. Meserow, Cleveland, Ohio, is not so enthusiastic about the daring of "Duchess," for "her majesty" is exceptionally royal blooded, having taken several blue ribbons at the Madison Garden show. Mrs. Meserow is afraid Duchess might fall from her perilous position with fatal results.

"Duchess" is a familiar sight on the park boulevards in Cleveland, as she rides along on the hood of a Stearns-Knight car, which is her favorite.

"We could not drive any other car even if we wanted to," says Mrs. Meserow. "There are four attributes to the motoring pleasure of "Duchess." They are goggles, a veil, a dangerous riding place and a Stearns-Knight.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

"The Store Thats Always Busy"

RAPID DISMISSAL SALE

Starts Tomorrow "Monday" And Will Last But a Limited Time. Be on Hand Early and Get First Choice

This announcement could not be printed, nor could this sale be held if it wasn't for the vast amount of new shipments of Fall merchandise crowding our Store to its capacity. The order of the day is CLEARANCE.

THE READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT OFFERS REDUCTIONS OF 1-3 TO 1-2 LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.

We've planned a sensation, and we've worked hard enough to know it will be an unqualified success.

Be on hand early tomorrow and you'll secure THE BEST BARGAINS in Waists, Dresses, Suits, Underwear, Skirts, Children's Wear, Middy Blouses, etc., etc., at lower prices than has ever been offered this season in this or any other store.

THIS WEEK IS BLANKET WEEK AT POLVOGT'S.

Our annual August Sale of Blankets and Comforts starts tomorrow. Your chance to get your winter supply at summer prices this week, before the advance in prices. We earnestly ask you to inspect our magnificent line and note prices for this sale.

This Has Surely Been a Banner Season for Us in White Goods

While thousands of yards of White Goods were sold here in the past few weeks we still have ample stock to supply the demand.

White Ratine, 36 inches wide; our regular 65c quality. Special .. .. 40c yd

36-inch imported White French Crepe, 50c value. Special .. .. 39c yd

40-inch Sheer Luna Lawns at 20 and 25c a yard.

27-inch White Dotted Swiss, 35c value. Special .. .. 25c yd

Fancy White Silk Eolins, 27 inches wide; our 35c quality. Special at .. .. 19c yd

19-inch White Tub China Silk. Special at .. .. 19c yd

36-inch White Granite Ratine; 75c quality. Special at .. .. 50c yd

Beautiful Silk Dresses at Half Price

Exquisite models of the season's most favored styles. Messaline, Crepe de Chine, Taffeta and Fancy Silk Crepe; also several in Printed Crepe de Chine. These garments are the most recent styles and the finish and trimming are of the best. Colors Copenhagen Blue, Russian Green, Tango, Tan, Taupe, Reseda and Rose:

$25.00 Dresess now $12.50

$30.00 Dresses now $15.00

Goods People Like, Prices People Like, At the Store The People Like

Blanket Bulletin

Nashua 1 1-4 Wool Nap Plaid Blankets; $4.00 value. Priced, special, at .. .. $2.98 pair

10-4 Wool Blanket; $5.00 value. Special at .. .. $4.19 pair

11-4 Wool Blankets; $6.00 value. Special price .. .. $4.98 pair

11-4 Extra Quality Wool Nap Blankets, white and Grey. Our regular $3.00 value. Monday's price .. .. $1.98 pair

10-4 Extra full size Bed Comforts—Snowflake. Japonika Silk covering. $5.00 values. Monday's price only .. .. $2.98 pair

Mountain Suits

Suits in beautiful Serges and light weight fabrics, elegantly lined; $25.00 values .. $7.50

New Ribbon at 25 Cents Per Yard

Our Ribbon Department offers a wide range of dependable Ribbons at this special price. Moire, beautiful high lustre Satin, Fancy Stripe Moire, Persian and Floral Ribbons. Widths range up to 5 1-2 inches. A truly satisfactory array of wanted shades.

Bedwear Specials For Monday

81x90 Dreamland Seamless Bed Sheets; regular 85c value. Special at .. .. 69c each

35c quality Turkish Towels; extra heavy and full size. Special price .. .. 25c each

25c Linen Huck Towels; Monday's price, only each .. .. .19c

20c quality large Turkish Towels. Special at .. .. 16c each

10-4 Linene Sheeting; $1.50 quality. Monday's price .. .. $1.25 yd

10-4 Linen Sheeting; $1.00 quality. Monday at .. .. .75c yard

A Bargain Worth

25c Fancy Embroidered Ratine, 27 inches wide. Special for Monday only at .. .. .. 15c yd

Our entire stock of 35c quality Fancy Voiles and Crepes, full 36 inches wide. Priced for Monday at .. .. 19c yd

27-inch Fancy Crepe de Chines; our standard 50c quality. Priced for Monday at .. .. 39c yd

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Wilmington's Shopping Center

Reach

BASE BALL GOODS

Make Famous Players

USED BY THE

World's Champions

EXCLUSIVELY

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

Grovers Soft Shoes

For Tender Feet

Lace AND Congress FOR Comfort

Buttons FOR Dress AND Street WEAR

—AT—

PETERSON AND RULFS

HOME OF GOOD SHOES

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF

HOME SAVINGS BANK

at Close of Business June 30, 1914.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$209,774.83	Capital	$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,806.54	Undivided Profits	4,540.83
Real Estate	12,060.00	Deposits	180,204.64
Cash on hand and due from Banks	11,987.77	Cashier's checks outstanding	883.67
Total	$235,629.14	Total	$235,629.14

J. W. YATES, President. J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.

J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

MILL—RAILROAD—STEAMBOAT WORK

FOUNDERS—BOILER MAKERS—MACHINISTS.
MOTOR BOAT BUILDERS

Railroad and Wharf Facilities

WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

PRAISE FOR PRESIDENT WILSON HAS BECOME ALMOST UNIVERSAL

The Entire World Now Realizes That His Mexican Policy, that of "Watchful Waiting," Was Wise—The Contrast with Europe—What the Newspapers of the Nation, Without Regard to Politics, Have to Say.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—With practically all of Europe plunged in war, with the world's commerce and finance paralyzed, with a domestic situation existing in consequence which requires the utmost concentration of the reserve wealth, resources and energies of the United States, the full significance of President Wilson's success in avoiding a war with Mexico is now apparent.

Throughout the country, independent thought concedes that the nation is under an obligation to the President so immeasurably huge that it cannot be computed in figures or definite terms.

If the United States were engaged in a bloody and costly war below the Rio Grande, could the crisis of the past few days have been met without a crash of credits which would have set the nation back 20 years?

IF this country were at war would it now be possible, as has been done, to proffer American statesmanship to mediate the differences which have engulfed Europe in a maelstrom of devastating strife?

IF—but why amplify?

The answer is obvious and is being echoed in the press from the Atlantic to the Pacific. President Wilson's coolness, courage, forbearance and foresight have saved his country from an evil day. He made it feasible to bring to bear the entire power of the government, as well as the concentrated power of commerce and finance, to meet the abnormal situation. He made it possible to work out the energetic programme by which American interests will be taken care of in the war zone, and under which American grain and meats will be hurried to meet the necessities of the war-stricken peoples across the Atlantic. Likewise, the additional all-important fact stands forth in high relief that the United States is in good position to step forward at the right moment, and, in the cause of civilization, to assist in restoring the European equilibrium.

Editorial comment by leading Republican, Independent and Democratic newspapers upon the point is of surprisingly like tenor:

A Man of Peace.

Some policies of President Wilson have been assailed in these columns, and they will be assailed again, and persistently, until some of them are changed or defeated. But Woodrow Wilson, the man, has one great claim to the everlasting gratitude of the American people, a claim that Mr. Taft, also, would have earned were he in the executive chair; it is based on the fact that the United States is at peace today. Had the jingoism of Hobson and Theodore Roosevelt prevailed, this continent might now be torn by a struggle, smaller in scope, but no less horrible, than that raging on the continent of Europe. Thanks to Woodrow Wilson's steadfast adherence to the ways of peace, in face of a widespread and hysterical clamor for war, this country is today a vast workshop instead of an armed camp. Instead of having sown the seed of lasting hatred in the breast of a neighboring nation, we have strengthened the bonds of friendship and won the respect and trust of all the nations of the two Americas. Nor can anyone say that we have lost prestige in the eyes of the warlike nations of Europe.—Boston Advertiser (Rep.)

A Time to Give Thanks.

It would be a chastening and beneficial experience for the critics of President Wilson's Mexican policy to sit down and go over their criticisms of a few weeks since. Where would the world be if the United States and Mexico were at war today?

At this moment all mankind turns to the United States. Never before in the history of the race has a people faced such a responsibility. With the Six Great Powers of Europe already at war or trembling on the verge, this nation is the center of the world's hopes. The great ships of the Seven Seas seek asylum in our harbors; nations facing panic stretch out their hands to us for gold; we shall be called upon to feed the hungry; to do many a gracious deed to those needing the offices of the Good Samaritan, perhaps to mediate between bleeding and exhausted foes. And we are in position to respond to these appeals, to preserve 100,000,000 of our own people in prosperous security, because our hands are clean of blood and we are at peace with all the world.

Suppose we had been engaged in a war of subjugation in Mexico, with all its colossal economic waste, when we were called upon to sustain the tottering business structure of the world. Suppose, today, the whole of South America were one red blaze of indignation because of our invasion of the territory of a Latin-American people. Suppose our financial structure, along with the strain of the moving of enormous crops and the incidental disturbances from overseas, were weighted with the necessity of financing a costly war, with all sources of international credit dried up. Suppose there were no abode of high civilization on either continent, no single nation of wealth and power to whom the hope of mankind might turn as the abode of peace. Is it not time to give thanks for the patient wisdom of the President?—St. Louis Republic.

Our Unique Position.

It is interesting to mark how public opinion changes in some quarters. A few months ago there was here and there a spirit of jingoism in this country, and our government was being urged to make war on Mexico.

Now, instead of being denounced and ridiculed for his "watchful waiting" policy, the President is commended warmly everywhere for not having embroiled the United States in a war. This revulsion of feeling is attributable directly to the war in Europe, when the United States stands forth as the one great power in the world at peace with all nations. Our unique position at this time meets with hearty approval all over the United States.—Boston Globe (Rep.).

The "Schoolmaster's" Vindication.

In the face of this threat of a terror that would tear Europe to pieces and have its grim reflection over here in the rapidly advancing prices for the necessaries of life, let us stop to think for a brief moment of the situation in our own country but a few months ago.

They named the President of the United States the "schoolmaster" then—the men and newspapers that were shouting for war with the Mexicans. They sneered at his policy of "watchful waiting". They called loudly for a "strong man" to deal with the problem. And a good many of the newspapers, they must now be ashamed to remember, roared 'On to Mexico City," in big type, and prated about putting out the fire when it started—in short, urged the administration of the Government of the United States into a bloody and probably long-continued war.

The "schoolmaster" kept his head and went patiently along his way of humanity and good sense, although once in a while, being human, he showed his disgust at unjustified criticism. But he was not stampeded into fighting. He was determined to keep the peace of this continent, and he did it. Is there a sane man or woman in these United States today who is sorry for it?

Does even the most rabid jingo like to think what would be the condition of affairs here if, added to the general tumult and disturbance over the war threats in Europe, there were a war of our own costing a million a day and no one knows how much in blood and young lives? Would the picture be any pleasanter if the "schoolmaster" had been a "glutton for fighting"?—Boston Post (Ind.)

President Wilson.

Regardless of secrets of diplomacy that may have made the rounds of the world capitals during the last few months, the wisdom of President Wilson's stand for peace between the United States and Mexico shines clearer from day to day. With Europe apparently on the verge of a terrible war, it is well to find this country at peace with all the world, excepting her proper efforts to protect foreign lives in Mexico by the landing of a sufficient force at Vera Cruz.—Pittsburg Post.

A Great Work.

The big thing President Wilson accomplished in the Mexican matter was not with Mexico so much as with the United States. How big a thing it is to allay an aroused war spirit is shown by the European troubles. Only a commanding personality could have played with fire (as Mr. Wilson played with it when he ordered the fleet and the soldiers to Vera Cruz), and not have been scorched or have set the country in conflagration.—Kansas City Star (Ind.).

Fruits of Mexican Policy.

To the patience, the foresight and the broad democracy of the Wilson administration is due very largely the just and beneficent solution toward which the Mexican problem is now working.—Atlanta Journal.

Watchful Waiting.

Let us contrast our condition with that, not only of the nations at war, but the nations struggling for peace in Europe today, and send to the President assurance of our hearty approval of the course he has taken and our congratulations upon the success of that course, which was so vehemently and constantly assailed.

Review the past 18 months and see under what pressure President Wilson has persisted in his watchful waiting, and through that patience and self-restraint has brought two nations to this condition of peace and resultant prosperity.

The people of America owe to President Wilson today what the people of America owed to George Washington when he prevented a war with England, which France and nearly all of America were clamoring for. Surely Wilson waited, and was not made tired by waiting.—Louisville Post.

The Old and New Worlds.

Perhaps some of our European critics—the Spectator among them—will now be able to see some merit in President Wilson's Mexican policy. At least we are not at war with any one, and but for the folly of emperors and kings would be on the high road to prosperity. We think that the 'idealist" has shown more practical sense than the very practical statesmen who have dragged Europe into war—or to the brink of it.

The contrast between the old and new worlds is striking, and most creditable to the new. We are working out the Mexican problem with the utmost patience, and with every prospect of success. Never was there a time when the feeling between the United States and South America was so cordial as it is now. We have the friendship even of Mexico.—Indianapolis News.

Europe Needs a Wilson.

Millions of men are today about to be swallowed up in the vortex of horrible war, because Europe is without a Woodrow Wilson with the wisdom and firmness to avert it.

All Europe is plunging into war with no man or set of men strong enough or wise enough to stop the sanguinary stampede.

America, under the benign assurance of peace procured through the wisdom and persistence of President Wilson, will begin an era of unparalleled prosperity.

The United States has earned the respect and confidence of the whole world and the embassies of the belligerent nations on both sides of the pending conflict will entrust their safety to the United States diplomatic service.

Never in its history did the United States stand so high in the esteem of its sister republics on the Western Hemisphere, and never was our government so honored and trusted by the nations of Europe.—Cheyenne State Leader.

The American Method.

Not long ago some Europeans were finding fault with the United States because it did not take more active steps in dealing with Mexico, active steps meaning essentially sending troops across the border to preserve order.

There are different kinds of international diplomacy. The American kind as carried out by President Wilson has saved this country from a long, costly and appalling war with a neighboring nation. European diplomacy has failed to prevent one war, which will be no slight one, and it may not be able to prevent a vastly greater one.

Judging them by their results, we prefer the American method.—Schenectady Gazette.

Our Prestige Enhanced.

That the world has been impressed with the great moral victory achieved by President Wilson's policy is evidenced by the comment of the European press on Huerta's downfall. On this hemisphere particularly, the invocation of mediation by American powers, as a means of arranging international differences in America, has immeasurably strengthened the confidence of Latin-America in the integrity of our purposes. The United States emerges from the trying incidents of the Mexican revolution with untarnished honor and vastly enhanced prestige, for which a nation's thanks are due their cool-headed, conscientious President.—Humboldt (Nev.) Star.

"The Laughing Stock" Today?

During the long months of "watchful waiting," in Mexico, we were told by critics of the Wilson administration that American diplomacy was "the laughing stock of Europe."

British, German, French and Austrian political writers never tired of explaining how ridiculous was the attitude of the United States, and how certain it was to end in disaster.

Yet our much-derided American diplomacy solved the Mexican problem without a war, while one short week of European diplomacy has plunged Europe into the greatest conflict known to history.—New York World.

GERMANY HOPES TO BANKRUPT HER ENEMIES

One of the most significant articles of news that has thus far penetrated the network of censors is the statement that Germany has seized Russian funds to the amount of $25,000,000 deposited in the banks of Berlin.

Just what this statement may portend is explained by Prof. Roland G. Usher, the famous authority on international politics, in his recent book "Pan-Germanism," a forecast and explanation of the present war.

Germany, he explains, has been able to carry forward her amazing economic development by borrowing huge sums from the very nations with which she is now at war. She freely admits the great advantage to her natural enemies of this arrangement, whereby they exact fro mher as interest a yearly tribute of millions, so long as peace prevails, but claim that those financial factors, which seem to be weaknesses in time of peace would be in case of war a tower of strength. Germany is almost, if not quite, self-supporting, and, with the trade between herself and other European nations overland in time of war, she could become entirely self-sufficing. Nor is she dependent upon her imports for the raw materials to keep her factories busy or to maintain her army and navy. Whatever the balance may be upon the books of the world, she is actually rich, actually richer than England or France. So long as her army is unbeaten, no one can take away from her factories, mines and fields. Whoever may own them on paper, she owns them in reality and will continue to own them so long as she is strong enugh t keep them. Supposing now that she should repudiate the whole debt which she owes other nations, should seize the capital out of which her economic development was created, what then? Would she not actually possess her economic development for nothing? Could she ever be compelled to pay for it by anything short of actual conquest, and is there in the world any nation strong enough to subdue her upon her own soil? Would not such an economic blow destroy her enemies with greater certainty than any conquest by sea or land? Indeed, has she not everything to gain from war and nothing to lose? So long as peace prevails and she continues to recognize the validity of present notions of commercial morality, she must continue to pay huge sums, must continue yearly to part with actual wealth in goods until the debt is paid. The moment war breaks out, she need pay nothing. If she is defeated, she will merely be compelled to pay what she was already obliged to pay. If victorious, she need never pay interest or principal. Would that not be a stake many times worth playing for compared to a war indemnity of any size whatever, and, when such a manoeuvre might also not improbably compass the control of the world's commerce, what German would doubt that the chances of war are better than those of peace? * * * * *

She will get the cash with which to begin the war by borrowing from her enemies, and she will this time either commandeer the money in the banks before war is declared, or she will make war too quickly to permit any repitition of the manoeuvre executed by the London and Paris bankers in the summer of 1911. She cares very little who claims title to that money, so long as she has it, so long as they can take it from her only by force. She is conscious that German securities will everywhere fall in the foreign stock exchanges when war actually begins; she also knows that English and French stocks will tumble likewise, and, she believes that when the reaction of economic forces is complete, the destruction of values in England and France will be too great to make the loss of value in her own securities of any significance. Besides, who own her securities? Who, therefore, will bear the fall in value? Her securities are only paper. The factories and fields they actually represent are not changed in value by operations on the stock market. The foreign investor will lose money and will bear the only ostensible losses and will thus be dealth an additional blow. Germany, in other words, can fight her enemies with their own money, and may obtain not only her industries for nothing, but her army and navy and the whole cost of the war as well. The foreigner may even provide her with the money necessary to begin the war."

EUROPEAN WAR MAY SHIFT SUMATRA TOBACCO MARKET

New York Importers Look to Shanghai as the Distributing Point.

New York, August 18.—The European war has already created a new trade center.

American tobacco merchants, particularly the importers of Sumatra leaf, believe that Shanghai, China, will supplant Amsterdam, the present meeting place for those engaged in the trade, as the distributing point for Sumatra tobacco. Among the New York importers the opinion is freely expressed that under the present war conditions the holding of tobacco inscriptions at Amsterdam are not possible, and that conditions subsequent to the war must serve to hinder rather than help a tobacco market at that point.

Geographically, Shanghai is admirably situated for the collection and distribution of the Sumatra crop, and with the new and the added shipping facilities brought about through the opening of the Panama Canal, the China metropolis is brought nearer the New York market by many days. Last year New York tobacco leaf merchants alone imported 20,000 bales of Sumatra and the demand for this ype of tobacco by American manufacturers of cigars has been steadily increasing. Every year Amsterdam has drawn thousands of buyers to its tobacco market and handled millions of dollars that passed between growers and merchants.

Shanghai possesses excellent shipping and harbor facilities, and a considerable amount of capital in the Sumatra leaf business is furnished by merchants and capitalists engaged in business in that particular section of China. At the same time Shanghai is a free port, and under the peculiar conditions governing the existence of that city it must remain a neutral port. There is probably no other city in the world that may be affected less by war between the various nations than Shanghai. The city, a foreign settlement, is governed by its own people, with autonomy guaranteed by powers that are not likely to decree that its present status or its government be changed. The permanence, therefore, of Shanghai appeals to the men engaged in the Sumatra trade, and the new market place, though born of necessity, will probably remain through choice.

ARMY, NAVY AND PENSIONS GET MOST OF INCOME TAX.

Only 37 Cents Out of Each Dollar for "Peaceful" Purposes.

(By Stannard Baker, in The American Magazine.)

The very first thing that struck me, and struck hard, was the fact that, although we have had no great war in 50 years (and only a little one 16 years ago,) over 60 cents of every dollar that Uncle Sam collects from you and me (directly or indirectly), goes for "military purposes," including continuing expenses of past wars—pensions.

I think that few people realize what this means—in a nation which considers itself peculiarly devoted to peace.

Sixty-three per cent to the army, navy and pensions, and only 37 per cent to pay all the other vast and useful purposes of the Government, including postal service and the preposterous sinking fund—required by law, but never provided in fact. This 37 per cent only is available for building the Panama Canal, improving our rivers and harbors, supporting the Indians, encouraging agriculture, public health and education, to say nothing of taking care of the entire machinery of civil government—Congress, Executive, courts and the diplomatic and consular service.

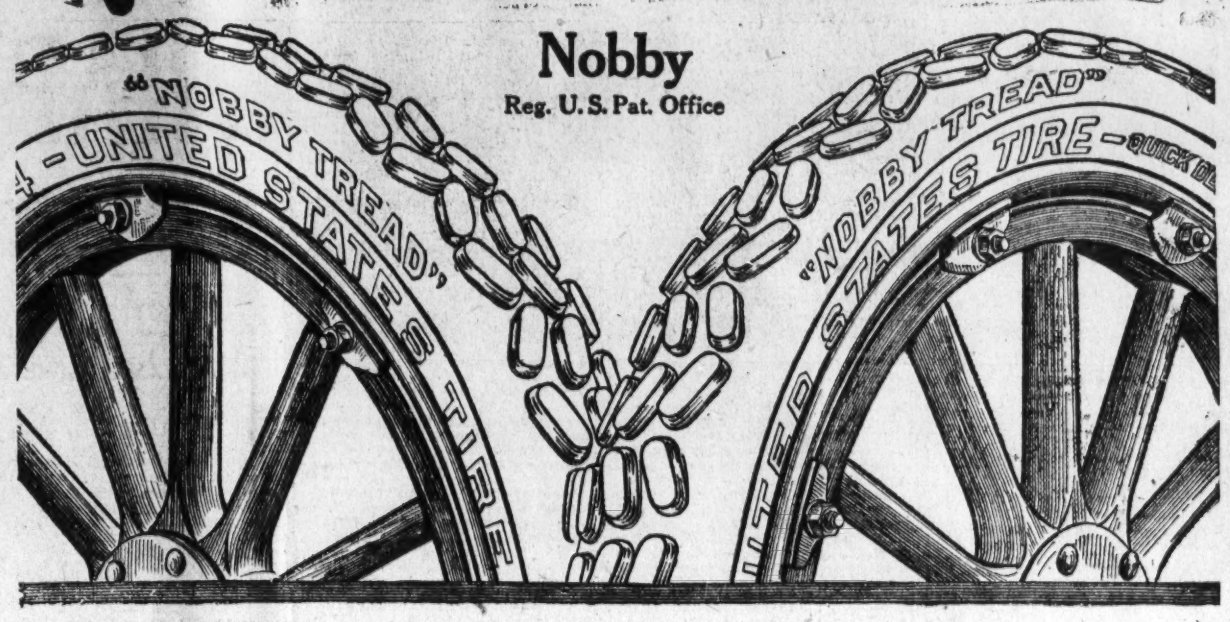
In the estimates for the new year the expenditure of the government for all purposes (with the exception above stated) reaches the vast sum of $740,000,000. Of this $466,000,000 go for war purposes and 45 per cent of this goes for pensions, retirements and interest on war debts.

WAR.

By Prof. William James.

Modern war is so expensive that we feel trade to be a better avenue to plunder; but modern man inherits all the innate pugnacity and all the love of glory of his ancestors. Showing war's irrationality and horror is of no effect upon him. The horrors make the fascination. War is the strong life; it is life in extremis. War taxes are the only ones men hesitate to pay, as the budgets of all nations show us. * * * Where (in peace) is the sharpness and precipitousness, the contempt for life, whether one's own or another's? Where is the savage "yes" and "no," the unconditional duty? Where is the blood tax? Where is anything that one feels honored by belonging to?

Ask these dealers



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Based upon their remarkable mileage records

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are now sold under our regular warranty—perfect workmanship and material—BUT any adjustments are on a basis of

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Ask these dealers—they know about "Nobby Tread" Tires—they will tell you why they are by far the cheapest tires to use in the end—they are the reliable dealers in every locality.

T. D. Piner, Wilmington, North Carolina

NOTE THIS:—Dealers who sell UNITED STATES TIRES sell the best of everything

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

THE PRAISE CONTINUES

Everywhere We Hear Good Reports of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Wilmington is no exception. Every section of the U. S. resounds with praise of Doan's Kidney Pills. Thirty thousand persons are giving testimony in their home newspapers. The sincerity of these witnesses, the fact that they live so near, is the best proof of the merit of Doan's. Here's a Wilmington case.

J. F. Hansley, 406 Walnut St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "My back and kidneys troubled me a great deal and I think it was due to my being on my feet so much. I suffered from dull, dragging backaches and I couldn't stoop without having sharp twinges in my loins. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage and contained sediment. When I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box at Bellamy's Drug Store and in a few days the pains and aches left. I have not had to use a kidney medicine since, and I am glad to say that Doan's Kidney Pills brought me lasting benefit. You are welcome to continue publishing my former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hansley had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE WEEK'S NEWS REVIEWED IN BRIEF

Glimpses of the World at Large, Little News Stories of the Carolinas, and a Resume of Local Doings Prepared for the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader

Of General Interest

DAILY WAR DEVELOPMENTS.

Monday Morning.—Japan had sent an ultimatum to Germany demanding the withdrawal of her warships from the Orient and surrender of Kiau Chau. It was believed this meant war. The limit of the ultimatum was August 23rd. Kiau Chau is a German province in China.——The partial lull in the fighting in Belgium was believed to presage the early beginning of the great battle between the Germans and the allies.——The United States cruisers Tennessee ando Nrth Carolina with millions of gold for stranded Americans in Europe, arrived in Falmouth, Eng., Sunday.

Tuesday Morning—That the Germans were forcing their way through Belgium was indicated by the Brussels report that German cavalry was approaching the Belgian capital, that measures for the defense of Brussels were being hastened and that the seat of government had been removed to Antwerp.—The British press bureau announced that any action which Japan might take against Germany would not extend beyond the China seas except for the protection of Japanese shipping.——The British war council had decided to exclude correspondents from the forces in Belgium.

Wednesday Morning.—There were only brief reports of the activities of the vast German and allied armies opposing each other.——"The French troops are in contact with the Germans but there is no important engagement to report," said an official announcement of the French embassy at London.——A British expeditionary force numbering more than 100,000, had landed at French and Belgian ports.——A naval engagement in the North Sea was rumored.

Thursday Morning.—That a fierce battle had been in progress between Belgians and Germans since Tuesday night was generally admitted.——The Belgians were confessedly falling back on Antwerp, the Belgian port on the North Sea.——Reports that the forts at Liege were either destroyed by the German guns or blown up by the evacuating Belgians were accepted as true.——A general German advance was reported to have been started.

Friday Morning.—The Germans had taken Brussels, the capital of Belgium, and the Belgians were retreating unmolested to Antwerp, to which city the seat of government had been moved several days before. The official announcement of the victory did not mention the casualties on either side.——The Russians claimed successes in outpost skirmishes on ber frontiers.

Saturday Morning.—Having taken Brussels, German cavalry and an army corps of infantry were reported moving westward on both banks of the Meuse. Whether it was theintention of the Germans to proceed to Antwerp or cut their way through into France was not known, but it was believed Antwerp wastheir objective.——The German forces were partially investing the fortified city of Namur with a large force, inculding heavy artillery.

Senator Root, at the New York Republican convention, scored Democraic and Progressive policies.

The total receipts in tolls for the first three days the Panama canal was open amounted to $100,000.

President Wilson is determined to avoid the levying of a war tax, if it is possible to get along without it.

Four companies of the Delaware militia were called out Tuesday to help maintain order in Wilmington, where race riots occurred.

Former President Roosevelt opened the political campaign in Massachusetts by declaring against any compromise with reactionaries.

Pope Pius X, died at 1:20 o'clock Thursday morning. He had been ill for several days, but alarming symptoms did not develop until Wednesday morning.

The Senate passed the House bill admitting foreign-built vessels to American registry after voting down its own amendments to the measure. The president has signed the bill. t

Two armed bandits held up the officials of a Pittsburg bank, escaping with between $2,500 and $3,000, and then shot down their pursuers when overtaken.

It has developed that President Wilson alone prevented a war with Mexico less than three week ago, when the Cabinet wanted to send troops from Vera Cruz to the capital.

Attorney General James C. McReynolds, of Tennessee, was nominated by President Wilson Wednesday to succeed the late H. H. Lurton, as a justice of the Supreme court. Thomas Watt Gregory, of Texas, was nominated for attorney general.

Sheriff J. M. Deaton, of Iredell county, was in Raleigh Thursday to deliver to the State's Prison Harry Smith, a negro under sentence to die in the electric chair October 2, for first degree murder in the killing of another negro in Iredell. Sheriff Deaton says there is a movement that promises to be successful to procure the commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment, the indications being that court officers and others will endorse such executive clemency on the idea that the jury should not have rendered a verdict for first degree murder in the light of the evidence.

In a stteement issued Tuesday evening, Governor Craig gave his findings in the inspection of the convict camp at Whitney which he visited some days ago. As to the death of two convicts from being overheated July 11th, the Governor says that it seems to him Superintendent Busbee should have called in a physician immediately to treat the second man ill when the first had died. Busbee claiming, however, that the second convict was up and insisting he was better that evening, but died later in the night rather suddenly without previously complaining to the extent of requiring an urgent call for a physician.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVES TASTELESS Chill TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50 cents.

(Advertisement.)

Brief News Stories of The Carolinas

Diseases caused the swine breeders of North Carolina to lose 68,100 hogs valued at $612,000 last year, according to a report which has just been issued by the Department of Agriculture.

Mr. A. M. Moore, editor and proprietor of The Fayetteville Index, was thrown from a horse and sustained concussion of the brain Wednesday morning.

The Ansonian learns that the first bale of new cotton for Anson county was sold Monday at Lilesville. It was raised by Mr. E. P. Liles and sold to Mr. Ben R. Walt, cashier of the Bank of Lilesville, for 15 cents a pound.

Democratic State Chairman Thomas D. Warren was in Raleigh Wednesday from Newbern conferring with State officers and party leaders with reference to the impending campaign and preparing to open Democratic headquarters early in September.

The first bale of new cotton to be sold on the Marion, S. C., market this year was bought Wednesday by R. J. Blackwell. It was classed middling and the price paid was 10 cents a pound. It was grown by S. A. Lane, who has about 300 acres in cotton.

James J. Britt, of Asheville, was nominated by the Tenth Congressional district convention with the assurances of the erstwhile divided forces of the party united upon him as their standard bearer to oppose Congressman J. M. Gudger, nominee of the Democratic party.

The North Carolina horse is now worth $139 per head, according to a report just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, while a year ago his average value was $128. There are 180,000 horses on the farms of this State, and they are valued at $25,020,000.

The lines of the Carolina Railroad from Kinston to Pink Hill and Snow Hill may be extended in both directions. Officials of the railroad recently were in conference with Snow Hill business men over a continuation of the road from there to a connection with the Norfolk Southern at Farmville.

Major William E. Breese, of Brevard, N. C., president of the First National Bank of Asheville in 1897 when the doors of the institution were closed with heavy losses to the depositors, Thursday was sent to the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, to begin the serving of his term of two years.

John H. Carter, president of the American National Bank for several years, who resigned that position three years ago, was placed on trial in the United States district court at Asheville Monday charged with violations of the United States banking laws during the time that he was at the head of the financial institution.

According to advices reaching the city, the buyers of the Imperial Tobacco Company, who were withdrawn from the Eastern Carolina territory at the outbreak of the European war troubles several weeks ago, will be back on the market again throughout the bright tobacco belt of Eastern South Carolina and Northeastern North Carolina.

The present prospects are that the yield of peanuts in Eastern North Carolina and Virginia will be fully as large if not larger than last year. Owing to the dry weather in April and May, the planting of one-third of the crop was delayed until June. What the late plants will produce is an unknown quantity at present, as an early frost could play havoc and reduce the yield from the late planting more than half.

By affixing his signature to the charter of the North Carolina Currency Association, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo Monday made available in North Carolina $5,600,000 for the relief of the banks and cotton and tobacco farmers. The money, however, according to A. W. McLean and W. A. Hunt, must come through the National banks. It cannot be issued to State banks direct.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission holds existing freight rates on fertilizer and fertilizer materials from Norfolk, Va., to points in North Carolina, north and east of Hamlet, to be unreasonable and prescribes new tariffs ranging from $1.50 per ton for a 50-mile haul to $2 for 100 miles; $2.60 for 200 miles and $3.05 for 300 miles. The new schedule will become effective October 15th.

The North Carolina National Currency Association is now ready to receive applications and securities for the issuance of additional currency to the maximum of 125 per cent of the capital and unimpaired surplus, these applications and securities to be passed on by the board elected by the association last week and then forwarded to Washington for the approval of the Treasury Department.

Representative Webb has received a letter from the Pan-American Union, notifying him that the United Monasite Co., of Germany, is no longer shipping monasite to Brazil, and that there is a large market there for that product. There is a large quantity of this product in North Carolina and the Ninth district congressman hopes the people of his section of the State will take advantage of this opportunity to develop a good trade in Brazil.

An attempt was made Tuesday night by unknown parties to wreck Atlantic Coast Line passenger train No. 42, about 200 yards south of Calypso station, and, had the cross-tie which was placed across the track been discovered a fraction of a minute later, the engine and a number of the 10 cars attached would have been derailed with possibly heavy loss of life and property.

The plan of Mr. J. A. Taylor, of this city, for warehousing and financing the present cotton crop, in view of the conditions brought about by the European war, as unanimously adopted at a meeting of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerec on Tuesday afternoon, has met with great favor in the cotton belt of the Carolinas and it is not improbable that before a final solution of the question is reached, the plan will be generally adopted all over the South.

J. Elwood Cox, of High Point, one of the State's leading bankers, does not view with alarm the present cotton situation. Mr. Cox said Tuesday that he is confident that neither the tobacco nor the cotton market will be seriously injured on account of the European war. He thinks within the next thirty days conditions will have improved materially ,and that within two months the crisis will have been passed.

Three townships in Wayne county—Brogden, Grantham and Indian Springs—held elections on the question of issuing bonds to aid in the construction of the Central Carolina railroad. All three of the townships voted overwhelmingly in favor of bonds. Glisson and Smith's townships, in Duplin county, held similar elections Monday, and reports received here were that a splendid majority in favor of bonds was the result.

Reports as to the condition of the cotton and tobacco crops in Craven, Pamlico, Jones and Onslow counties which have reached Newbern during the past week are most encouraging, and the belief that a reocrd-breaking crop will be produced is borne out by these. The weather conditions for the growing of tobacco and cotton have been ideal and everywhere the fleecy staple and the large acreage in tobacco is in the very best condition.

Clyde Kennedy, a native of this city and wanted in Newbern for the murder of E. W. Sarlandt, on August 9th, was arrested at Phoenix, Brunswick county, Tuesday by Sheriff S. P. Cowan, Deputy A. L. Kelly and Special Officer H. Mack Godwin. Kennedy was brought to the city in Sheriff Cowan's car, and at 4 o'clock the sheriff and his officers left for Newbern with their prisoner, going through the country in the automobile.

Major William E. Breese, president of the First National Bank of Asheville, when it failed 18 years ago, and whose case in which he is charged with misappropriation of funds has been in the United States court for the past 17 years, Tuesday morning was taken to Asheville from his home at Brevard on a stretcher, to be presented to the district court Wednesday morning when the United States Government asked that his sentence of two years be put into execution.

There are 4,043,000 cords of wood, valued at $7,076,000, consumed on the farms of North Carolina annually, according to a report which has just been issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. The total yearly firewood consumption in this State is 4,872,000 cords with a value of $9,523,000. North Carolina consumes more firewood than any State in the Union. The consumption in the cities of this State is 713,260 cords and 117,000 cords are used in the mineral operations of North Carolina each year.

The farm lavorers of North Carolina work on an average of nine hours and 47 minutes per day, according to a report which has just been issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. Farm laborers in only 12 States work longer hours than those of North Carolina. The farms of North Carolina employ 357,000 laborers and the average monthly compensation is $15.90 with board and $22.30 if the laborer boards himself. These figures relate to the year 1913. The average farm labor wage in Continental United States is $13.85 pe rmonth with board and $19.57 without board.

After those not belonging to the "household of faith" had been eliminated, 48 Progressive and Roosevelt Republicans composed the joint "conference" in the parlors of the McAdoo Hotel, in Greensboro, Tuesday afternoon, that nominated Charles H. Cowles, ex-congressman from the Eighth district, for United States Senator, and adopted resolutions endorsing the policies of Colonel Roosevelt, declaring for a State wide primary for all candidates of all parties, and also for a protective tariff.

President Thos. E. Cooper, of the North Carolina Bankers' Association, has named Mr. H. C. McQueen, president of the Murchison National Bank, of this city, and Mr. W. B. Drake, Jr., cashier of the Merchants' National Bank of Raleigh, to represent the banks of the State at the conference to be held at the Treasury Department at Washington Monday for the purpose of establishing close co-operation among cotton growers, manufacturers and bankers of the country in view of the emergency situation arising out of the foreign war.

The Junior Order State Council adjourned at Durham early Thursday morning, after making an all night session of it. The officers for the coming year were installed in the wee sma hours of the day, and adjournment taken. The State Council decided to work all night on account of the extreme heat during the day. When the cool breezes of the night made working a little more pleasant, and the work progressed so wel, the delegates decided to complete the job before they left the hall. Charlotte gets the next annual meeting.

With some 200 delegates present, 46 out of 100 counties not answering roll call, the Republican State convention met at Raleigh Thursday. Wheeler Martin, of Williamston, former collector of internal revenue, was elected permanent chairman and Frank Linney, of Watauga, was elected State chairman to succeed John Motley Morehead, of Charlotte, chairman for the past four years. Nominations for United States Senator and member of the State Corporation Commission and the ratification of district nominations of judges was left to the State executive committee. The platform adopted pledges for Republican principles and policies; endorses proposed State constitutional amendments for a new system of taxation and for six months term of public schools; favors a State-wide legalized primary for al parties and ofr all offices; for Australian ballot and corrupt practices act; for State reformatories for youthful criminals; for use of convicts in lime quarries and on public roads; for laws to secure an end of discrimination in freight rates; for laws providing for compensation for railroads built into new and undeveloped sections; against bond issues to meet deficiencies in the State Treasury declared caused by extravagance; for a more economical administration of State affairs; and for advanced steps in measures for the conservation of health.

The Week Locally

Circulars announcing the attractions which will compose the Lyceum course at the Boys' Brigade this season were mailed out Thursday to those who subscribed for tickets and these present several splendid musical and other entertainments, nine in all.

Mayor Moore ,of Wilmington, has been requested by the Hon. A. B. Fletcher, president of the Fourth American Road Congress and State Highway Engineer in California, to name three delegates to attend the sessions of the congress at Atlanta, Ga., during the week of November 9th.

Lending color to reports current on the water front that a fleet of British merchant vessels will soon sail from America for England with a large supply of food and grain convoyed by some of the English armed cruisers now in the waters of the Atlantic, three British steamers cleared from this port Tuesday afternoon for other ports, where they will take on cargoes.

For the purpose of developing Smith's Island, lying at the mouth of the Cape Fear river and purchased last spring from the Walker estate of this city, Mr. T. F. Boyd, of Hamlet, and associates of this and other States have organized the Palmetto Island Company, a corporation with an authorized capital stock of $1,000,000 and offices already established at Hamlet and Southport.

Secretary Meares Harriss, of the North Carolina Waterway Association, is sending out programmes and announcements of the seventh annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, which will be held in New York September 22nd to 26th, and the work of which is closely correlated with that of the State organization.

Supplementary to resolutions adopted last week calling on producers and manufacturers in the South to co-operate in devising means for gradually marketing the present cotton crop, the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce at a special session Tuesday afternoon recommended a plan for building warehouses in the interior which it is believed will prove to be entirely feasible.

Rev. J. H. Hollis, pastor of the Fourth Street Advent Christian Church, of Wilmington, declared at Greensboro Wednesday at th eannual camp meeting and conference of the North Carolina Conference of Seventh Day Adventists that he had resigned the pastorate of his church in order to unite with the Seventh Day Adventists, having become convinced by the preaching of Evangelist Carlyle B. Haynes.

Dr. C. W. Stiles, professor in charge of the United States Marine Hospital, spent five years as a student in Europe, most of this time being in Germany, and is, therefore, thoroughly conversant with conditions there and in neighboring countries. So completely did he identify himself with the customs of the German people that he has frequently been mistaken for a native of that country.

The European war has been the means of boosting the prices of drugs and chemical products even in a greater degree than of groceries and other foodstuffs, and wholesale dealers are looking on askance as the prices continue to soar. Wholesale prices of many drugs have doubled and even trebled. Among the articles affected are cocaine, morphine, chloroform, opium, calomel, quinine, and also perfumes and high grade soaps.

After September 1, Secretary J. B. Huntington, of the Y. M. C. A., will have an entirely new staff of assistants with the exception of Mr. J. P. Seitters, physical director, who will still hold this position. While regretting to give up those who have served so faithfully during the past year, Mr. Huntington feels that he has been especially fortunate in securing as their successors men who will be able to carry on the work on the same high plane as during the past year.

The county Board of Education of New Hanover will let the registered voters of Wilmington decide whether or not women shall be allowed to serve on the school committees, soon to be appointed for the Southside and Northside schools, according to cards which have been mailed to all registered for the recent bond election. To each card is attached a reply card on which the voter is requested to express his unbiased opinion without being influenced by anybody.

Passing upon the proposition for the third time, and changing its position for the second time, City Council, at the weekly session Wednesday morning, decided to make no change in the resolution calling for bids for the improvement of Market street from Tenth to Seventeenth, confining the bidding to bitulithic alone. The resolution was passed on its second reading by a unanimous vote, following an extended discussion of the matter by the members of council and citizens present.

Not in a quarter of a century certainly, and probably for a longer time than that, has there been so much uncertainty as now prevails throughout the Wilmington markets. Because of the European war the cost of living is changing almost every hour. While Wilmington retail dealers have been compelled to increase the price of many commodities, it is notable that practically all of them have been selling nearly all foodstuffs at less than they could be had at whole, according to their statements.

City Council, in regular weekly session Wednesday morning, passed on its second and final reading the resolution introduced last week prohibiting the sale or transfer of any existing franchises or franchises that in the future may be granted to street railway companies unless the consent of Council is first obtained; decided to hold a special meeting Saturday morning at 10 o'clock for the purpose of receiving plans and specifications for the new fire station to be erected at Fifth and Castle streets; authorized the board of health to purchase an aditional motorcycle, to build a brick wall around the incinerator building and to have published in pamphlet form the revised health regulations of the county, the funds in each instance to come from the surplus left over from last year's appropriation for the health department, and considere da number of other matters.

HOW TO TEST YOUR EYES

A SIMPLE TEST FOR NORMAL EYESIGHT.

An eye test that costs but five cents and is worth the price aside from the value of the test is a moving picture show. If you can sit through an average program without your eyes aching or feeling dry and tired and without feeling an inclination to open and close them frequently, and if an hour later, or the next morning, your eyes feel perfectly smooth and easy, there is nothing much the matter with them. If, however, after such a program your vision is dim, your eyes feel dry or irritated or burn or itch or ache or feel overworked, try this prescription:

Optona 5 Grains (1 tablet).
Water 2 ounces.

Dissolve the tablet in the 2 ounces of water and use as an eye wash from two to four times a day. This application relieves the tired feeling, seems to lessen the stress or strain and makes your eyes feel smooth and fine. It is a boon after an evening at the moving pictures or after a hard day's work where you have used the eyes incessantly. Irritation, inflammation and many minor eye troubles are greatly benefited and sometimes wholly cured by the use of this prescription. If you wear glasses, try it. You may, to your own surprise, find that you do not need them. Glasses bought at cheap stores without scientific adjustment to the eyes, or glasses worn too long without readjustment, are oftentimes not only absolutely unnecessary, but positively injurious. The use of this prescription may give you a favorable opportunity to judge whether or not you need glasses. It is a simple home remedy that has been used by hundreds of thousands, and among its users many regard it as an indispensable part of their daily toilet. Rob't R. Bellamy or any druggist can fill this prescription.

Use "Gets-It," Corns Shrivel, Vanish!

It's the New Way, and You'll Forget You Ever Had Corns.

"2 drops put on in 2 seconds, corn shrivels, comes clean off!" That's the marvelous story of "GETS-IT," the new-plan corn cure. Nothing can be simpler for the cure of corns—and it never fails. That's why millions of people are using "GETS-IT" today and throwing away their fussy planters, sticky tape, toe-eating salves, and "wrapping outfits" that make a bundle around the toe and choke it into pain by pressing either on or around the corn. There is nothing to stick to your stocking, nothing to cause inflammation or rawness, nothing to press on or around the corn. You apply it in 2 seconds. No more knives, razors, scissors or files, with their blood-poison dangers. Try "GETS-IT" for that corn, callus, wart or bunion.

"GETS-IT" is sold by druggists everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

ANNOUNCEMENT

This is to announce that the garage and service department of the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company has been sold to Mr. R. F. Johnson of the Ford Automobile Company who will continue to operate this business at the same location No. 5-11 North 3rd Street, and will continue to give the service which the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company has given to its patrons.

We will ask that all accounts due to the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company be handled promptly, payment of the same being made at the office of the Queen City Cycle Company, No. 209 Market Street.

All outstanding accounts against the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company should be presented at once to the above office for payment.

We thank our friends for the patronage and support which they have given us.

Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Co.
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Ar. Cincinnai . . .	8:20am	10:30am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago . . .	5:30pm	7:35pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis . . .	7:15pm	7:15pm	7:45am

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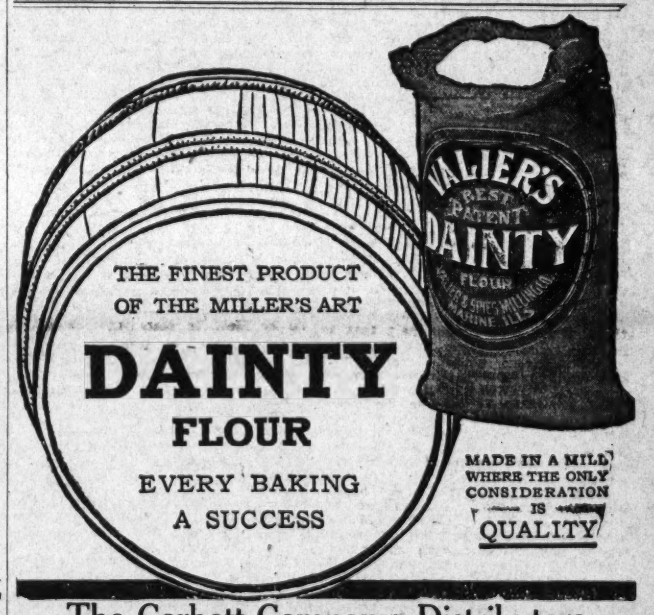

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PRINCELY GIVING AND NOBLE SELF-SACRIFICE IN UGANDA

Wage of Laborers is Five Cents a Day, and Yet Christians in Africa Pledge $50,000 to Build New Church — More Than 12,000 Churches, 25 Years Ago There Was But One Edifice—Baracas in China.

(Southern Missionary News Bureau.)

Mass movements toward Christianity are reported to be going on at four or five different centers in Uganda. Where 25 years ago there was one church in Uganda, there are now over 12,000, according to the Missionary Review of the World. Some 2,800 African Christians, supported by the native church, are engaged in the pastoral and educational and evangelistic work in the diocese. Forty have been ordained and are ably taking charge of thousands of African adherents, communicants and scholars.

In Christian-giving the Uganda church has been wisely trained. They support their own clergy and catechist; pay for their own elementary education, build their own schools and churches, helped only by occasional gifts from the home church.

Toward the building of their new cathedral they have undertaken to raise $50,000. The daily wage of a laborer is about five cents, so that the undertaking means great sacrifice and princely giving. The chiefs have undertaken to give 40 per cent of their rents for three years.

Baraca Classes in China.

Soon after I came to China, last November, I organized a Baraca class among the young men of the Old North Gate church, who knew some English. We began with five or six, and now we have 17 on roll. The class is organized on the Baraca plan. We have not been able to carry out the organization to perfection as it is done in America, but we hope to do so in the future. I wrote to Mr. Hudson, of Syracuse, N. Y., for some literature on the Baraca movement, and I am trying to teach the young men how to carry out the plan of the class. They seem to be pleased with the plan and are taking quite an interest in the work.

Some time ago we had a social meeting of the class, and the young men invited a number of Chinese friends. There was a splendid attendance. They all seemed to enjoy the meeting and as a result we received a number of new members. The expenses of the meeting were about $4, and the class gladly gave the amount. I was very much impressed with the spirit with which some of them gave. A number of them are not Christians, and yet they gave willingly. Some of them are very faithful in attendance and seem to be anxious to be taught the Bible. So far I have been teaching the min English, but in a short time I will turn the class over to one of their own number, whom they have already elected as my successor. I shall continue to keep in touch with them and render all the help that is necessary.

Recently we have also organized a Baraca class in our Cantonese church. At present there are 12 enrolled. The teacher is a very capable Santonese young man. He has taken hold of the work and is pushing it forward. There has also come a call for the organization of a Baraca class in the Mandarin church.

I am hoping that this is the beginning of a movement that will accomplish great things for the Master among the young men in our work. One of the great problems in our mission work is that of getting hold of the young men and keeping them in Christian work. This may be one way of doing it, because it gives them an opportunity of doing something themselves. The Baraca movement has done much among the young men of America. Why can't it do the same among the young men of China?—J. B. Hipps, Southern Baptist Missionary at Shanghai, China.

Eager for Education.

It is a significant fact that in Japan 95 per cent of children of school age are in educational institutions, modernized and adapted rapidly to make the Japanese nation a reading people. There is almost no other place on earth of which such a fact can be stated. How imperative, therefore, is the demand to see that these boys and girls and young men and women of this great people shall be persuaded to search the Scriptures.

An Open Door in Peru.

Eleven years ago I went up the great Amazon river as far as Yquitos, Peru. That city is the outlet for eastern Peru, and a great rubber trading port. That part of Peru is cut off from the rest of that nation by the Andes mountains, and so difficult is the communication with the west that Peruvians from Yquitos will come down the Amazon, go to Panama and cross the isthmus and arrive at Lima by that route. It is readily to be seen how important a city Yquitos is.

I went there with 11 boxes of Bibles, Testaments and Gospels. I sold all of them in 26 days. Now the government of Peru has given liberty of conscience to all. And the Bible is used as a textbook in the elementary schools. Now is the time to send a man to Yquitos, Peru, on the Amazon. We can thus make use of the Peruvians who are now members of our Brazilian churches on the Amazon.

You can take an ocean steamer in New York and land in Yquitos, Peru, without changing from cabin, 13 days to the mouth of the Amazon, 12 days sail up the Amazon, and be right in the heart of a rich, growing country in the midst of half-civilized Indians—a land growing in importance every day.—E. A. Nelson, Maranhoo, Brazil.

The "Untouchables" of India.

Rev. John Lampard, of the Methodist mission in Gujerat, reports that large sections of the 60,000,000 of "untouchables," or outcast people, are moving toward Christianity, "in some districts," he says, "the applicants for baptism are numbered by hundreds and in some by thousands! There are missionaries who make a tour of their districts, baptizing eager candidates at places where there are workers stationed, but almost daily such missionaries have to say, 'No,' to requests—for teachers, schools and actual baptism—from villages too far from present centers to be worked. It seems by no means outside the bounds of possibility that, if the Christian churches were strong enough to receive and give Christian instruction to all such as they come forward, we might see the whole of the outcast people of India seeking to enter the door of the church of Christ within the lifetime of many of the missionaries of today."

Items of Interest.

The Southern Presbyterian churches, according to the reports sent up to the Kansas City assembly, now number 310,602 communicants, 284,693 Sunday school members, and contributed last year to all causes $5,086,798. During last year 16,149 were added on examination and 15,248 on confession, the largest in any year of our church's history. We now have 1,819 ministers and 3,430 churches. The contributions for foreign missions amounted to $561,179; and for all other benevolences, to $1,225,823. The sum of $1,449,068 was contributed for pastors' salaries, and $1,850,728 for congregational expenses.

"The Christian Sahayak," published at Jubbulpore, India, by the Disciples, is a Christian newspaper, published both in Hindu and English. This paper announces that the cholera in the city of Damoh has reached the stage of epidemic. It has continued a month and there was no sign of abating. Indeed, 10 to 15 deaths every day are reported. There have been one or two deaths among our Indian Christians. This epidemic has been aggravated, if not caused, by the shortage of water resulting from last year's failure of rains.

Friends of China view with alarm the helplessness of the new government to control brigandage, which is said to be worse through the country than it was under Manchu rule.

Last year 40,000 were baptized in one mission in India. In the last two years this mission has added more people to the Christian community than in the first 40 years of their labors.

It is said that there are 360,000 Protestant Christians in the land of Korea. The whole number of Protestant missionaries in that land is about 500. The population of Korea is nearly 13,000,000.

Next December will mark 100 years after the first missionaries went out from England there were no converts. Soon afterwards great success began to attend the labors and the results are well known.

It is said that the native church in the Fiji Islands gave $50,000 for foreign missions last year.

ANNUAL MEETING OF WILMINGTON PRESBYTERY.

To be Held in Harmony Church at Kerr in October.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kerr, N. C., Aug. 21.—Wilmington Presbytery will meet in Harmony church, Kerr, October 6, 1914, at 8 o'clock, P. M. We wish to have a full meeting of Presbytery, consisting of 53 elders and about 20 preachers, as delegates, and the whole surrounding country and many friends from elsewhere to attend. The good people of Harmony church are preparing for you, for your entertainment, and for a glorious meeting of Presbytery. We want to see this be one of the best and most profitable meetings of Presbytery in its history. Profitable, because of its important business transactions, profitable, because of the real spiritual blessing it shall be to our good people at Harmony church. Come, brethren, to Presbytery, we give you a most cordial invitation, we open to you our homes, our hearts of welcome, our dining rooms, and we bid you God speed in the great work you come to represent.

We want to emphasize the spiritual and devotional side of this Presbytery more than we have, perhaps, in the past. At the last meeting of Presbytery, which met at Clinton, I shall never forget a remark which that consecrated saint of God made, namely, Mr. B. G. Worth, of Wilmington, when he said: "Brethren, this is the last meeting of Presbytery which, perhaps, I shall ever be able to attend," then with a trembling hand and voice, he said: "In all your Presbyteries emphasize more the spiritual and devotional side." We want every preacher to come with a good sermon, ready to preach when called on.

E. B. CARR, Pastor.

ANNUAL MISSIONARY MEETING.

Woman's Union of Brunswick Association to Meet at Bolivia.

The 12th annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Union of the Brunswick Baptist Association will be held with the Bolivia Baptist church on Thursday, August 27, at 10 A. M. There will be a number of talks and addresses on various lines of church activity which will be of interest to the women of the church. The programme for the meeting follows:

Devotional exercises.

Organization: Appointment of committees, etc.

Address of Welcome—Mrs. M. E. Edwards.

Response—Miss Annie May Wodside.

A Survey of Associational Work—Vice President.

Report of associational officers.

"Our Plans, Our Duties and Relations to Our Associational Vice President"—Mrs. D. Harrelson.

"Personal Service in a Country Neighborhood"—Miss Rea Swain.

"Personal Service in a Small Town"—Mrs. J. J. Loughlin.

Presentation of Mission Study Work—Miss Pearl Frink.

"The Best Way of Teaching Children Missions—Led by Miss May C. Ward.

"Taking and Reading the Missionary Magazines"—Miss Louise Watson.

"The Associational Library"—Mrs. George Hickman.

Afternoon Session—1:30 P. M.

Devotional—Mrs. W. T. Gilbert.

"The Jubilate in Our Association; Retrospective and Prospective"—Mrs. David Ward.

"Woman's Part in the State Missions"—Mrs. Isaac Jenrette.

Report of committees.

Open Conference—Questions and exchange of plans.

Closing devotions.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson IX.—Third Quarter, For Aug. 30, 1914.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Matt. xxii, 15-22. Memory Verses, 16, 17—Golden Text, Matt. xxii, 21—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

This lesson of questions by Pharisees and Herodians and Sadducees, feigning themselves just men, but seeking to entangle Him in His talk that they might catch Him in His words and so deliver Him unto the power and authority of the governor, is found in Matthew, Mark and Luke (Mark xii, 13; Luke xx, 20). His warning to the disciples to beware of the leaven or false teaching of the same three classes of people is found in Matt. xvi, 6; Mark viii, 15. The Pharisees were the most religious people of that day, but were mere formalists. Everything was outward to obtain praise of men; nothing real before God. The Herodians, judging from Herod, could enjoy a good talk, but preferred the sinful pleasures of this world to things real and eternal. The Sadducees were religious, but had no use for things supernatural, angels or spirits, and did not believe in any resurrection. None of them had any use for Jesus Christ or His doctrine. Although they could not deny His wonderful works, His teaching was to them foolish and impractical and impossible. The light of His pure, holy life was too great a contrast to their selfish sinfulness.

Even Daniel's enemies had to confess that he was faithful and that there was neither error nor fault in him and that it would be impossible to find occasion against him unless in some way concerning the law of his God (Dan. vi, 4, 5).

These enemies of Christ were in a similar difficulty, but they would not cease from their purpose. The Pharisees and Herodians unite in a scheme which they think will surely enable them to find occasion against Him, and so they come with flattering words concerning His being a teacher of truth and caring not for what people think or say of Him (verse 16). They propound a question which it seems to them will bring from Him an ensnaring reply: "Is it lawful to give tribute unto Caesar or not?" "Shall we give, or shall we not give?" (Verse 17, Mark xii, 15.)

They probably thought that He would advise not to give to Caesar and thus find Him guilty of teaching against Caesar. They did not begin to know Him, nor that He could read their hearts, nor that they were dealing with one who knew what was in man (Jer. xvii, 10; John ii, 25). How scathing His reply, "Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites?" How surprising His request, "Show me the tribute money," or as it is in Mark xii, 15, "Bring me a penny that I may see it." When they had brought it and in reply to His question told Him whose image it bore, then He saith unto them, "Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's and unto God the things that are God's" (verse 21). So they could not take hold of His words, marveled at His answer, held their peace, left Him and went their way (verse 22; Luke xx, 26).

It was true on all occasions, "Never man spake like this man." He Himself said, "The words that I speak unto you I speak not of myself, but the Father that dwelleth in me He doeth the works." "He gave me a commandment what I should say and what I should speak" (John xiv, 10; xii, 49). If we were as fully yielded to Him as He was to the Father it would be true of us, "It is not ye that speak, but the Spirit of your Father which speaketh in you" (Matt. x, 20). He was the image of the invisible God (II. Cor. iv, 4; Heb. i, 3; Col. i, 15).

When we become His by redemption we begin to bear His image and should day by day be increasingly conformed to that image, for to that end all things are intended to work (Rom. viii, 28, 29). If we by faith behold His glory it will be so until when we see Him we shall be like Him (II Cor. iii, 18; I John iii, 1, 2). By creation they belonged to God, for He gave them life and breath and all things, but by choice they denied God in their works through professing to know Him (Tit. i, 16). God wants nothing from those who will not accept His mercy in Christ Jesus. He must first forgive us as sinners and give us Himself in Christ and make us His children before we can render Him anything, but when we become His our song should be "ever only for Thee." The words "went their way" (verse 22) remind us of the same in verse 5 and that all who are not with Christ in the way are still going their own way to everlasting destruction.

The same day came the Sadducees with their question about the seven brethren who, one after the other, had the same woman to wife, "If there be a resurrection, then whose wife shall she be of the seven?" (Verses 23-28.) Thus they thought they had shown the impossibility of a life after this one. Note His reply, "Ye do err, not knowing the Scriptures nor the power of God" (verse 29). What a farreaching, comprehensive word and in a sense applying to all error, for it all comes from not knowing the Scriptures. The only way to be free from error is to know the truth, which makes us free indeed (John viii, 32-36).

Read Star Business Locals.

WE'VE GOT 'E

Just a little more than a month from now you will be moving into that new house, and will find th several pieces of furniture needed to complete its furnishing—to fit in with its individual style and build rush of "moving day" during the first week in October, you should not delay the purchasing of this neede until the last minute, but begin to look around now and find what you want, and at the right price.

Or, returning from your Summer outing, you will find that there is some long-needed furniture which resolved to buy before the long Winter months set in, but have neglected until now.

Therefore, the caption of this ad. is addressed to you—"We've Got 'Em"—the identical patteens in the pieces of furniture that you have pictured in your mind—"Everything, from a Teaspoon to a Piano," an fore the War" Prices.

DINING ROOM FURNITUR

We have just received a solid carload of brand new Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, and invite your insp during the coming week. The complete co-operative Sterchi organization enables us to buy our furniture in load lots, and at prices that cannot be approached by any individual furniture store organization.

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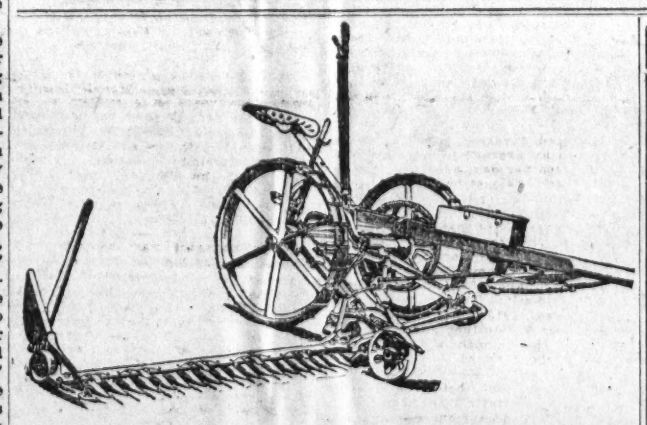

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And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.

NEWS of PHOTOPLAYS and PHOTOPLAYERS

Arthur Leslie

'O'HEARTS" BIG SUCCESS

allment Abounds Thrills.

Which Ever Attended a Wilmington Witnessed talment at Bijou.

crowd that ever attend- picture show in a single ington thronged the Bijou day from early until late he first installment of the , "The Tray O' Hearts." reat capacity of the Bijou to accommodate the throngs anxious to get in at the be- what promises to be the notoplay ever shown in Wil- nd every one was more than with the first installment, s shown in three reels. At t estimate 1,000 Wilmington- reading "The Trey O' Hearts"

MISS CLEO MADISON

in The Star, and Louis Joseph Vance, the author, has already received many flattering commendations for this, his greatest work.

Miss Cleo Madison, who plays the heroine and also the heavy in this picture, promises to get quite as popular, if not more so, than Miss Grace Cunard, who carried off the heart by her sensational performance in this picture in which she takes three wonderful parts.

She is, to begin with, the mother, whose heart is broken, then she appears as one of the twin sisters, one who is lovable and sweet, and the other who is a vengeful virago. Her possibilities are numerous, and she grasps them surely, and in addition is doing some very daring things throughout the series.

In the second installment, published in today's Star, and to be shown at the Bijou next Wednesday, she has some very perilous risks to take, and among other times, gets overturned in a rapids of a river endangering the lives of herself and two others.

Beautiful Edna Maison is happy these days. She is acting in a picture opposite Robert Leonard in a Parisian artist's story. The reason for her joy is that she can gratify the heart of her many admirers and show them some real "reel" French gowns. And such hats! Just watch for them! All we can find out now is that these wonderful hats are balanced over one ear. But—I think that is enough for a while, don't you?

This Mutual Star Is A Trained Athlete

Raoul A. Walsh, who plays heavy leads for the Reliance and Majestic Companies, is both a soldier of fortune and an experienced actor. He ran away from home at the age of fifteen and worked his way around the world. His first appearance on the stage was with Robert Mantell's Shakespearean company in Galveston, Tex. After three years of close study of the great star's methods he went to New York, where

RAOUL A. WALSH

he played Charlie in "Charlie's Aunt" and also appeared in Paul Armstrong's "Salomy Jane" and Joe Gale's production of "Thais." He was with "Joseph and His Brethren" at the Century Theater, New York, just before he joined the Biograph forces, and when D. W. Griffith entered the Mutual Walsh was engaged as heavy lead, under Griffith's direction. He has especially distinguished himself in "The Dishonored Medal" and "The Life of Villa," being at his best in strong western plays and war dramas.

Before joining the Mantell company Walsh played baseball for one season with the Galveston team of the Texas league. He is still fond of the national pastime and plays in the California Motion Picture League.

HERBERT RAWLINSON
Leading Man In a Great Two-reeler Entitled, "Through The Flames."

EARLE WILLIAMS
The Handsome Vitagraph Star as Sacha in "My Official Wife"

FLASHES on the SCREEN

By H. H. VAN LOAN

The film version of "The Opened Shutters" is from the famous novel by Clara Louise Burnham. The scenario for this powerful story was written by Lois Weber (Mrs. Phillips Smalley) and such noted motion picture stars as Herbert Rawlinson, Frank Lloyd, William Worthington and Anna Little will appear in the cast. "The Opened Shutters" will be an innovation in the matter of feature films because the story is founded upon the ultra-modern aspects of mental science and conduct. It is intense and awe-inspiring, because in it the heart is laid naked and emotions battle with emotions. It is not a story of quick and melodramatic action, but of slow and convincing emotional development. At the end of the story the physical aspect of the characters is the same as when the story begins, but their minds and hearts have changed.

Mildred Bright sang and danced an entrance into stageland four years ago by way of the musical comedy, "Havana." That was just by way of entering, for her tendencies and ambitions were for the drama and not for musical comedy. However, the latter served and she considers her three years' experience in this line most valuable. The opportunity to play straight drama seemed long in coming; but with October last, it made itself welcome in an offer from the Universal-Eclair Company, and since then Milred has occupied one of the Eclair's sunny dressing rooms and lets her sunny disposition show itself in the strong Eclair films in which she demonstrates it to herself and others.

Miss Ruth Stonehouse, whose fame as a motion picture actress for the Essanay Company is world wide, is herself a "film fan." Miss Stonehouse was talking to some friends the other day, when one of them said:

"I shoud think that you would get so dead tired of motion pictures that you would hate to pass a theatre."

"No, you're wrong," said Miss Stonehouse, "and in fact I am probably one of the greatest motion picture fans in the world. There is hardly a night passes that I do not go down to our neighborhood theatre and watch the entire bill. Every character in the picture interests me. I watch closely everything they do."

The Universal Imp Company has added another leading lady in the person of Miss Arline Pretty, to its ranks. King Maggot is the fortunate director and leading man who will have Miss Pretty in his company. To King credit can be given of discovering Miss Pretty for the motion pictures. It happened during the casting of the Universal Republic Theatre success, "The Baited Trap." King sought a girl for the leading role who combined with an unusual charm a thorough stage experience.

Miss Pretty was brought to the attention of Mr. Baggott and she made good on her first trial. Later, when King returned to the production of pictures, Miss Pretty was cast as his leading woman. Her work in the "silent drama" indicated remarkable possibilities and natural aptitude, which was not to be overlooked. Julius Stern, studio manager, agreed with Mr. Baggot in his conviction that Miss Pretty was well suited to the screen, and so she was signed up.

Does King Baggot look like Governor Walsh? At least it would seem that one boy up in Massachusetts imagines that King does. "When the Governor recently visited the Prince school, in Boston, he entered one of the class rooms. Before the teacher could introduce him, the Governor put this query to the pupils:

"Which one of you knows my name?"

One youngster down at the back of the room shot his hand into the air, snapped his fingers and fairly shouted:

"Yes, sir, I know."

"Well, who am I then?" asked the Governor.

"King Baggot!" triumphantly exclaimed the boy.

"In a jiffy the lad's smile changed to a sheepish fadeaway look when a score of other pupils jumped up saying:

"It's the Governor!"

"Well," said the sad-faced lad, "he certainly a dead ringer for the movie actor."

"One Wonderful Night" Big Success

ESSANAY'S DRAMATIZATION OF LOUIS TRACY'S ROMANCE WINS APPLAUSE.

Judging from the way it has been received by critics and public, the Essanay four-act drama, "One Wonderful Night," will be one of the greatest hits of the season. Considerable interest is attached to the play because of the fact that its production by the Essanay Company was made possible through the contest whereby Francis X. Bushman, the Essanay star, was voted the most popular photoplay actor.

Mr. Bushman in the leading role—that of John Delancey Curtis—is declared by the critics to have executed one of the most remarkable bits of acting in the history of motion picture plays. The story was written by the noted author of great mystery stories, Louis Tracy. In its production as a photoplay the Essanay Company spared no expense and every detail of the plot is faithfully portrayed on the film.

Wallace Beery, Essanay's remarkable comedian, will be seen in a new series of pictures to be released under the head of "Sweedie." These comedies will concern the adventures, humiliations and embarrassments of a Swedish servant girl. The role just fits Beery, as he is capable of portraying the part of a domineering servant girl who thinks she is abused. The first of this series, "Sweedie, the Swatter," is typical of the others to follow.

"FIRELIGHTS"

"Firelight" is the picturesque name of a beautiful Eclair production, with Miss Barbara Tennant, the popular film star, playing the leading role, that of the Wife of the Factory Owner. The story is extremely touching, and enhanced by the charming personality of Miss Tennant and her able co-star, Mr. Oscar Lund, this picture-drama has scored a remarkable success. As the wife of the wealthy factory owner Miss Tennant has the opportunity to display some beautiful gowns, one in particular striking my fancy. It was a dinner gown of white crepe meteor and lace with cape of embroidered chiffon. The side train was on of the noteworthy features. Graduated lace flounces appear at the side and back. It was really exquisite, and Miss Tennant looked lovelier than ever. The part was very suitable to this talented actress, and she seemed to live and breathe the part of the neglected "poor little rich wife." It is worth seeing and is bound to meet with success by all connoisseurs of the screen firmament.

"THE SEVERED HAND"

There is something extremely Edgar Allen Poeish about that new three-reel drama which has just been released by the Powers Company to the morbid title of "The Severed Hand." But it is one of those plays which, even though it gives one that afraid-to-into-a-dark-room-alone feeling, is well worth seeing.

Imagine yourself suddenly suspected of murder, of killing your own father, by your friends. If you are a girl, imagine your own sweetheart falling a prey to that suspicion. What would be your first impulse? What would you do? Certainly, whether you are man or woman, you would rebel furiously at the unjust suspicion; and while the effects of the tragedy might be crushing, it is likely that, if the suspicions began to close tightly around you, you would revert to the first elemental instinct—that of self-preservation. Or do you think that you would stay and face the music? Here is an interesting question that might be answered.

The cast is an excellent one, consisting of Cleo Madison, who is ably assisted by George Larkin, Edward Alexander, Frank Lanning, Edward Sloman and Ray Hanford.

BIJOU

Programme for Week of August 24th

MONDAY

"THE VOICE AT THE TELEPHONE"
Rousing Two-Reel Kay-Bee Drama.

"FOR OLD TIME'S SAKE."
Big Nestor Drama Featuring Harry Schumm.

"A RACE FOR LIFE."
Rousing Sterling Juvenile Comedy.

"THE THIRD PARTY."
Big Joker Comedy with Bess Meredyth.

TUESDAY

"IN ALL THINGS MODERATION."
Imp Two-Reel Drama, Featuring Dorothy Phillips and Alexander Gaden.

"A STRONG AFFAIR."
Another Rousing Sterling Comedy.

"MABEL'S MARRIED LIFE."
Rousing Keystone Comedy Featuring Miss Mabel Normand and Charles Chapman.

SPECIAL

WEDNESDAY

THE TREY O' HEARTS
Second Instalment as Published in Today's Star. Two Reels.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRL."
Reel No. 23 in which Our Mutual Girl is Found.

"SOME CROOKS."
Crystal Comedy Featuring Vivian Prescott.

THURSDAY

"FOR HER CHILD."
Mammoth Two-Reel Thanhouser Drama.

"38 CALIBRE FRIENDSHIP."
Nestor Drama Written and Directed by Grace Cunard.

"HER TWIN BROTHER."
Joker Comedy Featuring Bess Meredyth.

"A MIDNIGHT VISITOR."
Clever Rex Comedy Offering.

FRIDAY

"THROUGH THE FLAMES.
Rousing Two-Part Red Drama.

"THE TALE OF A TAILOR."
Another Big Drama Number.

"AT THREE O'CLOCK."
Rousing Sterling Comedy Picture.

SATURDAY

"THE HONOR OF THE HUMBLE."
Thrilling Victor Two-Reel Drama, Featuring Florence Lawrence.

"THE BARNSTORMERS."
Big Powers Comedy Featuring Edna Maison.

"FATTY AND THE HEIRESS."
Rousing Keystone Comedy.

Clip This Out So You Wont Miss Any of These Big Ones

GRAND THEATRE

Wilmington's Home of Quality Pictures

Programme for Week of August 24th

MONDAY

Our Little Favorite
"MARY PICKFORD"
IN A ONE-REEL VERSION OF
"THE WOMAN FROM MELLONS"
By the Biograph Company.

5c

"THE SHATTERED TREE"
Two Reel Edison Dramatic

THE HEARST-SELIG WEEKLY"
Illustrating all the current events.

"FLEEING FROM THE FLEAS,"
One of Kalem's big comedies.

TUESDAY

"MOLLY, THE DRUMMER BOY."
A Thrilling Big Reel. Edison Dramatic.

"THE POLITICAL BOSS."
Story of Love and Politics. Kalem.

"BRONCHO BILLY'S PUNISHMENT."
A Western Drama with G. M. Anderson.

"IT'S A SHAME."
One of Lubin's Great Comedies.

WEDNESDAY

"REPORTER JIMMIE INTERVENES."
Big Selig Drama, revealing the secrets of the Railroad Trust. In Two Reels.

"HER SPANISH COUSIN."
Edison Comedy Drama, why she prefers to livein the country.

"THE FALSE AND THE TRUE."
A Vitagraph Dramatic Featuring Dorothy Kelly and James Morrison.

THURSDAY—*Special Feature*

BY FAMOUS PLAYERS' COMPANY.

Daniel Frohman Presents *JANE GREY* In the famous Dramatic Success

"THE LITTLE GRAY LADY."
By Channing Pollock
A romance of official life in Washington.—Four Reels.

Selig offers
"ALGIE'S SISTER."
A Western Comedy.

Children, 5 Cents. Adults, 10 Cents.

FRIDAY

"A STRING OF PEARLS."
Kalem two-reel masterpiece with William Brunton, Leo D. Maloney, Helen Holmes and G. A. Williams.

"CARYL OF THE MOUNTAINS."
Selig, Dramatic Love Story.

"DOCTOR SMITH'S BABY."
A Vitagraph Comedy, with Maurice Costelo, Mary Charleson, Robert Gaillord and Jack Bulger.

SATURDAY

SPECIAL TWO-REEL PATHE "A ROYAL SURVIVOR."

"PROSECUTION."
A strong Western love story, with Alfred D. Vosburgh, Margaret Gibson and George Holt, by Vitagraph Company.

"A ROMANCE OF THE PUEBLO."
Many are the tales, bo th legendary and romantic, told of the dwellers of theancient peublo of Laguna, New Mexico.

The TREY O'HEARTS by LOUIS JOSEPH VAN

SECOND INSTALLMENT

The photo-drama corresponding to the installments of "The Trey O'Hearts" may now be seen at the leading moving picture theaters. By this unique arrangement with the Universal Film Mfg. Co. it is therefore not only possible to read "The Trey O'Hearts" in this paper, but also to see each installment of it at the moving picture theaters.

SYNOPSIS—The 3 of Hearts is the "death sign" used by Seneca Trine in the private war of vengeance, which, through his daughter, Judith, a woman of violent and criminal temper and questionable sanity, he wages against Alan Law, whose father (now dead) Trine held responsible for the accident which made him a helpless cripple. Law loves Rose, but under dramatic circumstances saves the life of Judith, her twin sister, and unwillingly gains her love, also.

I—THE HUNTED MAN.

(Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance.)

That day was hot and windless with an uncloudéd sky—a day of brass and burning.

Long before any sound audible to human ears disturbed the noonday hush, a bobcat sunning on a log in a glade to which no trail led, pricked ears, rose, glanced over shoulder with a snarl and—of a sudden was no more there.

Perhaps two minutes later a succession of remote crashings began to be heard, a cumulative volume of sound made by some heavy body forcing by main strength through the underbrush, and ceased only when a man broke into the clearing, pulled up, stood for an instant swaying, then reeled to a seat on the log, pillowing his head on arms folded across his knees and shuddering uncontrollably in all his limbs.

But even as he strove to calm himself and rest, the feeling that something was peering at him from behind a mask of undergrowth grew intolerably acute.

At length he jumped up, glared wildly at the spot where that something no longer was, flung himself frantically through the brush in pursuit of it, and —found nothing.

With a great effort he pulled himself together, clamped his teeth upon the promise not again to give way to hallucinations, and turned back to the clearing.

There, upon the log on which he had rested, he found—but refused to believe he saw—a playing card, a Trey of Hearts, face up in the sun-glare.

With a gesture of horror, Alan Law fled the place.

While the sounds of his flight were still loud, a grinning half-breed guide stole like a shadow to the log, laughed derisively after the fugitive, picked up and pocketed the card, and set out in tireless, cat-footed pursuit.

An hour later, topping a ridge of rising ground, Alan caught from the hollow on its farther side the music of clashing waters. Tortured by thirst, he began at once to descend in reckless haste.

The shelving moss-beds afforded treacherous footing: Alan was glad now and then of the support of a cedar, but these grew ever smaller, and more widely spaced and were not always convenient to his hand. He came abruptly and at headlong pace within sight of the eaves of a cliff—and precisely then the hillside seemed to slip from under him.

He was instantaneously aware of the sun, a molten ball wheeling madly in the cup of the turquoise sky. Then dark waters closed over him.

He came up struggling and gasping, and struck out for something dark that rode the waters near at hand—something vaguely resembling a canoe.

Within a stroke of an outstretched paddle, he flung up a hand and went down again.

Instantly one occupant of the canoe, a young and very beautiful woman in a man's hunting clothes, spoke a sharp word of command and, as her guide steadied the vessel with his paddle, rose in her place so surely that she scarcely disturbed the nice balance of the little craft, and curved her lithe body over the bow, head-foremost into the pool.

II—THE HAUNTING WOMAN.

He experienced a little fever, a little delirium, then blank slumbers of exhaustion.

He awoke in dark of night, wholly unaware that thirty-six hours had passed since his fall. This last, however, and events that had gone before, he recalled with tolerable clearness—allowing for the sluggishness of a drowsy mind. Other memories, more vague, of gentle ministering hands, of a face by turns an angel's, a flower's, a fiend's, and a dear woman's, troubled him even less materially. He was already sane enough to allow he had probably been a bit out of his head, and since it seemed he had been saved and cared for, he found no reason to quarrel with present circumstances.

Still, he would have been grateful for some explanation of certain phenomena which still haunted him—such as a faint, elusive scent of roses with a vague but importunate sense of a woman's presence in that darkened room—things manifestly absurd . . .

With some difficulty, from a dry throat, he spoke, or rather whispered: "Water!"

In response he heard someone move over a creaking floor. A sulphur match spluttered infamously. A candle caught fire, silhouetting—illusion, of course!—the figure of a woman in hunting shirt and skirt. Water splashed noisily. Alan became aware of someone who stood at his side, one hand offering a glass to his lips, the other gently raising his head that he might drink with ease.

Draining the glass, he breathed his thanks and sank back, retaining his grasp on the wrist of that unreal hand. It suffered him without resistance. The hallucination even went so far as to say, in a woman's soft accents:

"You are better, Alan?"

He sighed incredulously: "Rose!"

The voice responded "Yes!" Then the perfume of roses grew still more strong, seeming to fan his cheek like a woman's warm breath. And a miracle came to pass: for Mr. Law, who realized poignantly that all this was sheer, downright nonsense, distinctly felt lips like velvet caress his forehead.

He closed his eyes, tightened his grasp on that hand of phantasy, and muttered rather inarticulately.

The voice asked: "What is it, dear?"

He responded: "Delirium . . . But I like it . . . Let me rave!"

Then again he slept.

III—DISCLOSURES.

In a little corner office, soberly furnished, on the topmost floor of one of lower Manhattan's loftiest office-towers, a little mouse-brown man sat over a big mahogany desk: a little man of big affairs, sole steward of one of America's most formidable fortunes.

Precisely at eleven minutes past noon (or at the identical instant chosen by Alan Law to catapult over the edge of a cliff in northern Maine) the muted signal of the little man's desk telephone clicked and, eagerly lifting receiver to ear, he nodded with a smile and said in accents of some relief: "Ask her to come in at once, please."

Jumping up, he placed a chair in intimate juxtaposition with his own; and the door opened, and a young woman entered.

The mouse-brown man bowed, "Miss Rose Trine?" he murmured with a great deal of deference.

The young woman returned his bow with a show of perplexity: "Mr. Digby?"

"You are kind to come in response to my—ah—unconventional invitation," said the little man. "Won't you—ah—sit down?"

She said, "Thank you," gravely, and took the chair he indicated. And Mr. Digby, with an admiration he made no effort to conceal, examined the fair young face turned so candidly to him.

"It is quite comprehensible," he said diffidently —"if you will permit me to say so—now that one sees you, Miss Trine, it is quite comprehensible why my employer—ah—feels toward you as he does."

The girl flushed. "Mr. Law has told you?"

"I have the honor to be his nearest friend, this side the water, as well as his man of business."

He paused with an embarrassed gesture. "So I have ventured to request this—ah—surreptitious appointment in order to—ah—take the further liberty of asking whether you have recently sent Alan a message?"

Her look of surprise was answer enough, but she confirmed it with vigorous denial: "I have not communicated with Mr. Law in more than a year!"

"Precisely as I thought," Mr. Digby nodded. "None the less, Mr. Law not long since received what purported to be a message from you: in fact—a rose." And as Miss Trine sat forward with a start of dismay, he added: "I have the information over Mr. Law's signature—a letter received ten days ago—from Quebec."

"Alan in America!" the girl cried in undisguised distress.

"He came in response to—ah—the message of the rose."

"But I did not send it!"

"I felt sure of that, because," said Mr. Digby, watching her narrowly—"because of something that accompanied the rose, a symbol of another significance altogether—a playing card, a Trey of Hearts."

Her eyes were blank. He pursued with openly sincere reluctance: "I must tell you, I see, that a Trey of Hearts invariably foresignaled an attempt by your father on the life of Alan's father."

With a stricken cry the girl crouched back in the chair and covered her face with her hands.

"That is why I sent for you," Mr. Digby pursued hastily, as if in hope of getting quickly over a most unhappy business. "Alan's letter, written and posted on the steamer, reached me within twenty-four hours of his arrival in Quebec, and detailed his scheme to enter the United States secretly—as he puts it, 'by the back door,' by way of northern Maine—and promised advice by telegraph as soon as he reached Moosehead Lake. He should have wired me ere this, I am told by those who know the country he was to cross. Frankly, I am anxious about the boy!"

"And I!" the girl exclaimed pitifully. "To think that he should be brought into such peril through me!"

"You can tell me nothing?"

"Nothing—as yet. I did not dream of this—much less that the message of the rose was known to any but Alan and myself. I cannot understand!"

"Then I may tell you this much more, that your father maintains a very efficient corps of secret agents."

"You think he spied upon me?" the girl flamed with indignation.

"I know he did." Mr. Digby permitted himself a quiet smile. "It has seemed my business, in the service of my employer, to employ agents of my own. There is no doubt but that your father sent you to Europe for the sole purpose of having you meet Alan."

"Oh!" she protested. "But what earthly motive—?"

"That Alan might be won back to America through you—and so—"

There was no need to finish out his sentence. The girl was silent, pale and staring with wide eyes, visibly mustering her wits to cope with this emergency.

"I may depend on you," Mr. Digby suggested, "to advise me if you find out anything?"

"For even more." The girl rose and extended a hand whose grasp was firm and vital on his fingers. A fine spirit of resolve set her countenance aglow. "You may count on me for action on my own part, if I find circumstances warrant it. I promised not to marry Alan because of the feud between our fathers—but not to stand by and see him sacrificed. Tell me how I may communicate secretly with you —and let me go as soon as possible!"

IV—THE MUTINEER.

Within the hour Rose Trine stood before her father in that somber room wherein he wore out his crippled days, in that place of silence and shadows whose sinister color-scheme of crimson and black was the true livery of his monomania—his passion for vengeance that alone kept warm the embers of life in that wasted and moveless frame.

An impish malice glimmered in his sunken eyes as he kept her waiting upon his pleasure. And when at length he decided to speak, it was with a ring of hateful irony in that strangely sonorous voice of his.

"Rose," he said slowly—"my daughter!—I am told you have today been guilty of an act of disloyalty to me."

She said coolly: "You had me spied upon."

"Naturally, with every reason to question your loyalty, I had you watched."

She waited a significant moment, then dropped an impassive monosyllable into the silence: "Well?"

"You have visited the man Digby, servant and friend of the man I hate—and you love."

She said, without expression: "Yes."

"Repeat what passed between you."

"I shall not, but on one condition."

"And that is?"

"Tell me first whether it was you who sent the rose to Alan Law—and more, where Judith has been during the last fortnight?"

"Shall tell you nothing, my child. Repeat"—the resonant voice rang with inflexible purpose—"repeat what the man Digby told you!"

The girl was silent. He endured her stare for a long minute, a spark of rage kindling to flame the evil old eyes. Then his one living member that had power to serve his iron will, a hand like the claw of a bird of prey, moved toward a row of buttons sunk in the writing-bed of his desk.

"I warn you I have ways to make you speak—"

With a quick movement the girl bent over and prisoned the bony wrist in her strong fingers. With her other hand, at the same time, she whipped open an upper drawer of the desk and took from it a revolver which she placed at a safe distance.

"To the contrary," she said quietly, "you will remember that the time has passed when you could have me punished for disobedience. You will call nobody: if interrupted, I shan't hesitate to defend myself. And now"—laying hold of the back of his chair, she moved it some distance from the desk—"you may as well be quiet while I find for myself what I wish to know."

For a moment he watched in silence as she bent over the desk, rummaging its drawers. Then with an infuriated gesture of his left hand, he began to curse her.

She shuddered a little as the black oaths blistered his thin old lips, dedicating her and all she loved to sin, infamy and sorrow; but nothing could stay her in her purpose. He was breathless and exhausted when she straightened up with an exclamation of satisfaction, studied intently for a moment a sheaf of papers, and thrust them hastily into her hand-bag, together with the revolver.

Then touching the push-button which released a secret and little-used door, without a backward glance she slipped from the room and, closing the door securely, within another minute had made her way unseen from the house.

And the Canoe Swam Broadside to a Boulder, Turned Turtle and Precipitated Both Headlong Into the Savage Water—To Collapse, Exhausted Against the Bank.

V—THE INCREDIBLE THING.

Broad daylight, the top of a morning as rare as ever broke upon the north country: Alan Law opening bewildered eyes to realize the substance of a dream come true.

Then it proved itself, at least, in part. He lay between blankets upon a couch of balsam fans, in a corner of somebody's camp—a log structure, weather-proof, rudely but adequately furnished. His clothing, rough-dried but neatly mended, lay upon a chair at his side.

He rose and dressed in haste, at once exulting in his sense of complete rest and renewed well-being, a prey to hints of an extraordinary appetite, and provoked by signs that seemed to bear out the weirdest flights of his delirious fancies.

There was no other living thing in sight but a loon that sported far up the river and saluted him with a shriek of mocking laughter.

The place was a cleft in the hills, a table of level land some few acres in area, bounded on one hand, beneath the cliff from which he had dropped, by a rushing river fat with recent rains; on the other by a second cliff of equal height. Upstream the water curved round the shoulder of a towering hill, downstream the cliffs closed upon it until it roared through a narrow gorge.

Near the camp, upon a strip of shelving beach that bordered the river where it widened into a deep, dark pool, two canoes were drawn up, bottoms to the sun. Dense thickets of pines, oaks, and balsam hedged in the clearing.

He was, it seemed, to be left severely to himself, that day; when he had cooked and made way with an enormous breakfast, Alan found nothing better to do till time for luncheon than to explore this pocket domain.

He feasted famously again at noon; whiled away several hours vainly whipping the pools with rod and tackle found in the camp, for trout that he really didn't hope would rise beneath that blazing sun; and toward three o'clock lounged back to his aromatic couch for a nap.

The westering sun had thrown a deep, cool shadow across the cove when he was awakened by importunate hands and a voice of magic.

Rose Trine was kneeling beside him, clutching his shoulders, calling on him by name—distracted by an inexplicable anxiety.

He wasted no time discriminating between dream and reality, but gathered both into his arms. And for a moment she rested there unresisting, if sobbing quietly.

"What is it? What is it, dearest?" he questioned, kissing her tears away.

"To find you all right. . . . I was so afraid!" she cried brokenly.

"Of what? Wasn't I all right when you left me here this morning?"

She disengaged with an effort, rose, and looked down strangely at him.

"I did not leave you here this morning, Alan. I wasn't here—"

That brought him to his own feet in a jiffy. "You were not!" he stammered. "Then who—?"

"Judith," she stated with conviction.

"Impossible! You don't understand."

The girl shook her head. "Yet I know was here until this morning. I tell you I saw her only a few hours ago. She pas a canoe with one of her guides, while we in hiding on the banks. Not that alone, other of her guides told mine she was h you. She had sent him to South Portage nine. He stopped there to get drunk—an how my guide managed to worm the info from him."

Alan passed a hand across his eyes. " understand," he said dully. "It doesn't see sible she could—"

A shot interrupted him, the report of a rifl a considerable distance upstream, echoed a echoed by the cliffs. And at this, clutching tically at his arm, the girl drew him throug door and down toward the river.

"Oh, come, come!" she cried wildly. "There time!"

"But, why? What was that?"

"Judith is returning. I left my guide up trail to signal us. Don't you know what it me if we don't manage to escape before she gets her

"But how?"

"According to the guide the river's the only w other than the trail."

"The current is too strong. They could follo —pot us at leisure from the banks."

"But downstream—the current with us—"

"Those rapids?"

"We must shoot them!"

"Can it be done?"

"It must be!"

Two strokes took it to the middle of the pool where immediately the current caught the little craft in its urgent grasp and sped it smoothly through more narrow and higher banks. A moment more and the mouth of the gorge was yawning for them.

With the clean balance of an experienced canoeman, Alan rose to his feet for an instantaneous reconnoissance both forward and astern. He looked back first, and groaned in his heart to see the sharp prow of the second canoe glide out from the banks. He looked ahead and groaned aloud. The rapids were a wilderness of shouting waters, white and green, worse than anything he had anticipated or ever dreamed of.

But there was now no escaping that ordeal. The canoe was already spinning between walls where the water ran deep and fast with a glassy surface.

The next instant it was in the jaws; and the man settled down to work with grim determination, pitting courage and strength and experience against the ravening waters that tore at the canoe on every hand, whose mad clamor beat back and forth between the walls of the gorge like vast bellowings of infernal mirth.

He fought like one possessed. There was never an instant's grace for judgment or execution; the one must be synchronous with the other, both instantaneous, or else—destruction.

The canoe wove this way and that like an insane shuttle threading some satanic loom. Now it hesitated, nuzzling a gigantic boulder over which the water wove a pale green and glistening hood, now in the space of a heartbeat it shot forward twice its length through a sea of screaming waves, now plunged wildly toward what promised instant annihilation and cheated that only by the timely plunge of a paddle, guided by luck or instinct or both.

The one ray of hope in Alan's mind, when he surveyed before committing himself and the woman he loved to that hideous gauntlet, sprang from the fact that, however rough, the rapids were short. Now, when he had been in their grasp a minute, he seemed to have been there hours.

His laborings were tremendous, unbelievable, inspired. In the end they were all but successful. The goal of safety was within thirty seconds more of quick, hard work, when Alan's paddle broke and the canoe swung broadside to a boulder, turned turtle and precipitated both headlong into that savage welter.

As the next few moments passed he was fighting like a mad thing against overwhelming odds. Then, of a sudden, he found himself rejected, spewed forth from the cataract and swimming mechanically in the smooth water of a wide pool beyond the lowermost eddy, the canoe floating bottom up near by, and Rose supporting herself with one hand on it.

Her eye met his, clear with the sanity of her adorable courage.

He floundered to her side, panted instructions to transfer her hand to his shoulder, and struck out for the nearer shore.

Both found footing at the same time and waded out, to collapse, exhausted, against the bank.

Then, with a sickening qualm, Alan remembered the pursuit. He rose and looked up the rapid just in time to view the last swift quarter of the canoe's descent: Judith in the bow, motionless, a rifle across her knees, in the stern an Indian guide kneeling and fighting the waters with scarcely perceptible effort in contrast with Alan's supreme struggles.

Like a living thing the canoe seemed to gather itself together, to poise, to leap with all its strength; it hurdled the eddy in a bound, took the still water with a mighty splash, and shot downstream at diminished speed, the Indian furiously backing water.

As though that had been the one moment she had lived for, Judith lifted her rifle and brought it to bear—upon her sister.

With a cry of horror, Alan flung himself before Rose, a living shield, anticipating nothing but immediate death. This was not accorded him. For a breathless instant the woman in the canoe stared along the sights, then lowered her weapon and, turning, spoke indistinguishably to the guide, who instantly began to ply a brisk paddle.

The canoe sped on, vanished swiftly round a bend.

After a long time, Alan voiced his unmitigated amazement:

"Why—in the name of heaven! why—?"

The girl said dully: "Don't you know?" And when he shook his head. "Her guide told mine you had saved her life on the dam at Spirit Lake. Now do you see?"

His countenance was blank with wonder: "Gratitude?"

Rose smiled wearily. "Not gratitude alone, but something more terrible. . . . " She rose and held out her hand. "Not that I can blame her. . . . But come; if we strike through here we will, I think, pick up a trail that will bring us to Black Beaver settlement by dark."

(To be continued.)

See this installment in three reels at the Bijou Wednesday.

ES ACUTE INTEREST ST OF LIVING PROBLEM

d Prices Arouses New Yorkers' Ire—Some e Cheaper Soon, But Sugar Likely to Remain le War Lasts—Gotham's Oldest Restaurant Hides From Public.

22.—The cost of liv- been revived by the taken place in food the beginning of the now rivals in inter- the war itself. The seholders who have in their grocery and ve filled the newspa- committees have been action and prosecuting en called upon to jail ble for advancing the The difficulty, of course, esponsibility. The most ons have been raised to in the cost of meats, and sugar. While some pparently have taken ad- he current excitement to rofits it is gradually be- that the consumers them- argely responsible for the ng today in much heavier n they ordinarily carry and ed that the advance in the icles of which the United uces enough to feed itself come to an end, if it has done so. In the case of wever, it is pointed out by rts that we grow only about we consume and that the countries in which nearly world's sugar crop is grown now engaged in war. High sugar, therefore, are likely while the war continues as already has purchased over 0 pounds in New York. These point out that America is ca- producing all the sugar she nd that steps should be taken this about.

* * *

nost curious of New York's eat- ces is a little place known as ld House at Home." One mark individuality is the fact that it ot seek—in fact almost repels— atronage. Those of the congenial who frequent it will tell one t is "somewhere below Fourteenth t!" and let it go at that. The ing of crowds there would spoil place for them. Above the door h faces an alley from a side street worn and almost undeciperable nd setting forth the typically Irish e of mine host who personally ets each customer. One's first im- ssion is gloomy, but the place grows attractiveness. In its two low oms, dimly lighted by gas, hospitali- has been dispensed by three gener- ions of the same family for more an sixty years, during which time it said the flakes of cinders that hung rom the ceiling—having accumulated rom the dense tobacco smoke of all hese years—have never been disturbed. Many are the objects of historic interest that adorn the walls. On entering one does not call a waiter but takes what is served to him. The crowd that gathers here evenings is composed of writers, artists, reporters and other congenial spirits who, through clouds of smoke, recount their experiences and aspirations without reserve.

* * *

The old adage about the high birth rate of "suckers" finds new proof in the daily records of the Manhattan police. Wireless wire-tappers, smooth gentlemen who sell the Brooklyn Bridge or sections of Central Park to guileless foreigners, even the purveyors of green goods and gold bricks, still find victims in spite of the frequency with which they have been exposed. Just now detectives are looking for the "inventor" of that ancient machine which was supposed to make money by the simple device of splitting up one ordinary bill into two of the same demnomination. The hopeful investor in this case turned over $400 in real money and received in exchange a package supposed to contain $800 which he was warned to leave unopened for twenty-four hours in order that it might have time to dry—and incidentally, of course, that the swindler might have time to make his "getaway."

* * *

Vegetable farms now flourish on many acres of saltmarsh land in the outskirts of New York that have been filled in by ashes and other refuse. This ash-dump property, within easy driving distance of the city's markets, has lain for years apparently useless, hardly worth the taxes, until recently an Italian trucker applied for a lease. "Why there's nothing but ashes," exclaimed the owner. "So much the better," said the gardener. And now, on this waste area, supposedly without a semblance of soil, around crude buildings constructed from waste wood and scrap tin—neither large nor artistic, but providing shelter for the boss, his family, eight helpers and two horses, have come luxuriant fields of waving corn, high pole beans, crisp lettuce and cabbage, red ripe tomatoes, all kinds and varieties of vegetables, growing as if the soil were the most fertile in the world. How is it done? Maybe its the ashes, suggests the Italian.

MAGAZINE MAKING IN WAR TIME.

The publication of the big War Manual of The World's Work as the September issue of that magazine brings to light the remarkable story of a magazine remade overnight to meet a great emergency. To the daily newspaper which takes a fresh start with a clear desk and waiting presses each 24 hours this would present less serious difficulties, but monthly magazines in the very nature of the case must be written and printed some time in advance. To stop the presses for a change, ever so slight, in magazine making is a serious affair. "The World's Work," however, not only stopped their presses, but turned a complete somersault and have landed right side up with a big war issue on the regular publication date. The publishers in the following tell how they did it:

"The editors had finished with the September number and the sheets were flying off the presses when the great war broke. At once the fact stood out that in three days the matter which was fresh and new on the 31st of July seemed flat and uninteresting under the unprecedented outlook of August 3rd.

"There was little of news about the war that the newspapers would not print before a war number could be published, but it was realized that there was one thing suddenly demanded—a real compendium of all the facts that every one in reading the newspapers wanted to know: information which involved much research in books and maps to secure. Here, said the editors of the World's Work, is a chance to serve if it can be done quickly; give the readers a real "War Manual."

"On Monday, August 3rd, the plans were drawn up, and before night all of the magazine staff and many outsiders were working gathering material, getting pictures, drawing maps. On Thursday, August 6th, the editorial department had begun to turn in copy. Experts in naval and military affairs who were unaccustomed to the art of rapid writing were induced to work like newspaper reporters, and by Friday, the 14th of August, some 125,000 words of copy were written and set, over a hundred pictures engraved, a dozen absolutely new maps made, and the work of about eighty people day and night ended on Saturday night with a five-page index including over 1,300 references. From two to four sets of plates of each page were made to gain speed by working double or four times as many presses, and the press room twenty-four hours out of twenty-four.

"The very difficult task of putting a whole magazine, including advertisements, to press at one time—248 pages—was successfully accomplished, notwithstanding the fact that a hundred delicate pictures and maps in black and red ink had to be made ready on the jump. On Monday, August 17th, complete copies started to come from the press at the rate of 20,000 a day. On Tuesday they were in the bindery, which although busy with three of our other magazines, turned them out ready for the postal car at the rate of about twelve tons a day. As a result subscribers will get "The War Manual" on the same day that their regular September number falls due."

The contents page alone shows the interest and importance of the articles in the Manual. Such articles, for instance, as:

"The Effect of the War on the United States," by Charles Frederick Carter.

"The Causes of the Conflict."

"Why the Nations Fight," by Albert Rushnell Hart.

"Rights and Duties of the United States as a Neutral," by Charles Cheney Hyde.

"The Alliances that Made the War" by Rollo Ogden.

"A War Correspondent's Impressions of the Fighting Armies," by James F. J. Archibald.

"The Armies of Europe," by Frederic Louis Huidekoper.

"New Things in War," by John S. Gregory.

"Austria's Civilizing Mission," by an Austrian Diplomat.

CAUSE OF THE WAR

Mr. W. Frank Blount, of Fayetteville, who returned from a tour of Germany and other European countries just before the war situation developed and is now sojourning for a spell at Valle Crusis, in the mountains of Western North Carolina, has written to the Fayetteville Observer a brief and interesting article on "The Cause of the War." It is written in Frank Blount's own blunt and unique style and is so pertinent that The Star reprints it, as follows:

"The fellow who rubs the sleep from his eyes as he races to the cotton mill or follows a mule up and down a corn row all day—the woman who scrapes the bottom of a bread tray, or cranks the coffee mill to the tune of the plantation rising bell, or the 5 o'clock whistle, want to know all about the war and especially the cause of it.

"Good articles have been printed on this subject, but many of the aforesaid population are in a hurry. In the dying daylight they snatch up the tri-weekly for a few minutes, see a whole lot about the 'Triple Alliance' and 'Triple Entente,' throw down the paper and very naturally are still wondering and asking what it is all about.

"With no disrespect to the historians let's strip this subject of its dress suit and see how it will look in its plain, every-day clothes.

"Some time ago Austria looked over her back-yard fence, saw and wanted a little strip of land known as Bosnia. She was under a solemn obligation with other nations—her neighbors—not to take this land, but the spirit of land-grabbing was strong upon her and Bosnia became a part of Austria's possessions.

"The neighbors of Austria made a protest and reminded her that she had broken her pledge. The emperor of Germany steps in at this stage of the game and says he will back up Austria in gobbling up Bosnia.

"In the meantime, little Bosnia was about as much opposed to becoming a part of Austria as the town of Raeford would be to Red Springs becoming the capital of Hoke county. Bosnia's sympathies were with Servia.

"Later when Archduke Frances Ferdinand, the future ruler of Austria, went down to take a look over their newly-acquired territory, they filled him full of lead. Austria held Servia responsible for the killing and the fight was on.

"A lot of that land in Bosnia would probably not bring over two dollars an acre under the auctioneer's hammer, but it is the costliest piece of land that any nation or individual has ever acquired.

"Twenty millions of men are now trying to kill each other as a result, and the estimated cost of this wholesale killing in dollars and cents is somewhere around fifty millions of dollars a day.

"From such a staggering avalanche of destruction the American citizen turns his thoughts toward Mexico and the peaceful and successful policy of our government.

"And when the echo of the last cannon in this gigantic European struggle has died away, the eyes of every nation will be focussed, not on its victors, but on the two greatest warriors in all the civilized world today, Woodrow Wilson and W. J. Bryan, the warriors of peace."

"HAVE YOU GONE TO PRESS?"

That is a familiar question in a newspaper office and over the telephone to the editor. If answered in the negative, as sometimes is, about half past three o'clock on Monday and Thursday, then the next question is, "Can't you put this piece in?" This piece is often an article a column or two long, which could as easily have been handed in two days before. It is things like this that make the newspaper man's life a burden and turn his hair gray before its time.

The average person seems to think that "pieces" are put into the paper with a coal shovel, and that it is no use handing them in until just before "going to press." In fact, if they had a Fourth of July speech or a long report of a school closing to go in, they would think it ample time if they got it to the office at 3:30, and would expect to see it in the paper on the streets at precisely four o'clock.

It takes time to set up things, even on the linotype, and if anybody has anything to go into the paper, let him get it to the office just as soon as he can, the sooner the better.

—Newberry Observer.

MORE THAN HALF THE WORLD IS IN A STATE OF WARFARE

The 20,000,000 Soldiers Involved Would Leave Little Room For Residents If Landed on Manhattan

(New York Herald)

With approximately 20,000,000 men under arms in Europe representing nations the areas of whose countries exceed one-half of the area of the globe, statisticians are figuring out various complex yet interesting conditions which the mobilization of so vast a body of men in time of war necessarily creates. The war now in progress being one of the greatest in history, it follows naturally that in comparison with the date of the past the present computations rise to heights beyond the comprehension of the average person, whose talents for mathematics are, perhaps, directed in other and more useful channels.

After making various calculations, based upon facts and figures connected with the current war, a downtown statistician said that if the armies of Germany, France, Austria, Russia, England, Servia, Montenegro, Belgium and Italy, numbering 20,000,000 men, were to be deposited upon the island of Manhattan there would be little room for the millions now occupying this island.

"Manhattan has an area of 21.93 square miles," he said. "This represents roughly, based upon an area of 22 square miles, 505,524,800 square feet of territory. Allowing a space of four square feet for each soldier, the European armies now in the field would take up every inch of Manhattan from the Battery to a point beyond One Hundred and Fiftieth street.

"Should they lie at full length, allowing six feet for each man, the line of sleeping soldiers would extend a distance of 120,000,000 feet, or 22,728 miles. Such a line of human beings would almost encircle the globe."

The statistician said further that the transportation of such an army of men across the Atlantic would require 585 steamships the size of the Vaterland, of the Hamburg-American line. The ordinary man of sound appetite consumes about two and one-half pounds of food every day, so that the men under arms in Europe consume 50,000,000 pounds or 25,000 tons daily. This amount of food if stacked up in boxes would equal in size the Woolworth building. To transport this vast food supply, allowing thirty tons for each freight car, a train of 833 cars would be required. Allowing 60 feet for each car, this train would have a length of nearly 10 miles and approximately 20 locomotives would be required to move in.

The clothing for 20,000,000 men, allowing three yards for each man's uniform, would represent 60,000,000 yards of cloth. Sewed end for end together this strip of cloth would cover a distance of 34,000 miles or one and one-half times the circumference of the earth. The buttons for these uniforms would weigh about 2,000 tons and would require more than 1,000 horses to draw the load comfortably.

Each soldier consumes about one and one-half pounds of meat a day, provided it is apportioned on this liberal basis by the various commissary departments of the respective armies. This would mean the consumption of 30,000,000 pounds or 15,000 tons. To supply this food more than 25,000 cattle would be required. The hides so obtained would, if converted into shoes for this vast army, provide shoes for fewer than 500,000 men for one year and shoes for 20,000,000 men would take more cattle than could be housed in the stock yards in Chicago if they were twenty times as big as their present size.

"Few realize what a tremendous spectacle 20,000,000 men would make if they were to parade," said the statistician. A regiment of 1,000 troops, marching four abreast, occupies a space 10 feet wide and 1,000 feet in length. Twenty million men marching in the same order, would cover a line of march 3,837 miles in length. If the men marched four feet apart, this distance would be doubled and at six feet it would be trebled. Just fancy a parade reaching from New York to San Francisco, the head of the line counter-marching, and reaching Ogden Utah, on its return before the last men are in motion at New York.

"All parades ever held in the world would be insignificant in size compared with the monster procession. The 'Sound Money' parade in New York in 1891 showed 99,195 marchers. A parade of the entire armies of Europe, marching as the 'Sound Money' partisans did in 1891, would have been 2,200 times as long. There were beside this great parade six others at various times in this country the total number of marchers having been 283,168. Basing computation upon 300,000 men in these parades, a procession of the troops now at war in Europe would be 666 times as large.

"Let us speculate further. Suppose these 20,000,000 troops were to encamp in Manhattan. The whole five boroughs would be fairly covered with tents, while the avenues between the lines of tents would be almost impassable because of the stacked rifles. The thousands of commissary and accoutrement wagons with their thousands of horses would be forced to seek accommodations in Long Island or New Jersey, as little if any room for their accommodation in Manhattan could be found.

"One round of ammunition of the modern type for 20,000,000 men would cost $600,000. The rifles for such an army represent an outlay of approximately $260,000,000 more. In the course of a hotly contested battle a single soldier will explode 50 rounds of cartridges, so that if 20,000,000 men were engaged the exploded ammunition would represent a cost of from $15,000,000 to $30,000,000. The loss of armament by breakage, capture or otherwise in battle approximates 10 per cent, so that the expense incurred for this item alone in an ordinary engagement of 20,000,000 troops would be approximately $26,000,000."

FOR SALE

"HANOVER INN"

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

Pursuant to order of Court, dated August 10th, 1914, I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION

at the Court House door in Wilmington, New Hanover County, N. C., on **Tuesday, August 25th, 1914,** at 12 o'clock, Noon, to the highest bidder, for cash (subject to confirmation of the Court), all the right, title and interest of the Wrightsville Realty Company (sole owners) in and to that valuable HOTEL on WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, known as the HANOVER INN.

Third SEASON * * Completely furnished and equipped * * Excellent location * *
Private BATHING BEACH * * Over **250,000** people handled to the Beach last Season.

Property must be sold to settle estate of stockholder.

Private bids will be received until date of sale, subject to rejection of any and all bids.

A. B. VAN BUREN, ... RECEIVER

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

WEEKLY DRY GOODS MARKET.

Cotton Goods Very Irregular and Unsettled by War Conditions.

New York, August 22.—Cotton goods markets are very irregular and much unsettled by the combination of low-priced cotton and uncertainty in merchandising. Wide spring cloths are down in price a full 5-8c a yard from the value current a short time ago. On the other hand certain lines of heavy sheetings are unchanged in price and some lines of fine combed yarn cotton goods are higher by 1-8c to 3-4c a yard less than they were earlier in the year. Money conditions are bothering the trade in many directions. Export trade is at a standstill so far as shipments are concerned but small inquiries are now beginning to come forward. Sales are being hampered by poor financial conditions in foreign countries. The Western trade continues very steady while Southern trade is poor. Reports from industrial centers are very much mixed. The difficulty in getting dyestuffs is causing a feverish trade in some quarters as finishers are giving notice of an inability to get certain colors, and also of price advances for additional orders. Houses that are unhampered by financial strain are buying, while others are operating in the most careful way. Heavy colored goods are held fir mand late orders are being declined. Staple prints were placed at value during the week and only spot stocks are being offered in any quarter. Merchants as a rule are looking forward to a much larger business in cotton goods to come from home and foreign sources but for the moment trade is very uneven.

Prices quoted are as follows: Print cloths 28-inch 64x64s, 3 1-2; 64x60s, 3 3-8; 38 1-2-inch 64x64s, 4 1-2; 39-inch 68x72s, 5c; standard Southern sheetings, 7 3-4 and 8c; denims 9-ounce, 14c; tickings 8-ounce, 1-3c; standard prints, 5 1-4c; staple ginghams, 6 1-4c dress ginghams, 9 3-4c.

AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. LENDS ASSISTANCE TO MERCHANTS.

New Ruling Gives Customers Until October 25th to Discount Bills.

New York, Aug. 22.—President Percival S. Hill, of the American Tobacco Company, has sent the following notice to all the company's customers in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas:

"We have become aware of the embarrassment brought on the cotton growing sections by the European war, and the resulting inability to market cotton crops. We earnestly hope and believe that this embarrassment is temporary. We are earnestly anxious, though, to contribute, so far as we can, to the relief of it. On that account we will permit our customers in the States above mentioned to discount their bills, on account of purchases made hereafter, within ten days after October 15, 1914. This applies to all purchases of all our lines, and whether of drop shipments or stock shipments."

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Receipts, 25; exports, 3,145; stock, 49,565.

Galveston—Receipts, 978; stock, 36,702.

Mobile—Receipts, 4; stock, 2,261.

Savannah—Receipts, 16; stock, 1,249.

Wilmington—Stock, 7,758.

Norfolk—Stock, 14,095.

Baltimore—Stock, 2,337.

Boston—Middling, 11c.; stock, 4,100.

Philadelphia—Stock, 2,418.

New York—Stock, 94,571.

Minor Ports—Stock, 1,778.

Total today—Receipts, 1,192; exports, 3,145; stock, 224,017.

Total for week—Receipts, 1,192; exports, 3,145.

Total for season—Receipts, 10,441,488; exports, 8,880,543.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Receipts, 1,297; shipments, 1,063; stock, 28,422.

Memphis—Receipts, 40; shipments, 266; stock, 15,068.

Augusta—Middling, 9Z; receipts, 62; shipments, 255; stock, 9,207.

St. Louis—Receipts, 3; shipments, 93; stock, 14,260.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 44; shipments, 450; stock, 12,661.

Little Rock—Receipts, 0; shipments, 210; stock, 5,486.

Total today—Receipts, 1,456; shipments, 2,237; stock, 85,104.

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW.

Nothing New Developed in Situation During Past Seven Days.

New York, August 22.—Nothing new developed in the cotton situation today and aside from the adjustment of trades into December, which is progressing rapidly, interests have settled down to await the result of the conference in Washington Monday and the arrival late next week of the delegates from the Liverpool cotton exchange. Out of the visit of delegates much is expected in the way of straightening out the straddle complications between the two markets, but the reopening of the exchange is still uncertain. All crop and weather news at hand today was bearish and private advices intimated that good middling had sold for 8¼c. at interior Texas points.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, August 22.—Hogs, steady to a shade higher; bulk, 8.90@9.90; light, 8.85@9.30; mixed, 8.65@9.35; heavy, 8.50@9.25; rough, 8.50@8.65. Pigs, 7.00@8.70.

Cattle—Weak. Beeves, 6.75@10.60; steers, 6.30@9.40; stockers and feeders, 5.40@8.10; cows and heifers, 3.60@9.20; calves, 7.75@10.75.

Sheep—Slow and weak. Sheep, $5.10@6.10; yearlings, $6.00@7.00; lambs, $6.50@8.20.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, August 22.—Cotton seed oil was steadier, with reports of an improved domestic consuming demand and some inquiry from abroad, but the advance was checked by September liquidation. Closing prices, 3 to 13 points net higher. The market closed irregular. Spot, 6.70@7.00; August, 6.75@6.95; September, 6.30@6.60; October, 6.50@6.53; November, 6.38@6.67; December, 6.42@6.65; January, 6.45@6.48; February, 6.45@6.56; March, 6.50@6.60. Total sales, 6,900.

Lumina Concerts Today.

Popular concert afternoon 3:30. Special concert 8:30. Programme includes selections from "Bohemian Girl," "Folk Songs," "Sympathy," etc.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

ADVANCES SCORED IN WHEAT.

Another War-Time Flurry in All Chicago Markets—Corn Goes Up.

Chicago, August 22.—There was another war-time flurry, led by wheat, on the board of trade today, and advances were scored all along the line. The advance in wheat was violent and the close was at the top, 2½ to 3c. over yesterday.

Corn advanced ½ to 1¼c.; oats, ⅞ to 1¼, and provisions, 5 to 15c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—September, 99½; December, 1.04; May, 1.10⅞.

Corn—September, 74⅞; December, 70¾.

Oats—September, 45⅝; December, 47⅞.

Pork—September, 22.50; January, 21.55.

Lard — September, 10.07; October, 10.32; January, 10.67.

Ribs — September, 12.72; October, 12.25.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.01¼@1.03½; No. 2, hard, 99@1.01¼.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 83@83¼.

Oats—Standard, 45¼@46.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulbourn, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Quiet; 2.00 per barrel; per gallon, 9c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Nominal. 3.00 per barrel for soft; 3.00 per barrel for virgin; 2.00 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 38c.; rosin, firm, 3.60; tar, firm, 2.20-10c.; crude, firm, 3.00, 3.00, 5.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine 89

Rosin 68

Tar 4

Crude Turpentine 1

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 21 casks; rosin, 28 barrels; tar, 34 barrels; crude turpentine, 3 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market — Spot, middling, nominal; last year, nominal.

Receipts—(—) bales; same day last year, 200 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, 398,877 bales.

Total receipts same day last year, 317,857 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Aug. 22.

Atlantic Coast Line—1 cask spirits turpentine; 2 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

Annie B—18 casks spirits turpentine; 15 barrels rosin.

Thelma—7 casks spirits turpentine; 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Schr. Clarence H.—13 casks spirits turpentine; 51 barrels rosin.

Total—39 casks spirits turpentine; 68 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar; 1 barrel crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 22.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, $1.25 per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 8@9c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 20c., dull; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 12½@30c. per head. Very dull.

EGGS—20c.@21c. per doz.; good demand.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., July 27.

Spanish—Market Steady—Farmers' Spanish $1.10 per bushel.

Virginias—Firm—Jumbo 4c per lb. Fancy Hand Picked 3¾ to 4c per lb. Extra Prime 3½c to 3¾c per lb. Prime 3½c per lb. Machine Picked 3½c to 3¾c per lb.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C Aug. 22.—North Carolina Peanuts: Market weaker; receipts, light; fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 80c.

Virginias — Steady. Fancy hand picked, $1.00; No. 1, machine picked, 95c. per bushel.

Spanish—Weaker, $1.00 per bushel.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEED.

(Quotations of Saturday, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Patent Flour—$5.50 to $6.00.

Corn—Domestic, $1.10; Imported, $1.00 to $1.05.

Meal—96 lbs., $2.10 to $2.15.

Oats—53c. to 55c.

Middlings—$34.00 to $35.00.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $25.00; No. 1, Mixed, $24.00.

D. S. Sides—14½ to 14¾; Plates, 13c. to 13½c.

Lard—9c. to 9½c.

Coffee—11¼c. to 16c.

Rice—3¾c. to 6½c.

Sugar—Fluctuating. (Present cost in New York, 7¾c.)

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, August 22.—Cotton goods were quiet today, with print cloths easy. Fine goods were steady. Linens were very firm and tending higher with burlaps scare and firm. Knit goods are growing firmer. Men's wear for Fall was inactive, but prices were steady.

The Surf Bathing is Fine at Lumina. Take the family and spend the day. (advertisement.)

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

August 23, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 78 degrees; at 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 90 degrees; minimum, 73 degrees; mean, 82 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .02; rainfall for the month, to date, 7.05 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 1.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy Sunday and Monday; probably local thunder showers Sunday night or oMnday in west portion.

The Port Calendar, Aug. 23, 1914.

Sun rises ... ...5:39 A. M.

Sun sets ... ...6:50 P. M.

Day's length .. .. .. .13 hrs. 11 min.

The Tides.

	High Water. AM.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington .	11:02	11:34	6:15	6:30
Southport . . .	9:02	9:27	3:03	3:25
Masonboro Inl ..	8:51	9:16	2:43	3:05

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

August 22, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene. . .clear		88	68	.0
Asheville . pt cldy		88	64	.0
Atlanta. . . clear		90	72	.0
Augusta . pt cldy		88	72	.10
Birmingh. pt cldy		88	72	.0
Boston . . .clear		82	66	.01
Charleston pt cldy		88	76	.0
Charlotte . .clear		90	70	.0
Chicago . .pt cldy		88	70	.0
Galveston .pt cldy		84	76	.96
Jacksonv .pt cldy		90	74	.0
Memphis . .clear		92	76	.0
Mobile . .pt cldy		88	74	.0
Montgom'y pt cldy		92	72	.0
New Orl. . cldy		90	76	.0
New York . clear		84	66	.0
Oklahoma . clear		96	72	.0
Palestine . .cldy		88	72	.02
Pittsburg . .cldy		82	60	.0
Raleigh . . clear		88	72	.0
Savannah . .cldy		92	72	.24
Shreveport . .cldy		90	72	.08
St. Louis . .clear		92	72	.0
Washing'n .clear		86	68	.0

CONDITION OF CLEARING HOUSES.

New York, August 22.—The statement of the average condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that the cash reserve decreased $5,272,350, leaving a deficit of $42,719,900 below the legal requirements.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, August 22.—Mercantile paper, 6½@7; sterling exchange, nominal; for cables, $5.05; for demand, $5.0250. Bar silver, 56. Exchanges, $157,632,631; balances, $7,355,002. For the week, $985,198,531; balances, for the week, $56,219,953.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, August 22.—Turpentine, nominal, 45½; no sales; receipts, 3.84; shipments, 68; stocks, 28,511.

Rosin—Nominal; no sales. Receipts, 1,065; shipments, 753; stocks, 119,226. Quote: A, B, 3.50; C, D, 3.52½; E, F, G, H, I, 3.55; K, 4.15; M, 4.50; N, 6.00; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.36.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, August 22. — There was considerably more inquiry for spot cotton today, but the sales were not announced. Prices were unchanged on the basis of 6.20d. for middling. Receipts, 1,474 bales, all American.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 22.—Sugar—Holiday.

Butter—Firm.

Cheese—Steady.

PURE WATER IN FIELD BY ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

New Sterilizing Device to Rout Typhoid, Worst Foe of Soldiers.

(New York Sun.)

Both the Austrian and the French armies now engaged in the great conflict of nations in Europe have special devices for sterilizing the water that the soldiers use. The device is of unusual interest, for it enables the soldiers to get fresh, absolutely pure water in their campaigns without any danger of infection from typhoid, cholera and dysentary.

The sterilization of the water is done by ultra violet rays and the device is made by the R. U. V. Company, 50 Broad street, the French branch of which has supplied the machines not only to the French and Austrian armies, but has also installed the device in Luneville, France, which has been the scene of German-French hostilities in the last few days.

In Luneville typhoid has been eliminated entirely in the last few months and the reports of the medical officers of both the French and the Austrian armies show that the scheme has been effective.

It was learned yesterday that about two months ago Austria ordered 20 more sterilizers for use by its army, and while some of them were delivered it is regarded as likely that the remainder will be seized by the French Government for its own army. It was learned also that the Austrian and the French soldiers were compelled to go through a special drill, by which they learned to fill their canteens quickly at the sterilizer.

Scientists say that the experiments have proved that the rays kill the germs in the water. They point out that the system is cheap and more effective than boiling water.

The sterilizer is worked by a dynamo and the power for the pump is created by a small gasoline engine. The sterilizers used in th earmy may all be packed into a vehicle about the size of an ambulance. Such a device supplies 130 gallons an hour. Of course, much larger sterilizers are built for use in towns and cities and much larger apparatus could be handled effectively by armies. The R. U. V. system, however, has been perfected only a short time and its adoption by the two armies has been comparatively recent.

If the water is muddy or contains much suspended matter it is usually filtered.

Lumina Concerts Today.

Popular concert afternoon 3:30. Special concert 8:30. Programme includes selections from "Bohemian Girl," "Folk Songs," "Sympathy," etc.—Advertisement.

MUSICAL ARTISTS ARE MAROONED BY THE WAR.

Notable Opera Figures Will See Service in Army.

(New York Times.)

Most of the foreign and American musical personages under contract to ap pear in this country during the coming season are now in Europe, and a large number of them are within the war zone itself.

Andreas Dippel, formerly of the Metropolitan Grand Opera Company and the Chicago Opera Company, who planned the coming season to give a season of light opera in New York, is reported in the Musical Courier as having been drafted into the service of Austria-Hungary. Mr. Dippel was in Carlsbad when Franz Josef called his subjects to arms. Fritz Kreisler, the violinist, it is announced, has also entered the service of Franz Josef. Otto Goritz, the Metropolitan baritone, has cabled to friends in New York to sublet the apartment that he had leased here for the opera season, as he is going to the front with the German armies.

Other musical notables at present abroad include Giulio Gatti-Casazza, director of the Metropolitan ,and his wife, Frances Alda; Mary Garden, Enrico Caruso, Geraldine Farrar, Frank Damrosch, Charles Daimores, Mme. Gadski, Frieds Hempel, Alfred Hertz, and Henry Russell, the director of the Boston Opera Company. It is also said that about two-thirds of the members of the Boston Symphony Orchestra are at present in Europe, and that the same, perhaps to a lesser degree, is true of other great musical organizations in this country.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1912, by D. R. Foster and wife, Anna S. Foster, to A. D. Wessell, which said mortgage deed is duly recorded in Book 69, page 178, in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county; and,

Whereas, By virtue of an agreement executed between D. R. Foster and B. F. King, Jr., which bears date the 16th of July, A. D. 1912, which agreement is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County; and it appearing in said agreement that the said D. R. Foster is holding said property for himself and as Trustee for B. F. King, Jr., under said agreement; and,

Whereas, Default having been made in the payment of the said amount contained in said mortgage above referred to, the undersigned mortgagee will, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1914, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court House door of New Hanover county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Front street one hundred and thirty-nine (139) feet south of the southern line of Dock street, and runs thence southwardly with the eastern line of Front street, ninety-two (92) feet; thence eastwardly and parallel with Dock street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet; thence northwardly and parallel with Front street forty-two (42) feet and ten (10) inches; thence northwestwardly fourteen (14) feet, to Blake's corner; thence northwardly and parallel with Front street forty-eight (48) feet, more or less, to the line of E. M. Bellamy; thence westwardly and parallel with Dock street thirty-six (36) feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Front street six (6) feet; thence westwardly and sixteen feet (116) to the eastern line of Front street, the point of beginning. Being part of lots Three and Four in Block 138, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington. Together with all the rights and privileges in and to a certain brick wall on the northern boundary of said premises above described, which were conveyed by John D. Bellamy and wife to A. D. Wessell by deed dated 6th day of November, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County.

Said sale to be made subject to an outstanding easement and right of ingress and egress in, upon and over a strip of land at the southeastern corner of the above described tract, being a strip of land ten feet wide extending between parallel lines from the southeastern corner of the above described tract to A. E. Blake's line.

Place of sale: The Court House door of New Hanover county.

Time of sale: August 25th, 1914, at 12 o'clock M.

Terms of sale: Cash.

Dated and posted this, the 23rd day of July, 1914.

A. D. WESSELL, Mortgagee.

By W. P. M. Turner, Attorney

jy23 to au25 inc.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by Walter H. Swanson and wife to the undersigned, said mortgage bearing date September 6th, 1912, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, North Carolina, in Book No. 69, at page 299, default having been made thereunder, the undersigned will, on Thursday, the 24th day of September, 1914, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover, aforesaid, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land, lying, being and situate in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the Western line of Twelfth street 199 feet South from its intersection with the Southern line of Dawson Street, and running thence Southwardly along said line of Twelfth Street 33 feet, thence West, parallel with Dawson Street, 165 feet; thence North, parallel with Twelfth Street, 33 feet, and thence East, parallel with Dawson Street, 165 feet, to the beginning, the same being a part of lot 4, in block No. 41, according to the official plan of said city.

This the 22nd day of August, 1914.

MARSDEN BELLAMY, Mortgagee.

au231su4t

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South

Lv. WILMINGTON Daily	3.45 P. M.
Ar. FLORENCE	7.30 P. M.
Lv. FLORENCE	7.55 P. M.
Ar. AUGUSTA	1.40 A. M.
Ar. ATLANTA	6.00 A. M.

Passengers by this route destined to points beyond Atlanta, have the advantage of an earlier arrival, thereby making certain WESTERN CONNECTIONS, and those for Atlanta proper may remain in sleeper until 7:00 A. M.

PHONE 160

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ASHEVILLE

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS ON ALL TRAINS.	NO. 51 DAILY.	No. 55 DAILY.	Excursion Fares from Wilmington
Lv. Wilmington, N. C., A. C. Line..	5:25 A.M.	3:45 P.M.	.....
Ar. Columbia, S. C.....	12:50 P.M.	10:50 P.M.	.....
Lv. Columbia, S. C., Southern Ry..	1:00 P.M.	11:50 P.M.	.....
Ar. Spartanburg, S. C., Southern Ry	4:10 P.M.	3:45 A.M.	$12.15
Ar. Tryon, N. C., Southern Ry	5:20 P.M.	4:50 A.M.	13.75
Ar. Saluda, N. C., Southern Ry . ..	6:00 P.M.	5:20 A.M.	14.15
Ar. Flat Rock, N. C., Southern Ry..	6:15 P.M.	5:38 A.M.	14.65
Ar. Hendersonville, N. C., So. Ry..	6:30 P.M.	5:50 A.M.	14.70
Ar. Biltmore, N. C., Southern Ry ..	7:15 P.M.	6:45 A.M.	15.15
Ar. Asheville, N. C., Southern Ry..	7:30 P.M.	7:00 A.M.	15.15
Ar. Waynesville, N. C., So. Ry	9:20 P.M.	10:00 A.M.	16.10
	7:41 P.M.		
Lv. Hendersonville, N. C., So. Ry..		10:05 A.M.	14.70
Ar. Brevard, N. C., Southern Ry . .	6:40 P.M.	11:19 A.M.	15.15
Ar. Lake Toxaway, N. C., So. Ry...	8:45 P.M.	12:20 P.M.	15.75

The excursion fares are in effect every day until September 30th, good to stop over and limited to return until October 31st, 1914.

Excursion fares are in effect to many other mountain, lake seashore pleasure and health resorts

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South.
'PHONE 160.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

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BLOCKS ON BILL

w on the Senate

o Amendments rything Un- But Could non.

22.—Canned passage through for the estab- ntal inspection posits in cotton

Senator Hoke he bill, accepted the same privil- aval stores ware- of Maryland, had recognize State systems. Then gon, proposed that nned salmon. He pean war had de- distressing condi- mon as for cotton, ne. ggested there was uding Boston baked Martine spoke of the g the apple jack y. Senator Gronna to grain and flax- proceeded the bare gan to dwindle. Af- alls Vice President t a quorum could not with the bill still lared the Senate in ky.

ss Locals

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RENT—THAT SPLENDID NEW story house, Wrightsville Turn- Carolina Place, near Metts ave- and car line, seven rooms, $27.50; 8 room house Woolcott avenue, Turnpike, $30; immediate pos- ion, and others. Telephone 332, W. Moore, Real Estate Agent. au23-1t

RENT—OCTOBER 1st, 425 SOUTH ird street, 7 rooms, new apart- nt, 103-105 North Seventh, 819 estnut, 8 rooms; 314 Campbell, 7 oms. Consult our list. L. W. oore, Real Estate, 123 Princess reet. au23-1t

A RENT — OCTOBER 1ST, A NEW o-date seven room apartment on outh Fifth street. All the comforts f a modern home. Lot 165 feet deep. easonable terms. W. G. Whitehead. Phone 229-J and 408-J. au23-1t

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FOR RENT—UPSTAIRS OVER STORE 113 Market street, containing 17 rooms, recently remodeled. Apply to C. H. Fore. au23-1t

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FOR SALE — HOUSE IN SOUTHPORT, N. C., or will trade for city prop- erty. If interested, call 206 N. Seventh street, or 'phone 1289. au23-1t*

WANTED—STENOGRAPHIC POSITION by young lady of several years' ex- perience. Best of references. "XY" care Star. au 23-2t

ROOM FOR RENT—FURNISHED, with hot and cold water. Phone 1047-J. au23-1t.

SWITCHES MADE FROM COMBINGS, $1; work done on short notice. Mrs. Sykes, 120 South Ninth street. au 23-1t.

FOR SALE—DRESSER AND WASH- stand. In good condition. Dresser particularly suitable for gentlemen. Apply 307 North Fifth street. au23-1t.

$1,500.00 BUYS A CORNER PROPER- ty that rents for $24.00 a month. Owner forced to sell at sacrifice. See us early Monday morning for this bargain. James & James, Inc., Insur- ance and Real Sstate, Southern Bldg., phone 163. au23-1t.

CAROLINA HEIGHTS HOME FOR sale for less than $3,600.00; good size lot, six rooms; can arrange good loan. James & James, Inc., South- ern Bldg., phone 163. au23-1t.

MODERN HOME ON MARKET STREET for less than cost; house has ten rooms; two baths; good size lot. James & James, Inc., Insurance and Real Estate. Phone 163. au23-1t.

ATTRACTIVE BUNGALOW ON SOUTH Fourth street for sale; price very reasonable. Can arrange good loan. See James & James, Inc., phone 163, Southern Bldg. au23-1t.

FOR SALE—FOUR VERY DESIRA- ble lots at Carolina Place. Prices on these lots are reasonable. If in- terested, Phone 145. W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple. au 23-1t.

FOR SALE—A NICE LARGE LOT AT Carolina Heights on Market street, and another nice lot facing Princess street. For price, phone 145, W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Insurance. au 23-1t

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE lot at Carolina Court, fine location and the price is attractive. Phone 145. W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and In- surance. au 23-1t

FOR SALE—LARGE TRACT OF LAND with splendid cypress timber and plenty of it, situated only few miles from Teacheys, N. C., on Cypress Creek. Write or 'phone for price, W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Farm Lands. au 23-1t

FOR SALE—ONE FOUR ROOM house and a five-room house in southern part of city. This proper- ty must be sold quick. See W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple Bldg. au 23-1t.

DESIRABLE HOMES FOR RENT— October 1st. 508 Market street; 520 Dock street; 214 Nun street; 319 South Fifth street; 11 North Seventh street; 415 Campbell street, and oth- ers. Every day. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au 23-1t.

FOR RESULTS WITH RENTING AND selling property list with James Owen Reilly. Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au 23-1t.

OUR'S IS THE PLACE TO BUY LUM- ber on a hot day, for we've a cool, shady office and plenty of time to help you figure out the way to make your money buy the most. Clark- Lynch Lumber Co. au23-1t

WORK FOR YOURSELF, MAKE MO- ney operating vending machines; full line, pennies count; small in- vestment, large profits. Spare time, outdoor work. Perfection Automatic Machine Co., Easton, Pa. au23-1t*

COLORED MAN OR WOMAN UNDER 50 wanted. No experience needed. $100 a month. Write quick. Box A- 409, Cincinnati, Ohio. au23-1t*

TO RENT — A NICELY FURNISHED room with electric lights, use of 'phone and bath (hot and cold). Price $8. 209 South Second street. au23-1t*

WANTED — SALESMEN TO HANDLE the finest line of advertising signs, calendars, fans and novelties on the market. Good money. Commission ba- sis. Best of references required. Write today for full particulars. Ma- hon Novelty Co., Kenton, Ohio. au23-su2t*

WANTED — SALESMEN TO HANDLE our extensive line of metal, paraffin- ed cardboard, folded-edge fibre and other signs, calendars, fans and nov- elties. The best line on the market. Commission basis. References re- quired. Write today. The Scioto Sign Co., Kenton, Ohio. au23su2t*

HERE ARE SOME ARTICLES THAT might be made of Beaver Board: Shirtwaist box, telephone pad, doll house, music stand, incubator, fire- less cooker, reading stand, waste bas- ket, tabouret, magazine cabinet, mats for dishes, card table, movable par- tition, umbrella stand, wardrobe, photo mounts, sewing table and lap board. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. au23t1t

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY — MER- chandise business which will invoice about $1,600, for sale. Take in about $300 weekly. Located in mountains of Western North Carolina. Sell mostly for cash. Have fine weekly accounts. Other business connected therewith which pays about $25 per month and requires no investment and very little time. Address "Mer- chandise," care Star. au23-1t*

WHEN YOU WANT A DETECTIVE, write or wire the Tar Heel Detective Agency, High Point, N. C. Box 544. au23-su4t*

A YOUNG MAN WITH MODERATE FI- nancial backing can absolutely con- trol Wilmington and vicinity for the sale of an automobile accessory which is a proved success and fast seller in every section where agen- cies are now established. Moderate priced, applied to any car in five min- utes. Widely advertised in national magazines and the trade papers. Ad- dress, giving qualifications, Suite 903, U. S. Rubber Bldg., 1790 Broadway, New York. au23-1t

A SMALL PURSE CAN BUILD A BIG house, these days, if proper care is used in the selection of your material and style of house. Consult us. Clark- Lynch Lumber Co. au23-1t

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, A FINE upright piano used about two months, for a Ford Runabout automobile. Ad- dress Lock Box 48, Tabor, N. C. au23-3t

FOR SALE — ONE STEAM HEATING plant for house or cottage. This is a genuine Williams, and the first $50 gets it. Wilmington Iron Works. au23-1t

FOR SALE — ONE NEW AIR TIGHT tank for private water works. Also pumps and engines for same. Call and you will be surprised at the ex- tremely low price we are offering this for. Wilmington Iron Works. au23-1t

WHY EMBARRASS NEXT GENERA- tion by building your family home of material that can't be changed to suit the architecture then in vogue? Better think this over and then let us show you how easy and cheap it is to remodel a house built of lum- ber. Come in any time. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. au23 1t

SALESMAN FOR GENERAL MERCAN- tile trade in North Carolina, to sell a new proposition of merit. Vacancy Sept. 1st. Attractive commission contract; $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., Wholesale Jew- elers, 198-34 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. au23-1t*

SALESMEN — WE DESIRE A FORCE- ful and aggressive salesman for a high class calendar, leather and nov- elty line to represent us in Wilming- ton; also for several counties in North Carolina. Will consider ap- plications only from men of reliable character and real selling ability. Thos. J. Beckman Co., 827 Filbert street, Philadelphia, Pa. au23-su3t

HOBOS WORKING ONE END OF THE street, me the other. Just wait a few days longer and we will give it all up to them. We thank those who have been loyal to Wilmington, to themselves and to us, but the other kind are in such a large majority that we deem our time wasted to have our shop here. Southern Sign Shop. au23-1t*

WANTED — CIGAR SALESMAN TO sell cigars, cigarettes and tobacco to dealers, $100 per month; $5 per day traveling expenses. Amber Tobacco Co., Boston, Mass. au23-1t*

STORES FOR RENT — 11 PRINCESS, corner Water and Grace; No. 8 Grace, 4 Dock street; old Worth and Worth building and others. Ask L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. au23-1t

FIFTH STREET RESIDENCE, NEAR Nun, for sale at special bargain. Nine rooms; can arrange terms. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess st. au23-1t

$100 CASH, BALANCE EASY TERMS, buys new four room cottage, renting $8 per month. Ask Moore's Real Es- tate Agency, for particulars. 123 Princess street. au23-1t

FOR SALE — MR. C. R. MASON'S 67- acre farm and residence, Middle Sound. No prettier bluff and good land. 10 room house with four ten- ant houses. Barn, stables, etc. Let Moore's Real Estate Agency show you this attractive location. Tele- phone 332. 123 Princess st. au23-1t

$18.00 PER ACRE BUYS 125 ACRE tract land 3 miles Wrightsboro, with three room house. Barn, stables, fruit trees, grape vines, with 20 acres cleared. Balance heavily timbered. No better land in county. Clay sub- soil. Third cash, balance easy terms. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. au23-1t

FOR RENT — 418 QUEEN, SEVEN rooms, 1614 Market, five rooms; 11 South 13th, 5 rooms; 106 Meares, 5 rooms; 216 Campbell, 6 rooms. Look over our list. L. W. Moore, Real Es- tate. au23-1t

FOR RENT — SPLENDID UPPER apartment, 814 Princess, 8 rooms, $30; 118 and 120 North Tenth, 6 rooms, splendid shape, $17.50 each; 607 Queen, seven rooms, modern, $15; 410 Queen, 7 rooms, $20; 309 Nun, 9 rooms, $37.50. See our list. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess st. au23-1t

FOR SALE — NO. 209 CHESTNUT ST.; nine-room house, lot 33x66 feet; price reasonable; terms good. A good home or investment, as values are sure to increase by reason of the rapid business activity in this sec- tion. For full particulars, apply to Wilder & Metts, Agents. au23-1t

FOR SALE — FOURTEEN PER CENT. investment in Brooklyn's best rent- ing property. Apply to Wilder & Metts, Agents. au23-1t

FOR SALE — TWO HOUSES IN Meares street between Third and Fourth; good condition; situated on deep lots. This property will pay 12 per cent. on money invested. See Wilder & Metts, Agents. au23-1t

FOR SALE — DESIRABLE STORE and house combined, located in Southern part of city. Will sell cheap; owner must wind up affairs before Sept. 10th. Apply to Wilder & Metts, Agents. au23-1t

FOR SALE — DESIRABLE LOT ON Wrightsville Turnpike (Carolina Court) owner leaving town and wants cost. See Wilder & Metts, Agents. au23-1t

FOR SALE — TWO TWELVE-ACRE farms, located one mile out of Win- ter Park, Masonboro Road. Price $50 per acre; one-fourth cash, bal- ance one and two years. See Wilder & Metts, Agents. au23-1t

APPLES, POTATOES, ONIONS AND fresh limes. Consigned and must be sold. W. J. Kirkham Pro. Co. 'Phone 418-J. au22-1t*

"THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME" — Autumn, Winter, or any other season we are always at your command. Just 'Phone 29, and let us call for your bundle. Wilmington Steam Laundry, 202 S. Front street. au23-1t

ALWAYS ON THE JOB — OUR WORK, our equipment, our service, is "right up to now." Let us convince you that our way is the right way. 'Phone 29. Wilmington Steam Laundry, 202 S. Front street. au23-1t

$10 DOWN, $10 PER MONTH, BUYS lot 66x330, Winter Park. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess st. au23-1t

CAROLINA B. & L. ASSOCIATION will open new series October 3rd. Can subscribe for stock any time at Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess street. E. T. Taylor, presi- dent; L. W. Moore, secretary; J. O. Carr, attorney. au23-1t

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au23-tf

WANTED — FLAT TOP AND ROLLER top desk. Must be in good condition. "A. H. A.," Box 997. au23-3t

THE KITTY COTTAGE, WRIGHTS- ville Beach, will remain open during the month of September. Special rates by the week or for week-end parties. 'Phone 7603, or write Kitty Cottage, Station No. 1. au23,25,27-3t

ROOMS FOR RENT — READY FUR- nished for light housekeeping; also rooms with or without board. 225 Market street. 'Phone 819-W. au23-1t*

WANTED — 500 PALM BEACH SUITS to be scoured and pressed for 50c. each. American Practical Hatter and Tailor, 128 Market street. 'Phone 418-W. au23--1t*

$25.00 REWARD TO ANY PERSON who can prove we do not scour and press Palm Beach suits for 50c. Am- erican Practical Hatter and Tailor, 128 Market street. 'Phone 418-W. au23-1t*

FOR RENT — FROM OCTOBER 1ST, house 111 Walnut street. Seven rooms, modern conveniences, includ- ing electric lights. Apply W. C. Pe- terson, at Peterson & Rulfs'. au23-su,tu,th-3t

FOR SALE — ONE BABY CARRIAGE and one baby cart. Either or both at a bargain. 'Phone 1075-W. au23-1t

FRESH CUT FLOWERS—FINE AS- ters, assorted colors, 40 cents per dozen called for, 50 cents delivered. Artistic funeral designs. 416 So. Second street; 'Phone 779-W. au23-1t*

YOUNG COUPLE DESIRE ROOM AND board in a quiet, refined family, who take no other boarders. Address "R. R. C.," care Star. au23-1t*

PRINTING PRESS FOR SALE, SIZE 6x9, with complete equipment for job work. In excellent condition and will make good terms. Apply to R. D. Christman, with Wilmington Stamp & Printing Co. au23-1t*

FOR RENT — FROM OCTOBER 1ST, three story brick store, No. 18 South Front. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au23-1t

FOR RENT — POSSESSION AT ONCE, 14 South Ninth, newly painted and papered; modern, seven rooms; $25. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au23-1t

FOR RENT— POSSESSION AT ONCE, 414 Nun; modern, eight rooms, new- ly papered and painted. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au23-1t

FOR RENT — APARTMENT IN CAPE Fear, South Third street; best resi- dence section. Heat, water and jani- tor service included in rent. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au23-1t

WAR TIME BARGAIN — 1913 6-CYL- inder Chalmers automobile, slightly used and in perfect running order. Will sell at a sacrifice. "H. D. G.," Box 982, Wilmington, N. C. au23-3t*

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED. No canvassing or soliciting required. Good income assured. Address Na- tional Co-Operative Realty Co., v- 744, Marden Building, Washington, D. C. jy5,su-9t*

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMEN. Side line or exclusive, to sell 26-piece cutlery set for premium purposes or for straight sale. Easily sold. 20 per cent. commission weekly. This is a money getter. National Importing Co., Department C, St. Louis, Mo. au16,23,30-3t

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. jy17-w,su-tf

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH—STATION 6, Temple Cottage; best of service for transient or regular guests, families and house parties. Rates most rea- sonable. Phone 7500 or write M. T. Edgerton, Prop. au12-we, fri, su-9t

FOR RENT — THAT MODERN AND splendid brick apartment, 709 Prin- cess street; possession Oct. 1st. Warm air heat, tile bath room; hard wood floors; 9 rooms. Telephone 883-J. See H. E. Bonitz. au21,23,25-3t

FOR SALE — AT ONCE, CHEAP, EN- tire household and kitchen furniture, new and in splendid condition. Par- ties breaking up on account of ill health. Call at 309 South Second st. au21,23-2t

FOR SALE — ONE FIVE PASSENGER Maxwell touring car in good condi- tion; will exchange for any kind of live stock or real estate. Address P. O. Box 16, City. au22-2t*

YOUNG MARRIED MAN WANTS PO- sition. Not afraid of work. Can give first class references; also bond if necessary. Address "A. B. C.," care Star. au22-2t*

FOR SALE — GASOLINE TRAM EN- gine, 12 horsepower; also two lumber trucks. All in good condition. Will sell at a bargain. Address "Engine," care Star. au20-7t*

WANTED — STUDENTS TO LEARN telegraphy. Positions guaranteed. Big demand; only short time requir- ed. Expert management. Terms rea- sonable. Board cheap. Charlotte Telegraphy School, Charlotte, N. C. au22-6t*

NOTICE — TO HAVE A PLEASANT, smiling face, you must eat pure food. The only way you can keep yours, by getting your food, groceries, deli- catessen, vegetables, etc., at May Bros.' Delicatessen, 180 Market st.; 'phone 1322. au21-7t

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent; light, airy and attractive; in private residence, newly painted and papered throughout, on Second street between Chestnut and Walnut. Rent reasonable. Address "P. Q. R.," care Star. au21-tf

NICE, COOL, NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, with board. All conveniences. No. 71-2 South Second street; 'phone 1116-J. au21-7t

FOR SALE—PRINTER'S IMPOSING stone, several type cases and other printing material displaced by new equipment. Address Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C. je30-tf

FOR RENT — RESIDENCE 218 SOUTH 2nd street, seven rooms, bath room and pantry. Possession at once. Ap- ply to H. L. Fentress, 621 N. 4th st. 'Phone 228-J. au21-tf

FOR RENT — TWO FRONT OFFICES on second floor in Peterson & Rulfs' building. Possession October 1st. Apply at Peterson & Rulfs'. au21-3t

ANNOUNCEMENT—THE DuBOIS LAB- oratory is now located at 202 North Front street, third floor front, in con- siderably enlarged quarters. A new department has been opened for Urine Analysis exclusively, this being in addition to the regular Industrial de- partment. For the opening, and as a means of getting better acquainted with the public, a $5.00 urine analysis will be made for only $1.00 until fur- ther notice. Consultation free. Lab- oratory open from 8:00 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. au20-7t*

FOR RENT—BUILDING AND BASE- ment annex formerly occupied by Morning Star office. Twenty-two feet front by 60 feet depth; three floors. Possession given at once. Apply to J. H. Hinton, or at Morn- ing Star office, 109 Chestnut street. ap5-tf

NATIVE BEEF, NATIVE BEEF, NA- tive beef. Nice dressed chickens. Choice beef, veal, lamb and pork. All kinds of vegetables, fruits and fancy groceries. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; 'Phone 72. au22-tf

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS BLACK- smith, familiar with saw mill work. State pay you will expect. Address Whiteville Lumber Co., Whiteville, N. C. au18-7t

WANTED — YOUNG LADY TO SELL dress goods to friends and acquaint- ances. Excellent opportunity. Write for samples. Box 340, Altavista, Va. au18-7t

BUTTER—PROTECT YOUR HEALTH by purchasing "Catawba Gem" But- ter, packed in sanitary cartons con- taining one pound. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-tf

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND LOT, 107 South 7th street. New and modern. For a quick sale, $3,500.00. See M. C. Darby & Co., Sole Agents. au20-tf

WANTED— TO BUY A VICTROLA Cheap. State price. "M. L." care Star. au19-tf

OLD PAPERS—A LIMITED NUMBER of old newspapers suitable for wrap- ping or placing under carpets or matting, for sale at five cents per hundred. Apply at Star office.

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 642, or call No. 6, South Front St. au13-tf

EGGS—WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO supply the grocers with the "Ridge- field Brand Guaranteed Eggs," put up in cartons. Your dealer is auth- orized to give you twelve perfect eggs for a dozen. Order by name. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES RE- paired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

FRONT ROOM FOR RENT — FUR- nished; southwest exposure; one block from post office. Gentlemen preferred. Call at 216 North Second street; 'Phone 773. au2-tf

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co., has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. jy23-tr

STORAGE! STORAGE!! WE HAVE storage for anything and everything you want in brick building, con- crete floor, on belt line, until Octo- ber 1st only. Rates, reasonable. Ad- dress STORAGE, Morning Star, City. jy16-tf

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SECURITY
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SERVICE
WILMINGTON N.C.

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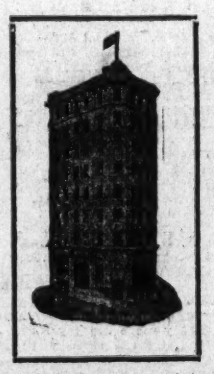

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Poverty, in most cases, is one's own fault. Start a savings account with this strong bank, add to it regularly and become independent.

We pay 4% Compound Interest every three months.

We act as Trustee, Guardian, Executor, Administrator and Fiscal Agents.

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent, $1.50 a year and up.

MILTON CALDER, President.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT!
Let Us Furnish Your Office.
We carry a full line of Wood and Steel Desks, Filing Cabinets, Card Index Cabinets, Typewriters, Dictaphones, Adding Machines, Mimeographs and Neostyles.
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Sole Agent for the Royal Typewriter, the Wales Adding Machine, and Columbia Dictaphone
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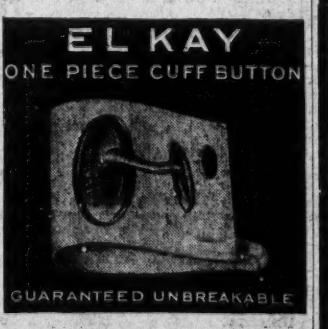

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105 Market Street.

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W. G. FOUNTAIN
Five-Passengers cars $2.00 per hour. Large Cars, $2.50 per hour. Hack calls up to five passengers, $1.00 Good new cars. Day or night. Phone 741. No. 5 N. Third St.
W. G. FOUNTAIN.

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47 kegs 5d wire nails.
18 kegs 6d Wire Nails.
78 crates No. 2 Ax Handles.
106M Paper Bags.
69 Rolls Wrapping Paper.
63 Eagle Paper Cutters.
93 doz Daylight Burners.
17 Cases Toilet Soap.
43 Cases Argo Starch.
427 doz. Assorted Staple Drugs.
You can have above without paying war prices.
W. B. COOPER
Wilmington, N. C.

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OPEN
DAY AND NIGHT
209 North Front Street

Business Men's Lunch 15c
Breakfast 25c
Dinner 25c
Supper 25c

The Cleanest and Most Sanitary Place in the City, at Low Prices.
All White Help.
We Invite Your Inspection of Our Kitchen. The Most Up-to-Date Cafe in Wilmington.

FRUIT JARS
Fruit Jars, all sizes enough for every body and at prices to suit the times
J. W. BROOKS
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